INTERNATIONAL

Herald Tribune

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WEATHER — PARIS: Cloudy, occasional rain showers. Temp. 6.—1 (43-30). LONDON: Cloudy. Yesterday's temp. 37-34 (3-1). AMSTERDAM: Cloudy. Temp. 43-34 (6-1). Tomorrow: Change. Yesterday's temp. 39-34 (4-3). FRANKFURT: Moderate. ROME: Occasional rain. Temp. 61 (12-10). NEW YORK: Sunny. Temp. Yesterday's temp. 36-35 (13-2).
NATIONAL WEATHER — PAGE 2

Austria ..... 6 S | Libya ..... 9 Piast.
Belgium ..... 10 B.F. | Luxembourg ... 10 L.Fr.
Denmark .... 1.75 D.Kr. | Morocco ..... 1.20 Dh.
France ..... 1.00 Fr. | Netherlands .. 0.85 Fler.
Egypt ..... 12 P.T. | Nigeria 2/6
Germany ..... 0.75 D.M | Norway ..... 1.75 N.Kr.
Great Britain ..... 1/6 | Portugal ..... 6 Esc.
Greece ..... 8 Drs. | Spain ..... 15 Ptas.
Iran ..... 20 Rials | Sweden ..... 1.50 S.Kr.
Ireland ..... 1/9 | Switzerland .. 1.00 S.Fr.
Italy ..... 130 Lire | Turkey ..... 2.50 T.L.
Israel ..... I.£1.00 | U.S. Military $0.15
Lebanon ..... 75 P. | Yugoslavia ..... 3.00 D.

019 * * PARIS, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1969 Established 1887

Czech Deputies Are Ousted Broad Purge of Liberals

Nov. 26 (NYT).—Sixty-ties in the 200-member ational Council (parlia-t their seats today in a purge of liberal elements. uncil's chairman, Cestmir had strongly backed last successful drive for more y, was replaced by a mem-ruling Communist party Evzen Erban.

was described as a som-ing of the council in r. Cisar engaged in self-He told the council: "I hare of responsibility for comings and mistakes and e you to believe that they ccur out of ill will."

sar exhorted the council r state and federal bodies the necessary conclusions" t errors and paid tribute ration and alliance with t Union and the entire community."

ar, who in recent months y and publicly voiced sup-the present pro-Moscow dership, remains a mem-e National Council, one of ovakia's two legislatures. ccessor as council chair-Erban, is a backer of the ist party chief, Gustav n the 11-man presidium. a-conservative faction in dium is led by Vasil Bilak. ow Mr. Erban has headed onal Front, a Communist-d catch-all organization. of the 62 deputies ousted re formally expelled. They such noted liberals as Ota economist who was a vice-last year and now is living in Switzerland, and Eduard ker, a professor at Charles ty in Prague and former the Czech writers' union, now on leave of absence and.

emaining 53 deputies were to resign. The legislature itself back to full strength ng 62 new members. Among re such pro-Soviet figures ech Education Minister r Hrbek and Jiri Hajek and Valenta, the editors-in-chief e Communist party's two ical magazines, Tvorba and Strany.

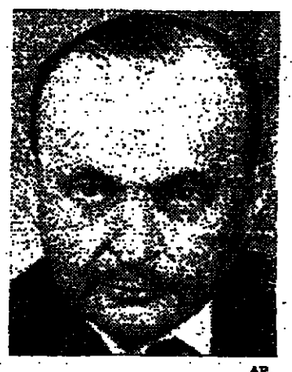
imilar purge is expected to shake up the 150-mem-wak legislature.

country's federal assembly roughly "reconstructed" by party warned today against hard-line extremism in Czechoslovakia and called for the eventual withdrawal of all Soviet troops from that country.

The move by the small Austrian party followed a denunciation in the Hungarian Communist party press last week of "rough, terroristic and inhuman methods" used by Czechoslovakian ultra-conservatives.

According to reports circulating in Eastern Europe, even the conservative East German Communist party chief, Walter Ulbricht, has recently expressed concern over extremist tendencies in Czechoslovakia. He is said to have made this point in a confidential circular to party functionaries.

The Austrian Communist criticisms of developments in neighboring Czechoslovakia were contained in a report by Franz Muhri, the party chief, at a special meeting of the Central Committee.



AP.

Evzen Erban, new chairman of the Czech National Council.

the ouster of many liberals last month.

Meanwhile, Austria's Communist

. . . And in Italy Reds Suspend Three Leaders of Left Wing

By Louis B. Fleming

ROME, Nov. 26.—The Italian Communist party today suspended from membership three leaders of the new left who have been challenging party leadership through a new monthly journal, Il Manifesto.

Action of the party Central Committee was believed to have been in response to strong pressure from the Soviet Union as well as growing controversy within the Italian party itself.

It was an action of some embarrassment for the Italian party, which has openly advocated the principle of "unity through diversity" set forth by the late Palmiro Togliatti when he was head of the party.

The party applied this principle in criticising the Soviet invasion of Czechoslovakia in August, 1968, but since then the party criticism of Moscow has been more muted and the party even supported the Soviet Union, although with some reservations, at the Moscow party meeting last June.

Communist party action came in the midst of growing political tension in Italy, which has been without a majority government since last July 4.

While the Communist party was policing its own heretics, the Italian government was opening a new round of court actions against leftist extremists following the disorders that took the life of a police officer in Milan last week.

The government put on trial here today Francesco Tolin, director of Worker Power, for allegedly inciting revolt with four articles in the periodical. And it arrested three other persons for allegedly inciting violations of the law in calling for the occupation of empty apartments during last week's general strike for better housing conditions.

Government action of this sort may have been designed as a warning before a national demonstration of striking metal and mechanical workers set for Friday in Rome.

The Communist party Central Committee and its central control commission acted with near unanimity today in suspending the three new left leaders. There were 302 votes supporting the action, seven against and three abstentions.

Suspended were Rossanna Rossanda, Luigi Pintor and Aldo Natoli, all members of the Central Committee. Mr. Natoli and Mr. Pintor are also members of the Italian parliament.

The Central Committee chose suspension rather than expulsion, which also is provided for in the regulations, but the result is the same.

Later in the day, the control commission applied the same sanction to Lucio Magri, editor of the periodical but not a member of the Central Committee.

In the party communiqué, the three suspended Central Committee members were charged with sponsoring the fragmentation of the party in violation of party rules.

© Los Angeles Times

U.S. to Cut Consular Posts by 19

To Trim Military Abroad by 15,000

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (AP).—The Pentagon today announced a decision to reduce military personnel abroad by 15,000. At the same time, the White House said it was closing down 19 consular posts, 17 in the Western Hemisphere.

The Pentagon action, announced by Secretary of Defense Melvin R. Laird, is part of an overall effort to reduce the U.S. presence abroad.

The White House said that reducing the consular posts was a move to help solve the country's balance-of-payments problem.

Mr. Laird said that his department was also doing away with about 3,825 civilian jobs in foreign areas.

The savings that it is hoped will be realized by the three actions would be approximately $50 million a year, officials said.

The military cuts are part of previously announced plans to slash the strength of U.S. armed forces this year by about 225,000 men.

President Nixon announced earlier this year that he wanted to make a 10 percent reduction in U.S. personnel located in foreign areas.

Exempted from the military cut, Mr. Laird said, were such areas as West Germany, South Korea, South Vietnam and other regions supporting the war effort.

The biggest manpower reduction will be in the Pacific Command, which will be cut by 10,965 military jobs. A total of about 1,400 military positions will be eliminated in Europe.

The White House said that only one consulate-general post would be closed—at Goteborg, Sweden.

Consulates being shut down are those at Adelaide, Australia; Belo Horizonte, Brazil; Cochabamba, Bolivia; Nogales and Piedras Negras, Mexico; La Cruz, Venezuela; St. John and Windsor, Canada, and Santiago de los Caballeros, Dominican Republic.

Consular agencies are being closed at Arequipa, Peru; Cap Haitien, Haiti; Concepcion, Chile; Leticia, Colombia; Manaus, Brazil; Puntarenas, Costa Rica; Sao Luis, Brazil; Scarborough, Tobago, and Valparaiso, Chile.

Press Secretary Ron Ziegler noted that although 15 of the affected posts were in Latin America, the action "in no way reflects any lack of interest in the nations of the hemisphere."

The cutback of nearly 15,000 military personnel abroad is in addition to military reductions already announced for Southeast Asia.

Alleged Vietnam Massacre Condemned by White House



Associated Press.

Defense Secretary Melvin Laird, who said he learned of the Song My incident 13 months after it took place.

'Abhorrent to the Conscience Of All the American People'

By Robert Siner

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The White House today condemned the alleged massacre of Vietnamese civilians by American troops at Song My as "abhorrent to the conscience of all the American people."

On Capitol Hill, senators said they were horrified by color slides of the alleged massacre shown to them by Army Secretary Stanley R. Resor.

In the first official White House comment on the incident in which U.S. soldiers reportedly killed more than 100 men, women and children, presidential press secretary Ron Ziegler said that the action was "in direct violation of U.S. military policy."

Mr. Ziegler said he was conveying "the overall feeling of the White House, of the administration, and therefore of the President."

Mr. Ziegler said President Nixon was informed of the allegations several months ago by Defense Secretary Melvin R. Laird and has been informed periodically of the progress of investigations.

'Regrettable Delay'

Mr. Ziegler pointed out that the alleged incident occurred ten months before the Nixon administration came into office. He said the reports did not reach Mr. Laird's attention until last April. "This delay is regrettable," Mr. Ziegler said.

Mr. Laird's predecessor, Clark M. Clifford, said he did not know of the incident until reports of the killings surfaced recently.

Mr. Ziegler cautioned that the incident "should not be allowed to reflect on some million and a quarter young Americans who have now returned to the United States after having served in Vietnam with great courage and distinction."

He added that steps were being taken to "assure that illegal and immoral conduct, as alleged, be dealt with according to the strict rules of military justice."

The White House statement echoed those made earlier by administration leaders and Republican congressional leaders.

Yesterday, Defense Secretary Melvin R. Laird told a Senate committee that he was shocked and sick when he first was told of the incident.

Mr. Laird gave no reason to the committee why the alleged massacre of March 16, 1968, was not brought to his attention before this past April, nor why the original report on the incident was not sent to the Department of the Army in Washington.

Resor's Testimony

Today, Mr. Resor testified behind closed doors before the Senate and House Armed Services Committees, on the incident at Song My. Mr. Resor is a holdover from the previous administration and was Secretary of the Army when the alleged massacre took place.

Like Mr. Ziegler, Mr. Resor emphasized the incident should not be interpreted as a reflection on other Americans who served in Vietnam and were now back home.

"I am convinced that the overall record of the hundreds of thousands of American soldiers who have participated in combat operations in Vietnam is one of de-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)



UPI.

Rep. Gerald Ford: "Responsible authorities in Vietnam knew about the massacre."



AP.

Sen. Charles Goodell, who is investigating South Vietnamese involvement in the massacre.



AP.

Army Secretary Stanley Resor, who testified on the incident before House and Senate committees.

But Wouldn't Impose One

Lodge Says U.S. Would Discuss A Saigon Coalition With Hanoi

By Jonathan C. Randal

PARIS, Nov. 26 (WP).—American Ambassador Henry Cabot Lodge said today that the United States is willing to talk privately to Hanoi about a coalition government in South Vietnam, but he stressed later that the controversial plan would not be "imposed" on Saigon.

The outgoing ambassador said that the hitherto taboo coalition plan could only be "talked about" and not "negotiated" in private talks.

But Xuan Thuy, the chief North Vietnamese negotiator, made clear his view that the recent White House distinction between "discussion" and "negotiation" was meaningless.

The conference, normally held on Thursday, was moved up because of the Thanksgiving holiday.

As in the last four days, Mr. Thuy insisted that private talks could be resumed only if the United States first accepted the "principle" of total U.S. troop withdrawal and the establishment of a provisional coalition government.

Issues Warning

But, Mr. Lodge told the 44th session of the deadlocked talks, "if your side continues to insist on our unconditional acceptance of your terms, progress through negotiation is not possible."

The Viet Cong called for an investigation of the alleged Song My massacre "and of all other massacres committed in South Vietnam by American and puppet troops."

Viet Cong delegate Nguyen Van Tien, who originally denounced the incident in a Hanoi press conference in March, 1968, said "this odious massacre is more barbaric than those perpetrated by the Hitlerite fascists in Lidice and Oradour."

Despite this comparison to the Nazi massacres in Czechoslovakia and France, a Viet Cong press spokesman showed little enthusiasm for an international investigation of Song My.

Duong Dinh Thao said that "because of present war conditions it is not possible to hold a regular on-the-spot inquiry" there.

Thuy Joins Attack

Xuan Thuy, the chief Hanoi delegate, charged that Song My was "one among thousands and thousands of crimes committed by U.S. aggressors against the South Vietnamese people."

The "aggressive Americans and their valets" were also responsible for the death of thousands of civilians in Hué during the Viet Cong's Tet offensive in 1968, Mr. Thao said.

His Saigon counterpart indignantly denied the "cynical" charges and asserted that captured Viet Cong documents boasted that Viet Cong troops had killed the Hué civilians.

But neither Mr. Dan nor South Vietnamese Ambassador Pham Dang Lam reiterated the Saigon Defense Ministry's declaration that no massacre by American troops had taken place at Song My.

Instead Mr. Lam "rejected the entirely fallacious and insulting remarks against the South Vietnamese government" without directly referring to the alleged massacre.

However, Mr. Dan said that the Saigon Defense Ministry report spoke of "about 20 civilians killed" as compared with nearly 600 victims mentioned in some press reports.

He also denied Viet Cong charges that American troops last March had deliberately drowned 1,200 civilians in an incident only a few miles away from Song My.

As for the impending court-martial of an American lieutenant charged with the deaths of 109 Song My civilians, Mr. Dan said that the case was in the hands of

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

Britain Gets a Prelude o 2-Week Teachers Strike

ONDON, Nov. 26 (AP).—Thousands of Britain's schoolteach-alked out of their classrooms today in a preview of the first pread strike in 100 years of British state education.

ritish schoolteachers earn £860 ($2,064) to £1,600 ($3,840) r and with taxes and other deductions they take home less that. They are striking for a raise of £135 ($324) a year and turned down an offer of £50 ($120) by the State Education , calling it an insult.

heir unions said 4,500 teachers will strike next Monday for eeks, interfering with classes at 327 schools in various parts e country.

eanwhile, wildcat strikes of one day or half a day were at scores of schools as a prelude to the big walkout. In alone 12,000 teachers quit their classes this morning for a day.

he two unions warned other teachers not to take over the loned classes. The unions estimated that by the end of this 85,000 teachers will have taken part in one-day or half-valkouts.

Resolution at UN Asks Suspension Of Missile Tests

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Nov. 26 (AP).—Sweden and 11 other nations called on the United States and the Soviet Union today to pave the way for an accord in Helsinki by declaring a moratorium on the testing and deployment of strategic missiles.

The resolution, introduced in the General Assembly's 126-nation Political Committee, expressed hope the Helsinki talks will bear fruit.

It called on the two superpowers to "agree, as an urgent preliminary measure," to suspend their testing and installing both offensive and defensive missile systems.

Song My Details and Photos Shock, Sicken Congressmen

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (AP).—Top Army officials today unfolded, before shocked and sickened members of Congress, details of the alleged massacre of South Vietnamese villagers at Song My. Testimony included color slides of piles of dead bodies.

Secretary of the Army Stanley R. Resor met with the Senate and House Armed Services Committees behind closed doors and showed them slides of the incident taken by Army photographer Ronald Haeberle.

Mr. Resor told the committees that "however great your dismay and your sense of outrage that such a thing could occur in our armed forces, it could be no greater than mine . . ."

Senate Armed Services Committee chairman John C. Stennis, D., Miss., said the incidents were "contrary to every American idea of protection of the innocent even in the event of war."

Sens. Stephen Young, D., Ohio, and Daniel K. Inouye, D., Hawaii, both members of the panel, were particularly upset by one picture of a young mother with her children begging for her life.

"I'm rather sick about it," Sen. Inouye said.

Sen. Young said, "No one can question that there was an atrocious slaughter of 200-700 civilians. There can be no justification for an act of brutality like this."

He called the situation "an act of brutality that cannot have been exceeded in Hitler's time."

Sen. Stennis said that his panel will keep fully informed and follow the matter in detail.

House Side

On the House side, committee chairman L. Mendel Rivers, D., S.C., would make no comment, but Rep. Leslie C. Arends of Illinois, the ranking Republican, said he left halfway through the hearing because "I got a queasy stomach" looking at the photographs of the dead civilians.

Rep. Arends said the pictures showed masses of bodies, but he said they did not show that Americans did the killing.

nn Says It May Sign A-Treaty on Friday

Lawrence Fellows

Nov. 26 (NYT).—West will sign the nuclear feration treaty on the ing that it will leave the capability of the North Treaty Organization un-, Conrad Ahlers, the gov-spokesman, said today. ng at a news conference r. Ahlers said the West understand they will not ing away the "European the option of any future European federation, which would include either Britain or France, to maintain its own nuclear deterrent.

The West Germans, he said, are in full agreement with the United States government in its interpretation of the treaty, and that there is no need for reinterpretation because of a statement Andrei Gromyko, the Soviet Foreign Minister, made when the Supreme Soviet ratified the treaty two days ago.

The Soviet foreign minister declared then that the treaty will prevent the nuclear powers from handing the weapons over to other countries, even where the countries are grouped together in a military alliance.

The remark prompted the opposition Christian Democrats to ask where this leaves West Germany, which has a defense policy built around NATO's nuclear capability.

The West German Army, which is committed entirely to NATO, maintains a nuclear delivery system. The nuclear weapons themselves are stored under U.S. control. The American President has the final authority to use the weapons.

Rainer Barzel, parliamentary leader of the Christian Democrats, called on Chancellor Willy Brandt today to ask that the position be clarified before the West German government signs the treaty.

Policy Unimpaired

The government remains convinced that its policy of nuclear cooperation within NATO will remain unimpaired, Mr. Ahlers said.

Tomorrow the foreign and defense committees of the Bundestag, the lower house of parliament, will meet together to discuss the implications of the nonproliferation treaty, Mr. Ahlers added.

If the discussions go as swiftly as is expected, he said, the cabinet will give its approval Friday, in time for the West German ambassadors in Washington, London and Moscow to sign the treaty the same day.

co Says He Doubts Russia nts Middle East Peace

INGTON, Nov. 26 (UPI).—Sisco, Assistant Secretary of r Near Eastern and South ffairs, said publicly today first time he had doubts ie Soviet Union's willing-seek peace in the Middle

ng before a Senate Apons subcommittee, Mr. d the aim of the Big Four Two talks on the Middle s "to develop an agreed rk, based on the twin s of an Arab commitment and an Israeli commit-withdraw from occupied which will enable Am-[Gunnar] Jarring to en-e parties in a negotiating to work out a settlement them, on the basis of the laid down in the Security resolution of November.

"Some progress has been achieved but fundamental differences remain. Moreover, the attitude of the parties has hardened.

"Finally, the attitude of the Soviet Union in the bilateral talks and its public expressions raise doubts regarding its willingness to play an actively constructive role on behalf of peace in the Middle East," Mr. Sisco said.

U.S. Denies Sisco Trip

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (NYT).—The State Department denied Egyptian reports yesterday that Mr. Sisco planned to visit Cairo and said that no such trip was under consideration.

American diplomats suspected that Egyptian officials were attempting to build up public expectations of a further gesture from the United States toward President Gamal Abdel Nasser.

U.S., Russia Appear Satisfied After Fourth Day of SALT

By Bernard Gwertzman

HELSINKI, Nov. 26 (NYT).—The United States and the Soviet Union held their fourth working session on strategic arms limitation today with continued signs of satisfaction by both sides on the way the preliminary talks are progressing.

As usual, no hard news on the details of what was discussed at the 75-minute meeting at the Soviet Embassy or on the hour-and-three-quarter lunch that followed was made public—other than the information that the two sides agreed to meet again on Friday at the U.S. Embassy.

But following the meeting it was learned that both sides continue to be pleased by the degree of trust that appears to have been established during the nine days of talks so far. Prior to the start of the SALT sessions both Soviet and American sources stressed that mutual trust is an important requisite to eventual agreement on curbing the arms race.

Through nonofficial but authoritative means both sides have signified that they believe the other is "serious" about seeking an accord and that the talks are going in a "business-like way." They are also hinting—never for attribution—that the talks so far at least are not being used for polemics or in the search for propaganda points.

Today's session is understood to have been similar in format to the preceding three full working sessions. Questions were raised by both sides about the other's position and answered in turn.

A major topic is said to be the defining of what constitutes "strategic weapons" so that when the next round begins there will be no quibbling about which systems are raised for discussion. There is said to be a general discussion also of broad concepts of security and how the limitation of weapons can help ensure this security without endangering any other party.

Another Ex-GI Says He Killed 10

NEW YORK, Nov. 26 (Reuters).—Varnado Simpson, a former GI who said he took part in the alleged mass killing of Vietnamese in March, 1968, said he was "personally responsible" for the deaths of ten people.

The former Army private, now a civilian in Jackson, Mich., told the National Broadcasting Co. in an interview yesterday that the people he killed included an old man, a woman and a 2-year-old.

Asked why he had shot the Vietnamese civilians, Mr. Simpson said he was following orders. He said he had emptied 16 rifle magazines, each containing 20 bullets, while participating in the attack at Song My.

South Yemen Reports Fighting With Saudis

ADEN, South Yemen, Nov. 26 (UPI).—South Yemen forces battled Saudi Arabians who crossed the border and tried to capture the Al Wadeea area, Informatio- Minister Abdul Fariz Kassem said today.

Yemenite troops captured the first contingent of Saudi soldiers and their arms, he said. No casualties were announced. Fighting continued, though, and Saudi Arabian reinforcements were arriving, he said.

Ex-GI's Home Town Backs His Acts at Song My

Meadlo Is Seen As Absolved by 'Orders' to Shoot

By Anthony Lukas

NEW GOSHEN, Ind., Nov. 26 (NYT).—This village with the biblical ring to its name woke up yesterday as the home of the first confessed mass killer of Vietnamese civilians.

But nowhere among its chunky church spires and white clapboard houses was anyone inclined to blame Paul David Meadlo, the veteran who Monday night admitted shooting 30 to 40 men, women and children in the massacre at Song My, South Vietnam, last year.

"Lots of people been in talking about it this morning," said Mrs. Josephine Neview, a clerk at Neal's Grocery. "But they certainly don't blame Paul David in any way. After all, he had his orders."

"Paul David" is the way everybody here refers to the 22-year-old coal miner's son. "I heard them announcing something about Paul Meadlo on the TV last night," said Mrs. Neview. "For a moment I didn't know who they were talking about; then I said, oh, my God, that's Paul David."

Frequent Visitor

Although Paul David now lives with his wife and two young children in neighboring West Terre Haute, New Goshen was his home for the first 18 years of his life and he still comes here often to visit his parents, sister, four uncles and two aunts.

New Goshen's 450 residents all know the Meadlos, and Paul David, when he's home, is a familiar figure shouldering up to the bar at Hutch's Hut or warming his hands over the pot-bellied stove at Olivero's Grocery.

And he is popular here. Townspeople questioned responded with one voice: "A very nice boy."

So when newspaper and television people from New York, Chicago and St. Louis began showing up around town, the people of New Goshen stuck staunchly by their native son.

"How can you newspaper people blame Paul David?" asked Robert Hale as he planed down some garage doors behind the pool hall he and his wife run. "He was under orders. He had to do what his officer told him."

"The only thing I blame Paul David for was talking about this to everybody on television," said Dee Henry, who was helping Mr. Hale. "Things like that happen in war. They always have and they always will. But only just recently have people started telling the press about it."

"It's bad enough to have to kill people without telling everybody about it," he said. "This sort of thing should be kept classified."

Mr. Henry was a professional soldier for 11 years, fought in World War II and the Korean war and "would have been in this one, too, if I hadn't been wounded and discharged." He gives his occupation as "disabled veteran."

He feels Paul David is the victim of people who don't know how the Army works. "Anybody who's had any affiliation with the service knows you do what you're ordered to do—no questions asked."

"What else could he do?" asked 22-year-old Floyd Cheesman, a classmate of Paul David's at West Vigo High School. "Anyway," he added, "you figure they're all your enemies over there."

Even those who seemed bothered by the idea of a New Goshen boy shooting women and children couldn't get by the problem of orders.

"You're supposed to do what they tell you, aren't you," said Jack Noblitt, who owns and operates a garage. Then, pausing a moment, he said slowly: "That'd be pretty hard to do, though, especially the little ones."

Didn't 'Know Better'

The only sharply differing point of view expressed in town came from Paul David's father, Tony, a blunt ex-miner who speaks with a trace of the Polish accent his father brought from the old country 67 years ago.

"If it had been me out there," he said, "I would have swung my rifle around and shot Calley instead—right between the goddamned eyes." Lt. William L. Calley jr. is the officer Paul David says ordered him to shoot the Vietnamese.

"That's the reason they send those young guys over there," the elder Meadlo said. "They don't know any better so they take those orders. Paul David didn't know any better. But me, I would have known who to shoot. That would have ended the whole thing right there."

"Yes, why did they have to take my son and do that to him?" said his wife, Myrtle, as the tears she'd held back all morning began to flow.

"Now, Mom," Mr. Meadlo said. "He wasn't the only one."

"Yes, I know," Mrs. Meadlo said. "There were others like mine."

Paul David came home without his right foot—blown off by a land mine the day after the Song My massacre. His father stomps around the house on an artificial left leg—the result of a mine accident in 1961.

The Meadlos don't talk much about the victims of their son's gunfire in Song My. But at times they seem to be thinking of them.

Showing a visitor a picture of Paul, his wife, Mary, and his two babies, Paul jr., 2 1/2 and Tresa Lynn, 15 months, Mrs. Meadlo said through her tears: "When he's around his babies he'll pick 'em up and love 'em. Just love 'em."



Associated Press.

Paul David Meadlo with his mother and father in New Goshen, Ind.

Army Orders Silence on Calley Case

Potential Witnesses Told Not to Speak

By Peter Braestrup

FT. BENNING, Ga., Nov. 26 (WP).—A military judge yesterday ordered all potential witnesses in the court-martial of an Army lieutenant charged with murdering Vietnamese civilians to remain silent about the case.

The judge, Col. Reid W. Kennedy, deferred decision on requests from lawyers that he order the press to curb publicity about the case before it comes to trial.

The accused officer is 1st Lt. William J. Calley jr. He is charged with the murder of 109 Vietnamese during an operation at Song My village in Quang Ngai province on March 16, 1968.

Both restraining orders were sought jointly by the government prosecutor, Capt. Aubrey M. Daniel 3d, and Lt. Calley's military counsel, Maj. Kenneth A. Raby, at an emergency 30-minute hearing here.

The hearing came after 12 days of mounting worldwide publicity, including public statements and interviews by six former members of Lt. Calley's unit in Vietnam. No date has yet been set for Lt. Calley's trial by general court-martial. He was formally charged here Monday, after a seven-month Army investigation.

Referring to the reported sale and publication at high prices of photographs of the alleged massacre by Ronald Haeberle, a former Army photographer in Quang Ngai, Maj. Raby said: "It seems as if the evidence in this case is being auctioned off in the press."

Lt. Calley, who is 26 years old and 5 feet 3 inches tall, accompanied Maj. Raby to the hearing.

The lieutenant said nothing. He is currently kept busy by his superiors as assistant to Ft. Benning's deputy commander. If convicted on all counts, he faces death or life imprisonment.

'In Our Own Naive Way . . .'

Texan Spends Mere Million Backing N

By Peter Osnos

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (WP).—The time has long since passed when Ross Perot of Dallas had to give careful thought to how he spent his money. At the age of 39, he is a billionaire—by his own account a man of unlimited resources.

He owns 70 percent of the computer servicing organization he founded, which, he told an interviewer this week, means nine million shares of stock at upward of $140 a share.

He could, said Ross Perot, spend money until "the world went flat."

He has turned a bit of his resources to a nationwide media campaign to win support for President Nixon's Vietnam policies.

Mr. Perot's message is that the President is committed to getting out of Vietnam "in a manner that will insure a just and lasting peace," so the best thing for Americans to do is get behind him.

In three weeks, he has spent more than $1 million on 300 newspaper advertisements, 30 million postcards and a half-hour television program, all carrying the imprimatur "United We Stand."

The operation, legally incorporated, has been run by about a dozen young executives of Mr. Perot's Electronic Data Systems Co. working from a tenth-floor suite in Dallas's Exchange Bank Building.

Took Four Days

After being told by Madison Avenue agencies that the drive would take six months to plan, Mr. Perot's men fanned out across the country in four days and did the media work themselves—including delivery of newspaper mats.

"In our own naive way," he said in a New York airport interview, "we figured that if you have $250,000 you ought to be able to communicate what you want to the American people."

For a self-made billionaire to call himself naive may seem disingenuous, but it is only one of the surprises about this trim, small Texan and his dream of uniting the nation.

In the first place, Mr. Perot



Ross Perot

makes the repeated
United We Stand is not
patriots' crusade that so
President Spiro T. Agn
saries might suspect.

"I know what the st
If you're rich and fr
everybody expects you
right," Mr. Perot said,
at what I've done and
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Those Who 'Sit at

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What illustrates the
proach best, perhaps, is
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cities so far.

The half-hour, mad
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featured Col. Frank
astronaut, plus a retur
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The thrust of the
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captured soldiers badl
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"If Hanoi wants to
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to North Vietnam or a
to aid the POWs.

TV Show 'St

Of the television sh
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ed it to be great, but
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cards. The public like
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The presence of
raises the question of
istration's role in the
Stand campaign. Mr
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adds that when he
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Although he voted f
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voted for Lyndon Joh
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the idea of a unity dr
Dallas.

"Mr. Johnson's conce
caused me to reflect,"
explained, "that eve
has come to the con
we must stabilize in A
assume that if I knew
knew I would have
same way."

White House Condemns Alleged Massacre

(Continued from Page 1)

cency, consideration and restraint toward the civilians who find themselves in a zone of military operations," Mr. Resor said.

Before going in to the hearings he told newsmen that House Republican leader Gerald R. Ford did not mean to imply that top Pentagon officials knew about the incident and covered it up.

Yesterday, Rep. Ford said that "top Army officials knew about" the incident. He charged that the "previous administration" covered it up.

Softer Statement

Today the Michigan Republican softened his statement, saying "responsible authorities in Vietnam knew about the Song My massacre."

"They investigated, but no affirmative action was taken. I have not implied that the secretary of the Army, the army chief of staff or Gen. [William C.] Westmoreland knew about the incident."

At the Pentagon a spokesmen said that "no high Army officials or Department of Defense officials were aware of this last year."

On Capitol Hill, Senate Republican whip Robert P. Griffin of Michigan said that Congress might have to look into the field orders issued to officers and specifically into whether "certain basic, humanitarian principles" are covered in such orders.

Other Reports

Meanwhile, two members of Congress said that there were reports of other atrocities committed by U.S. troops in Vietnam.

Sen. Charles E. Goodell, R., N.Y., said he was personally investigating a report, including a picture, from a University of Syracuse graduate student.

Sen. Goodell told newsmen that the report alleged "some American involvement" and that South Vietnamese forces were also involved.

The New York Republican said that he would also seek a military probe of the allegations.

Rep. Lionel Van Deerlin, D., Calif., said that the Army is investigating a report he had received from an Army Medical Corps captain who received second-hand information about alleged atrocities by American troops.

Rep. Van Deerlin said that the alleged shooting of Vietnamese civilians took place last summer in the Mekong Delta, according to the medical officer.

The California Democrat said, "It is a shocking report of a company commander of the Ninth Infantry who ordered his men to use village huts for target practice."

Rep. Van Deerlin said he did not know the number of casualties in the alleged incident nor would he reveal the name of the company or the company commander involved.

Army Searches Lawbooks For Way to Try Ex-GIs

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (NYT).—Pentagon lawyers are searching lawbooks to find if there is any way to prosecute men who took part in what has been called the massacre at Song My but who have since been released from active duty.

A military source disclosed yesterday that if the Army's legal experts conclude that they can press charges against the discharged men—despite a 1955 Supreme Court ruling that they concede makes such prosecutions highly unlikely—an announcement will be made in the next few days.

The reason is that some participants in the incident who are no longer in uniform are giving interviews in the belief that they are immune from prosecution. This could be highly self-incriminatory if an effort is to be made to try them in connection with the reported killing of a large number of Vietnamese civilians in the village of Song My in March of 1968.

If the Army concludes that it cannot try the men, this could prompt Congress to pass a law to permit the trial of former servicemen in civilian courts for crimes they committed while in uniform—a step that the Supreme Court suggested by implication in its 1955 ruling.

The ruling concerned Robert W Toth, a Pittsburgh steelworker who was seized in his home in a midnight arrest by military policemen five months after his discharge from the Air Force. They took him to Korea to face charges of having murdered a Korean.

The Supreme Court held that any former serviceman who had completely severed his ties with the service could not be denied his constitutional right to a civilian trial. But Justice Hugo L. Black stated in the majority opinion that Congress did have the constitutional authority to establish civilian courts to try former servicemen under such circumstances.

Pentagon spokesmen have said that of the 24 men now being investigated in connection with the incident, 15 have been released from active duty.

British-Romanian Talks

LONDON, Nov. 26 (UPI).—Romanian Prime Minister Ion Gheorghe Maurer and British Prime Minister Harold Wilson opened talks today on ways to step up trade and technological cooperation between the two countries.

Schedule Set For Agnew Tour

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (UPI).—Vice-President Spiro T. Agnew will leave Dec. 26 on a three week tour of ten Asian and Pacific nations in his first foreign travel for the Nixon administration.

Mr. Agnew will attend the inauguration of Philippine President Ferdinand Marcos in Manila Dec. 30 and visit Taiwan, Thailand, Nepal, Afghanistan, Malaysia, Singapore, Indonesia, Australia and New Zealand.

The trip would give Mr. Agnew an opportunity to visit U.S. troops in Vietnam, but no plans for such a visit were announced, because of security regulations.

Sen. Bayh Asserts He'll 'See Meadlo Is Treated Fairly'

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (AP).—Sen. Birch Bayh, D., Ind., said today he will demand fair treatment for Paul Meadlo, 22, a discharged soldier who told a national television audience that he killed "ten or 15" Vietnamese civilians under orders from a superior officer.

Sen. Bayh was reared at Shirkieville, Ind., two miles from New Goshen, Mr. Meadlo's boyhood home.

"I've known all of the Meadlos, and they're all nice people," Sen. Bayh told a newsman.

"I want to find out the specific facts of the case, and I'm going to see that Paul is treated fairly."

He said he hoped Mr. Meadlo "will not be taken advantage of" because of his television appearance.

Kenyatta 'Elected' To 5-Year Term

NAIROBI, Kenya, Nov. 26 (UPI).—President Jomo Kenyatta, who has headed Kenya's government since independence in 1963, today completed legal formalities to secure himself another five-year term in office.

Along with more than 600 other candidates contesting the 158 parliamentary seats in the first general elections since independence, the 79-year-old president handed in his papers at his Gatundu constituency—and was declared elected unopposed.

Mr. Kenyatta had already been declared the sole presidential candidate, but constitutionally, the president must also be an elected member of Parliament.

Since the opposition Kenya's People's Union was banned and its leaders arrested last month, only the ruling Kenya African National Union supporters are permitted to run.

2 Die in 2d Blast At Powder Plant

CHARLESTOWN, Ind., Nov. 26 (AP).—Two people were killed and 26 injured last night in an explosion at the Indiana Army ammunition plant.

Col. Gilbert Dougherty, the commanding officer, said the explosion, the second in a week at the plant, occurred on an "igniter loading line" loading gunpowder for 81-mm artillery to be used in Vietnam. He said a formal board of investigation will be named immediately to determine the cause of the mishap.

Six persons were injured last Wednesday in an explosion at the complex, operated for the Defense Department by Olin-Matheson Corp.

Red Guns Near Cambodia Destroy Munitions, 12 Tanks

SAIGON, Nov. 26 (UPI).—North Vietnamese guns shelled a U.S. armored cavalry outpost near the Cambodian border today, blowing up an ammunition dump which exploded with such violence it destroyed a dozen Sheridan tanks valued at almost $2.5 million, informed U.S. military sources reported.

High-explosive shells screaming out of the ammunition dump ripped through the 17-ton tanks parked nearby, the sources said. The attack killed one American and wounded 24 others as the Communists struck the base 62 miles northwest of Saigon.

The Sheridan tank has come under congressional criticism at intervals during 1969. Critics say it is excessively noisy, has a leaky fuel tank and a exhaust smoke which makes it easily visible at great distances.

Soldiers in the field generally approve of the tank, which can travel at 45 miles per hour on land and five through water. Each Sheridan has two machine guns and also carries 30 52-mm. rounds. It fires anti-personnel canister shells that hurl 9,800 match-size darts that look like roofing nails with fins.

American forces, using tanks, artillery and air strikes, fought six battles yesterday between Saigon and the Cambodian border, killing 43 Communists and losing seven dead and 44 wounded themselves.

To the east, Communist gunners fired scores of mortar, rocket and recolless rifle shells into the Bu Prang Green Beret camp in hazy weather which prevented American and South Vietnamese planes from striking back.

In one battle yesterday troops of the U.S. 25th Infantry Division reported killing 25 Communist soldiers in a five-hour clash eight miles from Tay Ninh and 57 miles northwest of Saigon. They were reinforced by tanks and helicopter gunships but lost two killed and 13 wounded.

Late yesterday B-52 bombers flew two missions just southwest of the Duc Lap Special Forces camp, nine miles from Bu Prang, dropping at least 180 tons of bombs.

Greece Exploring Better Relations With Soviet Union

ATHENS, Nov. 26 (NYT).—Greece, under fire from many of its West European allies, appeared to be exploring improved relations with the Soviet Union as Greek Foreign Minister Panayotis Pipinelis and Soviet Ambassador Climent Levitchkin met today for a long talk described as "more than just a routine visit."

But informed sources discounted any serious possibility that the anti-Communist, military-backed Greek regime would take any action that could compromise its position as a NATO bastion in the Eastern Mediterranean.

The government-controlled Athens News Agency said the discussion between Mr. Pipinelis and the Soviet Ambassador included a review of the international situation, an examination of the Warsaw Pact proposal for a European security conference and efforts to improve economic and cultural ties between Greece and the Soviet Union.

The agency, which usually reflects official thinking, said that "the visit was described as more than just a routine one."

$9 Million Drive In U.S. to Feed Biafran Children

NEW YORK, Nov. 26 (AP).—Americans for Biafran Relief announced yesterday a $9 million drive to feed children in war-torn Biafra.

Actor Cliff Robertson, a director of the organization, said the six-month drive is a political effort to sustain two million Biafran children dying of starvation.

Mr. Robertson, who said he visited Biafra a year ago, called the situation there "the greatest human tragedy" and said news reports of starvation and misery there are "at best conservative." Sponsors of the organization include 34 members of Congress and about 70 celebrities in society, show business and sports.

Spain Denies Suicide Was Political Protest

MADRID, Nov. 26 (NYT).—Spanish officials denied yesterday that a Falangist who shot himself in front of a Madrid church last Sunday had given any indication that the suicide was a political protest.

A Ministry of Information official said that a number of notes were found on the body of the dead man, Francisco Herranz. Disputing earlier press reports, the official said that none of them mentioned the Falange's loss of power in the recent government reshuffle.

Allies Appoint Dane

CASTEAU, Belgium, Nov. 26 (UPI).—Gen. Andrew J. Goodpaster, Supreme Commander Allied Powers Europe, announced today the appointment of Rear Adm. A. Helms of the Royal Danish Navy, as commander allied forces Baltic approaches, effective Jan. 1. He will hold the rank of vice-admiral.

Lodge Says U.S. Would Discuss A Saigon Coalition With Hanoi

(Continued from Page 1)

U.S. military justice officials and he could not comment.

Mr. Lodge was obliged to issue a clarification on the question of private talks when his first statement, issued after the end of the meeting, aroused speculation that the United States had changed policy and now agreed to negotiate with Hanoi on a coalition South Vietnamese government.

Asked by newsmen if the United States was willing to negotiate on behalf of Saigon as Hanoi seemed willing to do for the Viet Cong, Mr. Lodge said:

"Well, I don't think there is any problem about talking about a coalition government and other matters with the North Vietnamese.

Would Inform Saigon

"Of course we'd have to keep Saigon in touch because it affects the South Vietnamese, after all, but I don't think there would be any problem about talking about it."

More than an hour later, Mr. Lodge issued a clarification in which he said, "I was definitely not advocating that we negotiate the imposition of a 'provisional coalition government' on the South Vietnamese.

"On the contary, I was trying to show that while nothing about South Vietnam can be negotiated without the South Vietnamese government, everything—including political measures—can be talked about between the North Vietnamese and ourselves."

The clarification emphasized the White House distinction between "discussion" and "negotiation," which U.S. delegation officials declined to explain in detail.

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DEATH NOTICE

Le Vice-Président délégué,
Les Membres du Conseil d'Administration,
Les Membres de la Direction,
L'ensemble du Personnel de la Société Anonyme des Bains de Mer et du Cercle des Etrangers à Monaco,
des Sociétés affiliées,
ont la profonde tristesse de faire part du décès survenu à New-York, le 21 novembre 1969, de

Monsieur Marcel A. PALMARO,
Président du Conseil d'Administration,
Officier de l'Ordre de St.-Charles,
Officier de l'Ordre des Grimaldi,
Commandeur de l'Ordre de St.-Grégoire-le-Grand.

Les obsèques auront lieu en la Cathédrale de Monaco le 28 novembre 1969, à 10 heures.

L'inhumation aura lieu au Cimetière de Menton dans la plus stricte intimité.

Madame Marcel A. Palmaro, née Lucie Ballard;
Madame Veuve de Thubert et famille;
Monsieur et Madame Albert Cauvin et famille;
Madame Veuve Joseph Palmaro;
Madame Veuve Charles Palmaro
et les familles:
Auregita, Levame, Lorenzi-Pisano, Marquet, Notari, Simondini, Bavelli,
ainsi que les parents et alliés
ont la douleur de faire part du décès de Monsieur Marcel A. PALMARO,
Consul Général de Monaco à New-York,
Officier de l'Ordre de Saint-Charles,
Officier de l'Ordre des Grimaldi,
Commandeur de l'Ordre de Saint-Grégoire-le-Grand,
survenu à New-York, le 21 novembre 1969, à l'âge de 62 ans.

Les obsèques seront célébrées le vendredi 28 novembre 1969, à 10 heures, en la Cathédrale de Monaco, et l'inhumation aura lieu au Cimetière de Menton dans le caveau de famille.

WEATHER

	C	F
AMSTERDAM	3	37
ANKARA	10	50
ATHENS	20	68
BEIRUT	23	73
BELGRADE	16	61
BERLIN	2	36
BRUSSELS	1	34
BUDAPEST	13	55
CAIRO	29	82
CASABLANCA	17	63
COPENHAGEN	—1	30
COSTA D' SOL	12	54
DUBLIN	3	37
EDINBURGH	1	34
FLORENCE	11	52
FRANKFURT	1	34
GENEVA	2	36
HELSINKI	—5	23
ISTANBUL	20	68
LAS PALMAS	18	64
LISBON	14	57
LONDON	4	39
MADRID	9	48
MILAN	4	39
MONTREAL	1	33
MOSCOW	5	41
MUNICH	—1	30
NEW YORK	7	45
NICE	10	50
OSLO	—9	16
PARIS	3	36
PRAGUE	—1	30
ROME	13	55
SOFIA	18	64
STOCKHOLM	—7	19
TEL AVIV	25	77
TUNIS	18	64
VENICE	10	50
VIENNA	6	43
WARSAW	0	33
WASHINGTON	4	39
ZURICH	—1	30

(American temperature 1700 GMT, others at 1200)

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...lo Brought 80-90 Pounds

...w Batch of Moon Rocks ... Be Studied in Houston

...E CENTER, Houston, Nov. ...PI).—Earth scientists were ... a look at 26 to 30 pounds ... moon tonight when they ... a suitcase-sized box sealed ...ollo-12's explorers on the ... Ocean of Storms.

...aluminum case, believed to contain a large amount of dirt, moon beads and a few rocks, rests in the same vacuum chamber in which man's first lunar samples were inspected from the Apollo-11 expedition last July.

The box is one of two flown to the Space Center from Apollo-12's South Pacific recovery area. One box arrived yesterday and one reached the moon laboratory today.

Scientists had planned to open the first box this morning, but when the second container arrived, they discovered there had been a mixup and the second box was the one to be opened first.

This delayed the opening process until tonight. The other box will be unsealed Friday.

In addition, Apollo-12 astronauts Charles [Pete] Conrad, Richard F. Gordon and Alan L. Bean stowed at least one sack of rocks as big as grapefruit in the command ship Yankee Clipper.

These rocks will remain in the astronauts' quarantine van on the carrier Hornet and arrive here via air from Pearl Harbor with the pilots Saturday.

Altogether, project officials estimated that Capts. Conrad and Bean collected as much as 80 to 90 pounds of moon dirt and rocks during their 1 1/2 miles of hiking on the Ocean of Storms last Wednesday and Thursday.

Hardest Impact Yet

ABOARD USS HORNET, Nov. 26 (UPI).—When the Yankee Clipper splashed down in the choppy South Pacific it landed on a 10-foot swell with the hardest impact ever in an Apollo shot, the Apollo-12 astronauts said yesterday.

"Man, what an impact!" America's newest moonmen repeated over and over in describing Monday's splashdown.

Capts. Gordon, Bean and Conrad slept 12 1/2 hours their first night back on earth, then downed hearty breakfasts. Capt. Conrad had his favorite, lamb kidneys and an omelette. He had specially requested lamb kidneys be in the quarantine trailer when he returned. Capt. Gordon and Bean had pancakes, omelettes and sausage.

The astronauts spoke into tape recorders from their quarantine chamber yesterday and began describing the lunar wonders still vivid in their minds, as their lengthy debriefing started.

Capt. Bean needed several stitches to close a cut suffered when a movie camera not fastened down struck him above the right eye on splashdown.

The Hornet today was steaming toward Hawaii through heavy seas buffeted by 45-mile-per-hour winds. When the carrier arrives Friday, the astronauts will be flown directly to the Space Center in Houston, where they will continue their quarantine until Dec. 10.

...ientists ...t Strange ...oon Signal

By Victor Cohn

...STON, Nov. 26 (WP).—A ... magnetic signal, much ... than scientists had ex... is being received here from ...trument that the Apollo-12 ...uts left behind on the moon.

... magnetic measurement, ...itted by radio, has geo... ...ts almost as excited as if it ... a message from another ...tion.

... reason is that the signal for ...st time tells the scientists ...e moon has:

...ither a hot fluid interior core ...e earth's, if far weaker, to ...electric currents and magne... in effect a giant dynamo.

...r that in its early history it ...ach a core, so that when its ...r rocks cooled and solidified, ...aligned themselves with the ...tic field to make a huge bar ...t.

...r that there is present on ...rface, where the astronauts ..., some huge magnetic body ... fragments of such a body—...s an ancient asteroid or ...roid that helped form the ...e. Such bodies may have ... produce the "mascons," the ...understood mass concentra... whose weird gravitational ...roubles lunar navigators.

... discovery is exciting for a ... reason. It is the second ... finding already made by the ...ex science station the astro... put in place. The first: that ...pact on the moon, such as ...unar module's last Thursday, ...s the moon's interior ring like ... again and again, revealing a ...ar interior, again unexpected.

...gether, the discoveries seem to ...earing out some scientists' ...ction that the science station ...iments will build, one on the ..., to help provide understand... of earth's mysterious satellite. ...ur potential for understanding ...moon will be increased by a ...r of 1,000 at least, perhaps a ...on," Dr. Conway Snider, one ...*the science station experiment*... told newsmen last Saturday.

...his almost seemed an exaggera... But Dr. Snider already knew ...it the astounding response of ...lunar magnetometer.

...r this discovery was actually ...e while astronauts Charles ...el Conrad and Alan Bean were ... on the moon Wednesday ...ning. It was made, in fact, ... they were still out on the ...ce for the first time. It was ...ved just as soon as science ... controllers turned on the ...etometer—part of the ALSEP ...Apollo Lunar Surface Experi... Package" that the astro... set up.

...ssians Launch Unmanned Satellites

...SCOW, Nov. 26 (UPI).—*The* ...ans yesterday announced they launched an unmanned re... satellite into an unusual ...circular orbit.

...mos-312 was actually launch... ...esday, the same day as un... ...ed Cosmos-311 was sent aloft. ... orbits were dissimilar, and ...unches appeared to represent ...eparate sets of experiments.

...oviet Papers Praise Apollo Crew, ...ncede U.S. Lead in Manned Flights

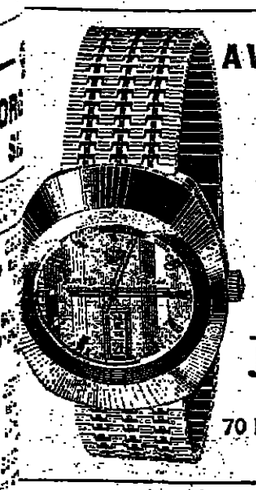
MOSCOW, Nov. 26 (UPI).—Soviet newspapers today praised ... courage of the Apollo-12 astronauts and the expertise of ...erica's space scientists.

In accounts of the successful moon expedition, Moscow space ...mentators conceded America's leadership in manned space ...oration but declared that there still is room for much more ... by unmanned ships.

Anatoly A. Blagonravov, a prominent Soviet space expert, in a report for the trade union daily Trud that, "The flight ...Apollo-12 once again proved that the American scientists and ...neers . . . achieved definite successes in technical solutions ...he problem [of moon exploration]."

But he added that "this does not mean that all the ...teries of the moon will be discovered during the flights of ..., and that unmanned stations have nothing to do there." The Russians have turned much of their space effort toward ...anned flights and they can be expected to conduct more ...n exploration with automatic probes.

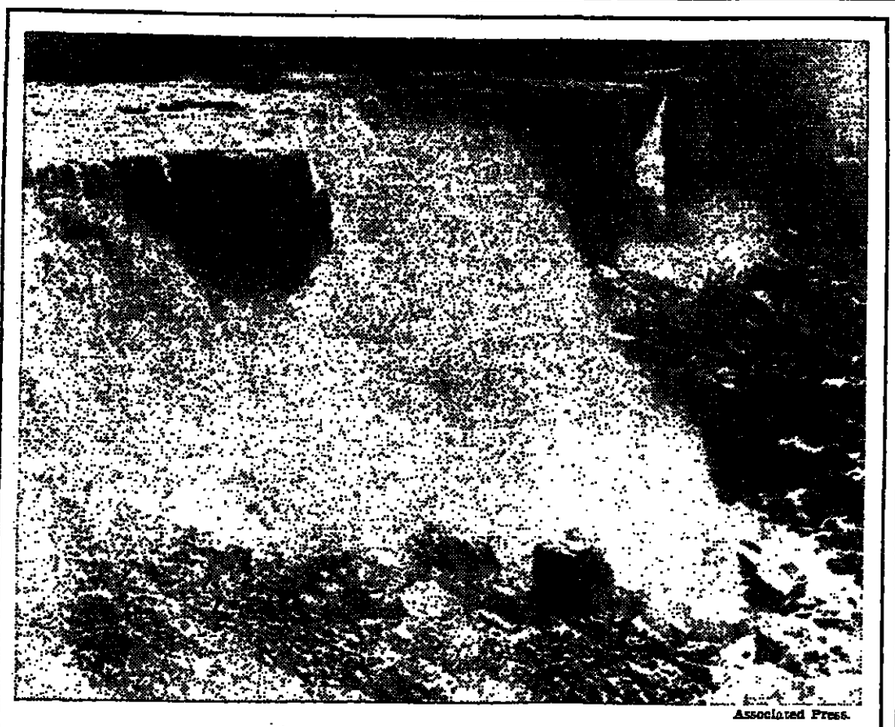
"On this occasion we congratulate the courageous crew of ...llo-12," Mr. Blagonravov said. He joined Soviet President ...olai V. Podgorny, who had sent a congratulatory telegram President Nixon at the end of the flight.



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Associated Press.

Niagara Falls Roar Back to Life

NIAGARA FALLS, N.Y., Nov. 26 (Reuters).—The 176-foot-high American side of the Niagara Falls roared back to life yesterday after more than five months of silence (above).

The falls, one of the world's great tourist attractions, had been shut off by engineers in June so that geologists could make a survey of its cliffs and make repairs to stop them from crumbling.

Some 500,000 tons of water usually go over the falls every minute. Scientists feared that the falls could disappear unless something was done to counter the erosion.

The famous Horseshoe Falls on the Canadian side of the Niagara River have not been affected by the five-month operation.



AP.

Adlai E. Stevenson 3d

Democrats Back Stevenson for Senate Race

CHICAGO, Nov. 26 (NYT).—*State treasurer Adlai E. Stevenson 3d was endorsed yesterday as the Illinois Democratic party's candidate for the U.S. Senate.*

He will run in the general election next November to fill the remaining four years of the late Sen. Everett McKinley Dirksen's term.

His Republican opponent is expected to be Sen. Ralph T. Smith, who was appointed to the Dirksen seat after the Senate minority leader's death in September.

Mr. Stevenson, the 39-year-old son of the former Democratic presidential candidate, was near an open break with Mayor Richard Daley after last year's Democratic national convention. His selection was regarded as a bid by Mayor Daley to ease the split in the party and put a well-known figure at the head of a ticket that will now include a vital statewide office.

White House Asks For More Funds To Fight Drugs

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (AP).—President Nixon has asked Congress for supplemental appropriations of $290.2 million, including $11.7 million to intensify the crackdown on the smuggling of narcotics and dangerous drugs into the United States.

The White House said the $11.7 million for a smuggling crackdown involved additional manpower for the Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Justice Department's Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs and the Treasury's Customs Bureau. It also would provide for more aircraft and police motor vehicles for surveillance.

GOP Conservative Wins House Seat Outside Chicago

CHICAGO, Nov. 26 (WP).—A conservative Republican who has been aligned with President Nixon's policy in Vietnam easily won election to Congress yesterday.

Philip M. Crane, 39, swept comfortably ahead of liberal Democrat Edward A. Warman to win the district that encompasses Chicago's more affluent northern suburbs. With all 551 precincts reporting, Mr. Crane had 68,819 votes to Mr. Warman's 48,670.

The district has not elected a Democrat to Congress since the 1890s. The incumbent representative, Donald Rumsfeld, was appointed director of the U.S. Office of Economic Opportunity early this year.

Mr. Crane, a former history instructor at Bradley University, advocated closing the Panama Canal to nations trading with North Vietnam, breaking trade relations with Communist-bloc countries, and permitting South Vietnamese forces to sink barges in the North Vietnamese port of Haiphong.

The district voted for Mr. Nixon in the presidential election last year and also gave about 10,000 votes to George C. Wallace, the third-party candidate.

NASA Deputy Chief

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (UPI).—The Senate Space Committee yesterday approved the appointment of George M. Low, 43, as deputy administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration. Senate confirmation is expected shortly.

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U.S. Ban Covers Killer Germs From Anthrax to Psittacosis

By Richard D. Lyons

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (NYT).—President Nixon's limited ban on chemical and biological weapons (CBW) would bar American use of a frightening array of killers whose very names awaken specters of a chamber of horrors.

A truly mad scientist would be sorely challenged to conjure up such terrifying but authentic names for CBW agents as plague, Q-fever, anthrax, VX, psittacosis, VEE, sarin, BZ, phosgene, DM, mustard gas and tick-borne encephalitis.

According to an Army document, one fighter plane could carry enough of a lethal biological agent such as anthrax bacteria to kill half the people in New York after making only one pass over the city.

Planes also can spray the nerve gas code-named BZ, which can reduce a human to a gibbering idiot in seconds. Violent, irrational behavior may last for days, although the chemical is not believed to cause serious, long-lasting effects.

Four Groups

The Department of Defense divides CBW agents into four groups, two of which are unaffected by Mr. Nixon's order. The four groups are chemical, such as BZ; biological, such as anthrax; riot control, such as tear gas, and "fire and smoke agents," such as napalm.

White House advisers and Pentagon officials said riot-control and fire agents would remain in use.

One borderline case involves the chemical gas DM or adamsite, which the Army describes as a "riot-control agent" but which also may be lethal under certain conditions. Widely used in World War I but little employed today, DM causes violent sneezing, nausea and vomiting. It apparently would be outlawed under Mr. Nixon's directive. *It has been used in Vietnam.*

VX, a nerve gas developed in Britain after World War I, killed 6,000 sheep at the Army's Dugway Proving Grounds in Utah last year. Droplets of the agent enter the body from the nose or the pores of the skin. It may remain toxic on the ground for up to three weeks.

Sarin, a nerve gas more volatile than VX but less persistent, was developed by the Germans during World War II, but never used. Like VX, sarin or GB as it is sometimes called, kills when inhaled or absorbed by the skin.

Other chemical agents once widely used in warfare but seldom used today include phosgene, a room-temperature gas that irritates the lungs, and HD or mustard gas, which blisters the eyes, skin and lungs.

Other agents, such as the blistering gas lewisite and the blood gases hydrogen cyanide and cyanogen chloride, which cause suffocation, have not been used in recent years. Aside from the tear gases, VX is the major chemical agent in the American defense arsenal. It can be put into land mines, mortar rounds, artillery shells and rockets.

Most of the biological warfare agents are refinements and concentrations of organisms that cause natural diseases. About 100 of these diseases could, theoretically, be used in warfare. The Department of Defense is known to have developed and in some cases stockpiled organisms that would cause plague, anthrax, tularemia, psittacosis, Q-fever, botulism, Rocky Mountain spotted fever, brucellosis and Venezuelan equine encephalitis, or VEE.

A British CBW worker died a year ago after contracting pneumonic plague, which is fatal in almost all cases without prompt treatment.

Botulism toxin, sometimes found in improperly cooked or canned foods, will kill two-thirds of those persons who are infected within 24 hours. It interferes with breathing.

Anthrax, a bacterial lung infection, is almost always fatal within a few days of infection if not treated rapidly.

Q-fever and psittacosis, also known as parrot fever, are caused by organisms named rickettsiae, which are a cross between a bacterium and a virus. They lead to pneumonia-like diseases. Q-fever is not usually fatal, although the mortality rate for psittacosis may be high.

Tick-borne encephalitis and Venezuelan equine encephalitis, diseases that may inflame the brain and spinal cord, are not usually fatal. Vaccines for both forms are under development.

Court Upholds Army's Right to Bar Nazi Burial

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 26 (UPI).—The U.S. 4th Circuit Court of Appeals has upheld the Army's right to forbid a Nazi-type burial ceremony in Culpeper National Cemetery for George Lincoln Rockwell.

The court Tuesday agreed with Federal District Judge Oren R. Lewis, of Alexandria, Va., that the Nazi symbolism planned for the burial of the slain leader of the American Nazi party is not consistent with the brand of free speech protected by the First Amendment to the Constitution.

Mr. Rockwell, a Navy veteran, was shot in an Arlington, Va., parking lot Aug. 25, 1967, by a fellow Nazi.

Matt Koehl, who succeeded Mr. Rockwell as head of the party, has contended the Army is violating the party's constitutional right to freedom of expression.

U.S. Abolition Of Germ War Praised at UN

But the Retention of Tear Gas Is Deplored

By Robert H. Estabrook

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Nov. 26 (WP).—Diplomats handling disarmament negotiations enthusiastically welcomed yesterday President Nixon's statement renouncing American stockpiling and use of biological weapons.

Mixed with the enthusiasm, however, was regret that Mr. Nixon's renunciation of "the first use of incapacitating chemicals" apparently did not extend to the employment of tear gas in warfare.

In this respect the statement disappointed those who have been pressing for U.S. compliance with Secretary-General U Thant's report of last September on chemical and biological weapons.

That report, prepared with the assistance of a group of international experts, said military use of tear gas is prohibited by the Geneva protocol of 1925, which Mr. Nixon yesterday urged the Senate to ratify.

American use of tear gas and chemical defoliants in Vietnam has brought bitter criticism in the UN. This criticism also has focused on the U.S. failure until now to ratify the Geneva protocol.

Diplomats interpreted the President's language yesterday as leaving open the question of whether the U.S. does or does not agree that tear gas is covered by the protocol. But one Western expert said American ratification with a reservation on this point would be a retrogression.

Praise by Chalfont

Britain's minister of state for disarmament, Lord Chalfont, praised Mr. Nixon's statement as "making it easier to achieve" multilateral agreement on control of chemical and biological weapons. Lord Chalfont expressed gratitude that the United States had accepted the principle of a British draft resolution banning production and stockpiling of biological weapons and separating this from the more complex question of chemical weapons. He said both questions are likely to be referred back to the conference of the committee on disarmament at Geneva.

Sweden's minister of disarmament, Mrs. Alva Myrdal, also praised the portion of the Nixon statement dealing with biological weapons as "an enormous step forward."

But, she added, to interpret the 1925 convention as allowing the military use of tear gas "would run counter to the spirit, and I would say also to the letter, of the Geneva protocol."

Similar reservations are thought to have delayed a comment by Mr. Thant on the President's statement.

Private Criticism

Along with the use of chemical herbicides and napalm in Vietnam, the use of tear gas to force Viet Cong suspects out of caves has brought private denunciations here.

Critics contend that, far from being a humane weapon, tear gas has enabled American troops to mow down fleeing suspects.

A resolution stating explicitly that military use of tear gas is banned by the 1925 Geneva convention is among the items expected shortly in the General Assembly's Political Committee.

Lord Chalfont, however, conspicuously declined yesterday to associate Britain with this interpretation. British troops have used tear gas for riot control in Northern Ireland.

News Analysis

Nixon Stands to Gain Much In Rejecting Germ Warfare

By Robert M. Smith

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (NYT).—By the time President Nixon made his speech yesterday on chemical-biological warfare, there was nearly unanimous agreement among the top members of his administration on the decision he announced.

This was because he gave up a few untested weapons in the American arsenal to gain possible real advantages of security for the nation and prestige for himself.

Informed sources here say Mr. Nixon's decision on chemical-biological weapons was both shrewd and quick. They are asking people to look at what the President really gave up and they suggest that he will now take other important steps, though probably with less impact.

What the President gave up, they say, was:

● The "first use" of incapacitating chemicals. The United States has only one "incap" chemical—a gas called BZ. BZ enters the body through the lungs and interferes with the normal mental and physical processes. But BZ, the Pentagon has admitted, is terribly expensive, $20 a pound, and it takes thousands of pounds to knock out, say, a battalion, and its effects vary. While it makes some people passive, it may send others berserk. In addition, it can—in certain cases—kill its victims.

Germ-War Policy

● The use of germs to incapacitate and kill in war. It has been American policy that biological agents would be used to "retaliate in kind" against an enemy who used them on American forces or population.

However, experts in biochemical warfare point out that there were several problems that would probably have prevented the United States from ever using germs as weapons, even in retaliation.

In the first place, the germs and toxins (the dead but poisonous products of bacteria) stockpiled in refrigerated igloos at Pine Bluff Arsenal in Arkansas have never been tested. It is not clear what effect they would have on enemy forces or population.

Secondly, there is a central problem of "retaliation in kind": identifying the attacker. How could the United States tell whether it was, say, Peking or the Soviet Union that had spread a particular disease?

Limitation Problem

Thirdly—and this is probably the most common argument of those opposed to the stockpiles at Pine Bluff—how could the United States distribute germs against an enemy so that it could be sure that the germs stayed in hostile territory? How, they ask, could the diseases be kept from spreading into neutral or friendly territories or even from triggering a worldwide "pandemic" that would boomerang on the United States?

In light of all these uncertainties, the experts say—and Secretary of Defense Melvin R. Laird apparently agreed—both the incapacitating agent BZ and the arsenal of germs have very dubious strategic value. And it is only these weapons that Mr. Nixon forswore the use of yesterday.

On the other hand, the gains to the nation and to Mr. Nixon personally appear substantial, according to informed sources.

First—and perhaps most importantly—biological and chemical agents neither cost as much nor require the technical ability of nuclear experts to produce. By maintaining a stock of biologicals and refusing to sign the 1925 Geneva protocol banning the use of gas and germs, *the United States may* have been engendering interest in such weapons on the part of small, poorer countries keen to create their own arsenals.

In addition, the United States has been criticized at the Geneva disarmament conference and at the United Nations for refusing to take a strong stand on biochemical warfare. This week, the Political Committee of the UN is scheduled to discuss that subject.

Pressure Increasing

At the same time, domestic pressure on the administration has been mounting. Some of it has come from the academic community, some from a public troubled by accidents involving gas, and some from Congress.

The American Academy of Arts and Sciences and the Salk Institute sponsored a conference on biochemical warfare in July in Boston. Rep. Max McCarthy, a New York Democrat and an outspoken critic of biochemical-warfare policy, has a new book, "The Ultimate Folly," out today, and a House subcommittee is in the midst of hearings on biochemical warfare.

The administration made clear yesterday that it did not regard tear gas as banned by the Geneva protocol, pointing out that Australia—which is also fighting in Vietnam—shares that view.

The administration also said that the protocol does not apply to the use of herbicides, which the United States is using in large quantities in Vietnam for both tactical purposes (to clear fields of fire and find the enemy) and as an anti-crop device (to deny him food).

Nixon Signs Draft Reform; Lottery System Starts Jan. 1

By Carroll Kilpatrick

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (WP).—President Nixon today signed the draft reform bill he pushed through a reluctant Congress and immediately ordered the institution of a new lottery system, effective Jan. 1.

The President said that the new plan will end "the agony of suspense" that has afflicted young men from 19 to 26 and that, beginning in 1971, 19-year-olds will be drafted first.

In all probability they will be the only ones subject to the draft, except those deferred, he said.

Declaring that the reform will not end all inequities, Mr. Nixon said he will not be satisfied until "we have a completely volunteer armed force."

He described that as his "ultimate goal." Some experts have predicted that drafted men will not be sent to Vietnam after next year.

Dates in a Bowl

Next Monday the Selective Service System will hold a drawing to determine the order of induction. It will place in a bowl the dates for the 365 days of the year. Fifty young men, one from each state, will be invited to do the drawing.

The White House explained that if June 21 is drawn first, those whose birthdays are June 21 will be the first ordered for induction in January. If Jan. 12 is the next date drawn, those whose birthdays fall on that date will be drawn next.

Since some 850,000 young men will be in the 1970 draft pool, and only about 250,000 will be drafted, it is estimated that those whose birthdays fall in the first third of those drawn will certainly be drafted, those in the second third will have "an average probability of being drafted," and those in the bottom third a low probability.

The President directed Selective Service to permit a registrant to request a physical examination in advance so that he may know whether he is physically and mentally qualified for service.

The "youngest first" plan, where only 19-year-olds will be eligible unless there is a major emergency, will not begin until 1971. In 1970, all those who are between 19 and 26 on Dec. 31, 1969, will be eligible "so that no individual eligible for induction under the previous rules will escape vulnerability because of the change to the new system," the White House said.

When the President first requested the lottery and 19-year-olds-first plan, it appeared that he had little chance of winning congressional approval. But after a long fight the essence of his proposal was approved.

When he signed the bill, he praised Democrats and Republicans for their cooperation and said that the bill would not have passed without bipartisan support.

Another fight on draft reform will be waged next year. The President has ordered a study by the National Security Council on draft reform for the future and the study is expected to be completed this year, Secretary of Defense Melvin R. Laird said today.

The all-volunter Army, which Mr. Nixon promised to work for in last year's campaign, is predicated on an end of the Vietnam war. He said today, "We cannot move to that now, because of the requirements of our armed services. That is, however, our ultimate goal."

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INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

Page 4—Thursday, November 27, 1969 *

Germ Warriors Retired

The administration's unilateral renunciation of germ warfare and its reaffirmation that the United States will never be the first to use lethal gases is a welcome move that should raise President Nixon's prestige at home and American prestige abroad. The unequivocal abandonment of bacterial weapons is especially gratifying, since this particular concept of warfare is as senseless as it is horrifying, disease germs being as great a threat to the user as to the enemy. Since even in peacetime it poses a threat of accidental epidemics, it is particularly reassuring to have the President's pledge to destroy the Army's entire stockpile of germ missiles.

As for chemicals, Mr. Nixon is asking only for ratification of the 1925 Geneva protocol, which prohibits first use. Unofficially this has been national policy all along—with certain exceptions. Those exceptions, now in evidence in Vietnam, are tear gas and various defoliant chemicals. It is most unfortunate that the White House considers these outside the province of the Geneva declaration. We hope that the Senate will specifically prohibit them if and when it ratifies that 44-year-old agreement, as majority leader Mansfield seems confident it will.

The tear gas in use today, CS-2, is really a lung gas, far more painful than the simple chemical used when the Geneva protocol was drawn up—and it has been used in Vietnam to flush enemy soldiers out of hiding places so they can be shot down. The defoliants are triply reprehensible in that they destroy food supply far into the future, upset the ecology and threaten future generations with deformity.

Nevertheless, the President's action is a major step forward and a credit to the administration. When credits on this score are being distributed, incidentally, it would be grossly unfair to omit the name of Rep. Richard D. McCarthy, D., N.Y. More than any other man, the Buffalo congressman took the initiative in revealing the dangers and follies of chemical and biological warfare, exposed the extent of the stockpiling, and fought, sometimes singlehanded, for the renunciation that is now official policy.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

My Lai 4

"You have to have been there to know how it is," said an Army rifleman who was there at My Lai 4 hamlet in South Vietnam when it happened—when an undetermined number of civilians, old men, women, infants, perhaps as many as three or four hundred, were apparently shot to death by American troops in March of 1968. We who were not there can only absorb slowly, and perhaps partially, the full horror of it, let alone comprehend how this could happen. Our guess is that Peter Braestrup, who was also not at My Lai, but who has been there in Vietnam, covering the war the hard way, close up, for this newspaper, probably has it about right when he says:

> The tentative picture . . . that emerges indicates that under stress, in a particularly vicious corner of the war, the officers of a tired, understrength rifle company, at the very least, allegedly failed to prevent many of their men from slaughtering hostile but unarmed peasants in revenge for the deaths of some of their comrades.

Stress? Particularly vicious corner of the war? Tired? Understrength? Revenge? Can these words, put together, explain the horror of American soldiers shooting helpless civilians, point-blank? The appalling account offered by infantryman Paul Meadlo, one who was there, in an interview with Mike Wallace of CBS, suggests that, in a certain sense, they can, that decent men *can* crack under the strain and the frustration of a brutal and brutalizing war. The captain was there. Mr. Meadlo said. "Why didn't he put a stop to it, he knew what was going on . . . he was right there . . . at the time I felt I was doing the right thing . . . I lost buddies . . . I lost a damn good buddy, Bobby Wilson, and it was on my conscience . . ."

Perhaps it can happen; perhaps it happens more than we know, though probably not on the scale of My Lai. It is hard to say because there is still so much we do not know. What seems clear, however, is that it will never be enough to understand My Lai, if one ever can, for this is not simply a matter of a court-martial of one lieutenant, or of whatever number of men in his command who may be under investigation now. This is not just something to do with Company C, 1st Battalion, 20th Infantry, 11th Brigade, Americal Division. This, in the most extreme form, is the story of the Vietnam war, and it seems safe to say that when we know as much as we can know of this event the American public's perception of the war, rightly or wrongly, will never be the same again.

For the questions that are going to have to be answered merely begin with Lt. William L. Calley jr.'s guilt or innocence. There are more terrible questions that have to do with a system and a state of mind that can allow nearly 20 months to elapse before so monstrous an event is even brought to light, let alone to trial. We need to know how, in a system which positively thrives on operations reports and progress reports, no honest report of this "incident," as the Army calls it, apparently ever reached the high command. And how, according to reports, the regimental commander could develop strong suspicions that something had gone wrong and then make only the most cursory investigation. The suspicion arises that the Army really didn't want to know, that somehow an atmosphere has developed in which the unthinkable atrocity is of no great matter—until some conscience-stricken enlisted man talks and it comes time to find a scapegoat well down the chain of command. This is what we need to know more about—the system and the state of mind. For My Lai, even at best, cannot be written off as an exception that proves the rule, as some isolated aberration. For all its horror, in a certain sense it is part and parcel of the war, removed only in degree from what is known to be commonplace: the indiscriminate killing of South Vietnamese civilians by American saturation bombing, by American artillery fire, by isolated infantry skirmishing. So there is no way that it can be ignored, even without the worldwide uproar it has produced. We can perhaps weather that. What remains to be seen is whether we can withstand the outcry at home, for the massacre at My Lai 4 can only make more anguishing the central question of our capacity in good conscience to wage this war.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

International Opinion

A Lost Cause

When a soldier says "Yes, I shot babies and God punished me"—then a war is lost. Then the war has ceased to have any meaning or significance except killing. What has happened, and what Pinkville underlines, is that Americans have lost faith in the war. They have lost faith, as Britain lost faith in keeping India down by force, or Cyprus. As France realized that there was no point in going on with the struggle to hold Algeria, or Indochina. A war in which the soldiers who are fighting it have lost faith is a war than can never be won. It is a war that must be ended. That is the harsh and inevitable reality that President Nixon has to face.

—From the Daily Mirror (London).

France and Europe

The "European" passages of the important speech delivered in Strasbourg by Prime Minister Chaban-Delmas undoubtedly constitute a response to the increased insistence of the proponents of rapid negotiations with Britain. The prime minister was very definite in recalling the traditional precondition posed by French diplomacy: the completion of the Common Market on schedule by Jan. 1, 1970. But he also took up again a point which formed the main part of the Gaullist doctrine when the problem of British membership was raised for the first time: the necessity of a European construction, "developing in a really European, that is to say independent, direction." Independent of whom? Of the United States, evidently . . . Was this not a repetition of the old accusation made not so long ago against a nation suspected of making itself the Americans' "Trojan horse" in Europe?

—From Les Echos (Paris).

Dropping Gold Price

Gold at $35.40 an ounce constitutes a brilliant victory for the monetary policy of the American administration. The West now lives under the reign of the dollar standard. . . . In the monetary battle, it is the dollar that finally vanquished gold.

—From France-Soir (Paris).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

Nov. 27, 1894

ST. PETERSBURG—The marriage of the Czar Nicholas II to Princess Alice of Hesse was celebrated in the Winter Palace today, amid every demonstration of rejoicing on the part of the population of St. Petersburg. At the conclusion of the service, when the Czar and his bride went to the Kazan Cathedral to invoke the divine protection, an enormous crowd, which completely filled the Nevsky Prospect and the great square, cheered their Czar as guns and bells were heard.

Fifty Years Ago

Nov. 27, 1919

WASHINGTON—Two important developments yesterday in the treaty fight served to heighten interest in the renewal of the bitter controversy when Congress meets next week. President Wilson, either in his regular message or in a special announcement, is expected to take an affirmative position on Senate reservations, abandoning his negative attitude, and declaring just what sort of reservations can be accepted without nullifying the treaty and the League of Nations.



Who Is to Blame for Song My?

By James Reston

WASHINGTON—The massacre of women and children by American soldiers at the South Vietnamese village of Song My in Quang Ngai Province raises some fundamental questions. Who was to blame—the men who killed the people in the village, the officers who gave the orders to kill them, or the "system" of war that trapped them all?

Beyond this, there is another question, which Vice-President Agnew has raised. Whatever happened in the massacre of Song My, should it be reported by press, radio and television, since clearly reporting the murder of civilians by American soldiers helps the enemy, divides the people of this country, and damages the ideal of America in the world?

The main facts of this tragedy are not in dispute. Even the President and the secretary of defense were discussing them on the telephone yesterday morning and agreeing that they had to deal with the main charge: that members of "Company C, 1st Battalion, 20th Infantry, did, at My Lai 4 (Song My village), Quang Ngai Province, on or about 16 March 1968, with premeditation, murder an unknown number of Oriental human beings, not less than 70, males and females of various ages, whose names are unknown . . . by means of shooting them with a rifle."

Confusion, Brutality

Some of the men of Company C who did the shooting, and some who refused to shoot, have recently reported to the press and television network what happened. It is an appalling story of confusion and brutality, of gunning down children and women, of American soldiers who could not do it, and others who felt it was their duty to carry out orders, and some who were so brutalized or so confused or ignorant that they didn't know what they were doing or were being asked to do.

It is interesting, in the light of this testimony by the men who fired the guns, to look back at the official reports of this "incident" at the village in Quang Ngai Province. The text of the American MACV communiqué of March 16, 1968, reads as follows:

"Operation Muscatine: Quang Ngai Province. Thus far, 128 enemy have been killed in an engagement between elements of the Americal Division's 11th Light Infantry Brigade and an enemy force of unknown size . . ." A shorter version of this official communiqué said: "In an action today, American divisional forces have killed 128 enemy near Quang Ngai City." Nothing was said about small gunfire against the residents of the city.

The reporters missed the tragedy of Song My, and no wonder. They were conned by the Pentagon propaganda chiefs in Saigon, but the Americans are a moral and gabby people, and the truth finally came out. After all, there are now over a million Americans back in civilian life who have fought in Vietnam, and some of them have now told what they saw in that tragic South Vietnamese village.

What they saw was "the enemy," and they wiped it out "on orders," not only the Viet Cong but the women and the children, and now that the facts have been told, everybody concerned, including the President and the secretary of defense, is appalled, and apologetic.

But the village of Song My or My Lai 4 was what the Pentagon and Gen. Abrams in Saigon called a "free fire zone." That is to say, it was a village under control of the enemy, and therefore a fair target for the B-52 bombers and the artillery.

The B-52s hit villages like this all the time in the "free zone," killing anybody in the area. Ditto the artillery guns. The only difference in the attack of Company C was that they saw the human beings in the village and killed them with their M-16s anyway, and then told their story on TV.

But in other ways, in long-distance artillery fire and high-flying B-52 bombers, the same thing happens all the time and it never gets into the newspapers or on the television.

Question for Courts

So there is a question, which is now going to the military courts. Is Paul Meadlo of Terre Haute, Ind., this tragic and limited human being, to blame? Or William L. Calley jr., the hard-faced lieutenant who gave the orders? Or the higher officers who watched the carnage and let it go on?

Or was it "the system"? What is the difference between the B-52 bombardier or the long-range artillery officer who wipes out the women and children in the village and the man who fires the M-16 under orders? One sees the human agony before he fires and the other doesn't—in human terms it is a big difference—but the end for the villagers is the same.

The President and the secretary of defense now have to deal with this question. The facts are out, and as Vice-President Agnew says, they hurt the government and the country, but what is to be done? Should the facts be suppressed, the soldiers who kill on the ground be hung and the airmen in the B-52s who kill many more be praised?

It would be interesting to hear from the President and the Vice-President on these questions, but they are remarkably silent.

Letters

Powers Elite

In any large society it is imperative, in order to avoid a stagnant, overly bureaucratic state, that decisions be made by a select few. This is a fact of life. Not every official of society can be elected. Generals, who have life and death in their hands, are not elected. Nor are presidential advisers. Nor are newsmen. All three groups can be said to represent small, closed circles of thought. But the fact remains that small, sometimes unrepresentative groups of decision-makers are necessary for the vitality of our society.

STANLEY A. TWAROG.
Megève, France.

Presidential Power

The International Herald Tribune of Nov. 23 reported one reaction to the senatorial rejection of Judge Haynsworth's nomination to the Supreme Court. The vote was said there to be "a reflection of the failure of some in the Senate to recognize the President's constitutional prerogatives." This extraordinary statement, which would be patent nonsense if a private individual said it, was made by no less than the attorney general of the United States.

It is time to examine the current struggles in the United States to see if there are conflicting ideologies beneath them. The protesters in the streets and elsewhere are barely unified by their opposition to the war in Vietnam; it would be unjust to attribute a single opinion to all of them on any issue except the war. But Sen. Fulbright has been explicit: one of his major goals is to recapture what he calls senatorial powers in foreign policy which have been assumed by the executive branch.

The attorney general's recent statement reflects another point of view—one which expected the Senate to furnish a rubber stamp to the President's nomination and which finds its rejection an infringement of his "constitutional prerogatives." One re-reads the Constitution without finding the word "prerogatives"; "powers," yes, but nothing so authoritarian as a prerogative. A related outlook opposes public criticism of the war just now because the government is thought to have been entrusted to the new President and one should thus sit back and see what he can do.

If the only function of Congress is to advise and then consent, Congress should be abolished for the sake of time and economy. If, however, having broken the last President and just humiliated the current one will serve to help re-establish a much-extolled balance of powers, the "constitutionalism" which may possibly be the result will cast a favorable light on many diverse individuals who will have contributed to it—from President Eisenhower to Sen. Fulbright and even to the strange conglomerations one finds sometimes in the streets.

ANDREW W. LEWIS.
Paris.

Drugs and Decadence

To reduce a nation to decadence is as good a form of subversion as any other. What form of subversion could be more quietly perpetrated than intensification of the use of drugs?

What can seduce men—and women—more easily than an appeal to their lowest sexual instincts?

Are we being worked on by the purveyors of decadence? All we have to do is read the headlines . . .

CATHERINE BUEHLER.
Paris.

Inspired Art

Buchwald better be careful. It is obvious that it takes a Republican administration to bring out his best.

D.S.
Paris.

The International Herald Tribune welcomes letters from readers. Short letters have a better chance of being published. All letters are subject to condensation for space reasons. Anonymous letters will not be considered for publication. Writers may request that their letters be signed only with initials, but preference will be given to those fully signed and bearing the writer's complete address.

Running Hard and Scared

Nixon's Front Men

By Philip Geyelin

WASHINGTON.—"I don't think the average Americans realize how desperate it is when a group of demonstrators, not peaceful demonstrators, but the very liberal Communists move into Washington," said the wife of the attorney general the other day and went on to add: "As my husband has said many times, some of the liberals in this country, he'd like to take them and change them for the Russian Communists."

The Mitchells have obviously had an experience for which they were not entirely prepared when they came to work in Washington (the demonstrations outside the Justice Department two weekends ago looked to Mr. Mitchell "like a Russian Revolution," his wife exclaimed). And while it may be that Mrs. Mitchell was not reflecting her husband's considered view, on the other hand it is more likely that she was, because *her* account is by no means inconsistent with some of the things he and others in this administration have said and done in recent days. So it says something about what's wrong with the approach of the Nixon crowd—the almost hysterical edge in their voices, the near paranoia about dissent, the mindless combativeness, the dated preoccupation with the "Russians," and along with that, the awful ease with which the opposition is branded Communist. And it also says something about how to set it right.

The problem is not merely a matter of whether this is an administration of able, intelligent, decent men; it's a mixture, like most. The problem, or a large part of it, is that the wrong men, the raw amateurs, are out front, making the running, doing the loudest talking, setting the pace. And just because they are the wrong men, unskilled, untested, out of date and out of touch, with little stomach for the very thing that the Vice-President professes to relish—"the rough and tumble of public debate"— because of all this, these men are running scared. For all their bold, aggressive airs, *the men out front are frightened men.*

'An Arrogant Few'

"How can you ask the man in the street in this country to stand up for what he believes if his own elected leaders weasel and cringe," the Vice-President asked in his speech last week and then proceeded to lay about him at "an arrogant few . . . a small minority . . . hundreds who have burned their draft cards . . . scores who have deserted to Canada and Sweden . . . the gentlemen from The New York Times." How can so few be so frightening? Are these antagonists worthy of so much time and energy?

"It is not an easy thing to wake up each morning to learn that some prominent man or institution has implied that you are a bigot, a racist or a fool," Mr. Agnew went on to say, and perhaps right there we are closer to the heart of it. These men are not as tough as they are touchy; a dangerous level of dissent is found by the deputy attorney general in 1.35 percent of a peace march; security is sought in a degree of unity beyond all realistic reach; without flinching Harry Truman conducted a war with as little as 27 percent of the public behind him; this administration feels insecure even while claiming to have a solid majority in support.

If this is the problem, a solution suggests itself and that is simply to silence the new boys and let the tone and style and approach of the administration be fixed by men within its ranks who have done time in this kitchen, or others, and have learned to take the heat. There are such men, but it is idle even to consider a solution without first examining the central question of where the President figures in all this.

Decibel Count

He promised at the start to lower voices, and this was, on the face of it, the easiest of all his campaign promises to keep. Yet it has only been ten months, and the decibel count is edging back toward the level of the (Joe) McCarthy years. It is too easy to say that the dissenters started it; they were doing their thing when he arrived. We had already had the Pentagon march, and Chicago, and on a loftier level the Fulbright hearings and the phenomenon of the McCarthy campaign. But we had not had protest on a monthly install-ment plan and more impor- had not had the super-p shouting from the right, ti waving, or anything li voulme of violent hate ma its own inflammatory beha Nixon administration has all that and in the mos way, by claiming only to to forestall and preempt- is promoting and elevatin the imprimatur of the pr to new respectability.

It also isn't enough to ar the President hasn't been pating in the worst of it or that he couldn't have it down if he had wanted nonsense to suppose that t President or the attorney (or his deputy) or Trans Secretary John A. Volpe master General Winton M or the others who have beer the running are beyond They are all, even Mr. responsive to a president not just by sending Ror around afterward to tidy by a firm presidential de tone things down. It can by directive, if need be, c by quieting the amateurs a more running room to the more experienced William Rogers at State, example, or the case-heard Melvin Laird at Defense, Finch at HEW, or the di communications, Herbert Alternatively, the Presid come out more often fro the screen he has built himself and the public an job himself.

Instinct for Com

In short, it is up to hi this point things get mu cause we do not know and nobody can—witho claim to divine insight. his long exposure in pu he remains a riddle, wrap enigma called Ziegler, lett talk, except on those rare when he has said and do which only reinforce the i of a curious, native comb

It is not the muscular tiveness of, say, the Ken the rough willfulness o Johnson. It is somethin reflexive contentiousness, ness to see challenges invite them, an unfailin for getting himself corn another for lashing back runs like a thread thr President's too little re biography, "The Six Cris compulsion for "combat" word), the overriding ne the intense self-analysis step along the way, the reaction to every impor development, the conscio to fighting pitch, the fe down before the fight is w and again these reocco encounters with Khrush the Caracas mob, and Joh nedy, and the monster media who tried to des so he thinks, in the affa California campaign fund

Maybe this is enough what now is going on—e: it is many years later President now and The White in "The Making President: 1968" tells u is a new and different m edly more secure and than the one we used Who can say, for we do know how much the men are really representativ President or to what exte an all too familiar effin part of the man in t House to have it both y

But somehow the suspi is that we will know bet long, because however eff President's Southern stra have been in stitching t winning constituency a in the Electoral College, coming increasingly clear is not a constituency on workable, national govern be built—a government deal generously and effect dissent in a deeply divided that can conduct a diser from a desperately unpop that can reorder domestic and come to terms with and the blacks and the

The first Nixon term than three years to run is more than enough there are plenty of ways- ident Nixon to make goo fundamental theme he set self from the start—the f of business on which the conduct of all other busin have to rest. "Bring us was the way it went. the way that it is going

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ongest Israeli Air Raid Hits rtillery Batteries in Jordan

By James Feron

USALEM, Nov. 26 (NYT).— jets attacked long-range ar- batteries in Jordan for four today in the most sustained of this type since the 1967

raid in the northern Jordan followed a two-and-one-half ttack last week in the central area. Military sources said Iraqi positions were among hit in the raid. Baghdad confirmed that Iraqi units me under attack, adding that raeli jets were downed.

Israelis said all their planes ed safely. They declined to w many sorties were flown, iro radio reported last week a similar four-hour Israeli against Egyptian positions the Suez Canal that Israeli wks had flown 44 sorties.

idents of Tiberias, an Israeli on the Sea of Galilee just a range of the Iraqi guns, said could feel the vibrations as raelis used half-ton bombs e Jordanian attack.

Israelis identified the central as Asad, a Jordanian vil- even miles northwest of Irbid en miles east of Gesher, an village below the Sea of e that had been a frequent

ay's sustained raid is part of an Israeli attempt to neutralise the Jordanian side of the valley as far as artillery and heavy mortars are concerned, observers here believe.

Their targets were the 155-mm. and 130-mm. guns that have plagued the string of a dozen settlements below the Sea of Galilee and the newer outposts in the occupied West Bank.

Israel has established three nahals, or para-military settlements, on the West Bank and is planning two more. One will be near the Damiya Bridge and the other between the bridge and Jericho, farther south.

All are within range of the Iraqi, Syrian and Jordanian artillery positions stationed in the foothills of the mountains east of the river. The 155-mm. guns are used by the Jordanians and the 130-mm. by the others.

A high-ranking Israeli source said yesterday that there had been no artillery activity in the central sector following the air strike ten days ago.

In the past two days, however, Israeli and Arab artillery units have exchanged heavy fire after dark in the northern sector untouched during last week's raid.

Israeli air strikes, once brief, are now extended along the Egyptian as well as Jordanian borders. Long-range strategic considerations also seem to have been eclipsed by short-range tactical aims.

The intention now seems to be the destruction of Arab artillery potential and to limit border activity to the inevitible sniping and light-arms fire across the Suez Canal and Jordan River.

Bodies Returned

TEL AVIV, Nov. 26 (UPI).—Israel today returned to Egypt the bodies of three Egytian commandos killed Nov. 22 when they attempted to ambush an Israeli motorized patrol north of Ismailia, an Israeli Army spokesman said.

The Red Cross supervised the transfer of the bodies at El-Qantara, which was delayed for some time by Egyptian shelling, he said.

Houses Destroyed

TEL AVIV, Nov. 26 (UPI).—The Israeli occupation authorities today blew up "a number" of houses in the West Bank village of Jenin, the Israeli television reported.

Security forces also sealed off the entrance to a residential bloc and a pharmacy in Bethlehem with concrete walls, after their owners were arrested recently as suspected guerrillas.

Monday, Jenin was the scene of a running battle between Israeli security forces and Arab guerrillas.



Associated Press.

ENRAGED ADRIATIC—Storm winds sent huge waves rolling over Trieste Tuesday night, flooding the center of the city under three feet of water. Above, the repeated hammer blows of the wind-driven sea smashed part of the docks of this port city.

zechs Jail Man ho Challenged asaryk Verdict

AGUE, Nov. 26 (Reuters).— an who tried to prove that oslovak Foreign Minister Jan ryk was murdered as part of viet plot was sentenced to 32 hs' imprisonment here today. Prague court found Vitezslav ak guilty of slandering the blic and its representatives, ry and disturbing the peace g his one-man effort to show Mr. Masaryk did not commit de in March, 1948.

ortly after the Communist over in that year, he was found in a courtyard beneath the window of his apartment. death was officially reported uicide.

r. Kadlcak's campaign, publiciz- n the uncensored Prague press ng the reformist era, provoked angry reaction from the Soviet on.

he court also ruled that Mr. lcak's story that he was shot while driving and had impor- t documents on the case stolen a fake.

U.S. Envoy to Taiwan Refuses To Answer Senate Questions

By Warren Unna

ASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (WP). second U.S. ambassador yes- ay invoked executive privilege declining to answer questions to him by a Senate Foreign tions subcommittee investigat- American commitments abroad.

was Walter P. McConaughy, Ambassador to Nationalist a.

st week, Leonard Unger, U.S. assador to Thailand, resorted similar defense.

th ambassadors were abiding nstructions from John R. Ste- n, the State Department's adviser. Mr. McConaughy nted a letter from Mr. Ste- n to back up his refusal to er.

Strict Secrecy

e subcommittee investigation, ed by Sen. Stuart Symington, Mo., has been under such ity wraps that witness lists never given out and hearings not announced, even though all are held behind closed

nday, Ambassador McConau- who was put under oath, as been all other witnesses, was pressed on the extent of U.S. intelligence commitments to Chiang Kai-shek's Taiwan government. These presumably involved such matters as spy plane surveillance over the Communist China mainland.

Mr. McConaughy declined to answer all questions on this subject.

Two weeks ago, Sen. J. William Fulbright, D., Ark., chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, told the Senate that the surveillance flights had been quietly suspended in March, 1968, and then resumed in October. He noted that right after their resumption there was a report that another U.S. drone had been shot down by the Communist Chinese.

Inconsistency Seen

Mr. Fulbright questioned whether renewed spying over China might not be inconsistent with the Nixon administration's new initiatives in trying to ease Sino-American tensions.

Ambassador Unger originally refused to testify on what were described as "six or eight questions" concerning U.S. intelligence commitments in Thailand. One of these concerned the amount of money the United States was paying the Thais for their operations in neutral Laos.

Ambassador Unger, also under oath, declined to answer the subcommittee's questions. The subcommittee then summoned him back to an unannounced afternoon hearing. Mr. Unger came accompanied by Richard Helms, director of the Central Intelligence Agency.

Subcommittee members found the high-level chaperonage unprecedented and saw this as an attempt to intimidate Mr. Unger. Nevertheless, in a final appearance before the subcommittee last Friday afternoon, also unannounced, Mr. Unger came unaccompanied and provided the subcommittee with the answers it sought.

Senator Is Angered

One subcommittee senator said yesterday that the instructions by Mr. Stevenson that ambassadors should not answer executive session questions was "intolerable," that the subcommittee simply would not accept it and that it was assumed Mr. McConaughy would eventually provide the answers sought—just as Mr. Unger had.

In earlier hearings on U.S. commitments in the Philippines, subcommittee questioning brought to light that the United States had been secretly subsidizing the pay of Philippine soldiers in order to persuade the Philippine government to send them to Vietnam and make the war there appear to be more of a multinational crusade.

Italy's Bill On Divorce Survives Test

By Alfred Friendly Jr.

ROME, Nov. 26 (NYT).—The Chamber of Deputies, Italy's lower house, voted 322 to 290 today to defeat a last-ditch move against a pending divorce law. The decision opened the way for the bill's approval Saturday, the first time such legislation has come so close to passage in ten attempts dating back to 1881.

If aproved, the legislation will allow Italians to divorce a mate who has been sentenced to prison for 12 or more years, has committed such crimes as incest, has been judged incurably insane and confined for five years or more, or has been divorced or remarried abroad. Another provision—the one likely to help most of the estimated five million Italians now with irregular marital status—permits divorce if the mates have been legally or effectively separated for five years.

Along with Andorra, San Marino, Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Paraguay and Ireland, Italy does not now permit divorce.

5-Month Filibuster

The parliamentary defeat for a motion sponsored by the ruling Christian Democrat party followed five months of filibuster on the bill and came after Christian Democrats agreed to let the chamber vote on divorce so it could move on to other issues. The divorce bill is strongly supported by both Socialist parties, who also support but do not participate in the minority one-party government, and by the Communist, Republican and Liberal parties on the left and right of the government.

The actual 32-vote majority, three higher than generally predicted, indicated that a few Christian Democrats may have taken advantage of the secret ballot on today's motion to pigeonhole the bill to vote against their party's orders. The pro-divorce majority in the Senate, where the bill will have to be approved later, is even stronger than in the House.

High Percentage

With only 17 members absent, the lower chamber registered a higher percentage of deputies voting on the divorce issue than it has on any question in the past. Despite their defeat today, however, Christian Democrats have said they will continue the battle in the Senate and will also press for quick parliamentary approval of a national referendum law permitting the country to vote for or against instituting divorce.

While parliament was preparing to vote, Pope Paul VI told newly married couples at his general audience that he hoped the "indissolubility of marriage" would continue to be protected by Italian law.

Venice, Trieste, Other Cities Battered by Adriatic Storm

VENICE, Italy, Nov. 26 (UPI).—Wind-whipped Adriatic tides smashed into Venice, Trieste and dozens of other coastal cities and towns today, touching off flood alarms and causing widespread damage.

A man drowned in Trieste, which reported the highest tide level on record. Waves 20 feet high shut ports, battered houses, blocked highways, stranded motorists and scores of families.

Warning sirens in Venice sounded as water rose nearly five feet in the canal city and merchants rushed to their shops to remove wares threatened by water.

The water level in Venice was described as the highest since the 1966 flooding. Florence also suffered damage in 1966.

The director of the Trieste Geophysical Observatory said the water level was the highest on record in the city.

Sixty-mile-an-hour winds blew the sea two blocks inland on the Trieste waterfront, blocking tourists in their hotels, knocking out electricity and telephone services and filling shops with up to three feet of sea water.

The water later receded in most of Trieste, but the coastal highway connecting the city with the rest of Italy was still flooded. Cars were under water and boats were swept inland in many coastal communities.

Bad weather hit most of Italy. Snow fell in the Alps and Apennines. Rain and hail storms were reported in many parts of the country. Port authorities in Taranto issued a storm warning and fishing boats stayed in port in many areas.

A woman in Caltagirone, Sicily, was electrocuted when she touched a balcony railing on which an electric wire had fallen in a storm.

One Dies, 48 Saved After Tanker Splits

HONG KONG, Nov. 26 (UPI).—All but one of the 49-man crew of the Liberian tanker Pacocean, which ran into heavy seas and broke in two off southern Taiwan yesterday, have been rescued, it was reported here today.

A spokesman for China Marine Investment Co. said that according to latest information 48 survivors and the body of one seaman were being taken by rescue vessels to Kaohsiung on Taiwan, Pusan, South Korea, and to Hong Kong.

Cold Weather Breaks Strike Of French Power Workers

PARIS, Nov. 26.—Striking electricity and gas workers today cut off power over large areas of France—and then restored it in an unprecedented move because of cold weather.

The power cuts, which began last night and had been due to continue until 9 p.m. today, were part of a 48-hour strike called to back pay claims by the Communist-led General Labor Confederation (CGT) and the independent Democratic Labor Confederation (CFDT).

The unions decided to restore supplies at 11 a.m. today in a move aimed at avoiding rousing public anger on a day when freezing cold made heat and light a necessity.

In the Normandy city of Falaise the current was restored at 10 a.m. after 300 people demonstrated against the cuts outside the local electricity building.

Demonstrations against the power cuts were also staged in Troyes, southeast of Paris, and in the Channel coast towns of Bayeux and Le Tréport.

In Metz, eastern France, a baker who could not bake his bread because of the power cut left four sacks of dough in front of the local electricity and gas headquarters.

Apart from the cold, many people breakfasted by candlelight and then had to struggle to work through massive traffic jams caused when traffic lights stopped working and the subway was halted.

After essential personnel had restored the current this morning, the trade unions maintained their call for other workers to stay on strike until the 48-hour stoppage ends tonight.

The strike was obeyed by about half of France's power workers. It forced several big factories to close—and put out the lights for a time at today's session of the Vietnam peace talks.

The situation was discussed by President Georges Pompidou and his ministers at a cabinet meeting today, and Léo Hamon, the government spokesman, said later that the unions were forced to abandon the strike because of "public opinion and the determination of the government."

Today's strike was the second paralysis of electric power in nine days. It reflected the CGT's decision, taken at their congress last week, to continue harassing the government with intermittent strikes.

CGT secretary-general Georges Seguy, a ranking Communist party political bureau member, said in a television interview last night he still believes that Mr. Pompidou, elected June 15 to succeed Gen. Charles de Gaulle, will not serve out his whole seven-year term.

The electricity and gas company managements and the strikers were expected to open talks on grievances tonight. The unions are demanding a minimum 7 percent wage hike and a working week of 43 instead of 44 hours.

In other labor troubles, several French ports were hit today by an employers' lockout which followed wage disputes and several short strikes.

Railroad employees, who staged strikes in September, warned in a statement today of possible future action if the management did not satisfy their concern about cuts in staff.

Anti-Racists Battle Police At Manchester Rugby Game

MANCHESTER, England, Nov. 26 (Reuters).—Police and demonstrators fought today in the biggest and bloodiest anti-apartheid protest of a South African rugby team's strife-torn tour of Britain.

About 4,000 banner-waving students who had marched through the streets of Manchester in a half-mile-long procession stormed the White City Stadium.

They swarmed over barricades and garden fences, crashed through a police cordon and fought hand-to-hand battles with policemen.

Reinforcements were rushed in from the 2,000-strong police squad and the howling mob was beaten back.

There were scores of minor injuries and police made 135 arrests.

Inside the stadium demonstrators failed to interrupt the match and the South African Springboks beat North West Counties, 12-9—their fourth victory in seven matches.

'Cowards, Cowards'

The worst clashes came as police tried to shepherd the huge procession into a car park. Anti-apartheid leaders made loudspeaker appeals for a peaceful demonstration but were shouted down by militants chanting, "Cowards, Cowards . . ."

The march broke up into wild disorder. The militants, carrying Socialist International and Marxist-Leninist banners, charged toward the police cordon.

Several spectators were trodden underfoot in the stampede and student medical orderlies treated more than 20 persons in the street.

Smoke bombs and banners were hurled at police. Four policemen were hurt—two of them were taken to hospital with broken ribs.

Lancashire's Chief Constable William Palfrey blamed "a minority group of extremists" for the disturbances. "They came for that purpose," he said.

It was the biggest demonstration at the seven matches the South Africans have played so far and the third time police and protesters have clashed.

The Springboks' trouble-torn tour suffered another setback last night when Saturday's match in Belfast was called off because it was feared anti-apartheid demonstrations might incite fresh Protestant-Roman Catholic rioting.

Biafrans Request Swiss to Mediate

BERN, Switzerland, Nov. 26 (AP).—The Biafran leader, Gen. Odumegwu Ojukwu, has asked the Swiss government to help arrange peace talks and mediate in the Nigerian conflict, a Swiss Foreign Ministry official said today.

The request was transmitted by a Swiss legislator who met Gen. Ojukwu and other Biafran officials during a visit to the rebellious province last month.

Schumann in Rome

ROME, Nov. 26 (UPI).—French Foreign Minister Maurice Schumann flew into Rome today for a one-day conference with Italian leaders about European Common Market problems.

Vows to Continue Struggle

Duchess of Medina-Sidonia Ends 8 Months in Spain Jail

By Richard Eder

ALCALA DE HENARES, Spain, Nov. 26 (NYT).—The Duchess of Medina-Sidonia ended eight months of imprisonment today and immediately resumed her struggle to bring social reforms to Spain.

At noon she emerged from the women's prison here, a plaid suitcase in each hand. Uniformed female guards crowded at a second-story window and the wife of a prison official leaned over her third-story flower pots to watch. The duchess hugged a group of friends and then hurried over to three Spanish newsmen standing nearby.

"Put it in your papers," she told them. "Make a campaign. People can't take a proper shower in there."

The reporters asked the duchess, whose face was sallow and gaunt, how she felt.

"I am all right, but I leave 167 companions inside there in miserable shape," she said, waving her right hand toward the cell windows. The hand was badly scraped. A kitchen worker, hurrying to kiss her goodbye, had dropped a load of wood on it.

The light, auburn-haired, 33-year-old duchess, who is grandee of Spain through three different titles, was sentenced to a year in jail late last year for one of her numerous acts of social protest. This was her attempt to lead a group of farmers from Palomares, in southern Spain, to demonstrate at the U.S. Embassy in Madrid.

Palomares was where a U.S. Air Force B-52 bomber crashed in 1967, scattering parts of three hydrogen bombs and leaving considerable radioactive damage. The demonstration was to protest what villagers regard as insufficient compensation settlements.

The duchess, whose family name is Luisa Isabel Alvarez de Toledo y Maura, entered prison last March. An appeal for amnesty by her relatives (she refused to sign it) was rejected after the jail director asked her if she repented of her action and she said no.

Her release after eight months was obligatory, according to the law, since she had chosen to work in jail, and this reduces sentence by one third. The duchess, besides being a horsewoman, flamenco singer and social crusader, is a writer and scholar. She asked to teach in the prison school but the authorities told her to go ahead with a book she was preparing on Spain in the 18th century.

"I told them that I was still in the research stage," she said in her apartment after the 20-mile drive back to Madrid. "But they insisted I turn out a written manuscript, and they would judge according to the number of pages. So I wrote 500 pages, but it's not any good and I shall have to do it over."

"There was no heat," she said, "and if anybody wanted a coal heater she had to pay for it herself. When I arrived there was no hot shower. When I protested one was installed in the prison clinic. But it was not easily available to everyone, so after a while I stopped using it myself."

During the eight months, the duchess made more than ten complaints—each had to be written on stamped paper—to the director. She won her fight to have the prison provide a newspaper to the inmates after going on what was, in effect, a hunger strike. She refused to eat anything but the regular prison diet.

Spanish prisons allot 36 cents a day to feed each prisoner. It is common practice for prisoners to have relatives bring them extra food. When the duchess began to turn black her food packages, a prison official told her she would get sick if she ate nothing but the regular diet.

"I refused, and three days later they began to provide a newspaper," she recalled.

She spoke of deficiencies in food, hygiene, medical care and treatment of the prisoners. A reporter asked her what she had gained from the eight months.

"An experience," she said. "And something new to work for."

What were her plans?

"To take a bath," she said. "To go on being what I always have been. To write a book about prison and help those I left inside. To fight for the people... and this doesn't mean I belong to any group or party, gentlemen. For God's sake."



AP.

Duchess of Medina-Sidonia

Italy to Give Police Raise For Risk in Strike Control

ROME, Nov. 26 (AP).—Interior Minister Franco Restivo announced today that all policemen in Italy would get a supplement of $34 a month starting Jan. 1 as high-risk pay.

The development came one week after a 22-year-old policeman was killed in Milan in a riot during a general strike. Police in Milan and elsewhere had reacted bitterly to the death and grumbles about inadequate pay circulated through the ranks.

"The provision," Mr. Restivo said of the new raise, "will take into account the particularly grave risks and dangers connected with police service."

Mr. Restivo also announced that the Italian government would hire 5,000 new policemen to boost its security forces to meet increased labor and student agitation.

The Rome police chief, meanwhile, refused permission to metal-workers for a march and rally they had planned to hold Friday. Their plans called for metal-workers in separate groups to march from four outer piazzas to Piazza Venezia.

Those plans, said the police chief, would paralyze traffic in downtown Rome and inconvenience much of the population.

There was no immediate reaction from the organizers of the rally.

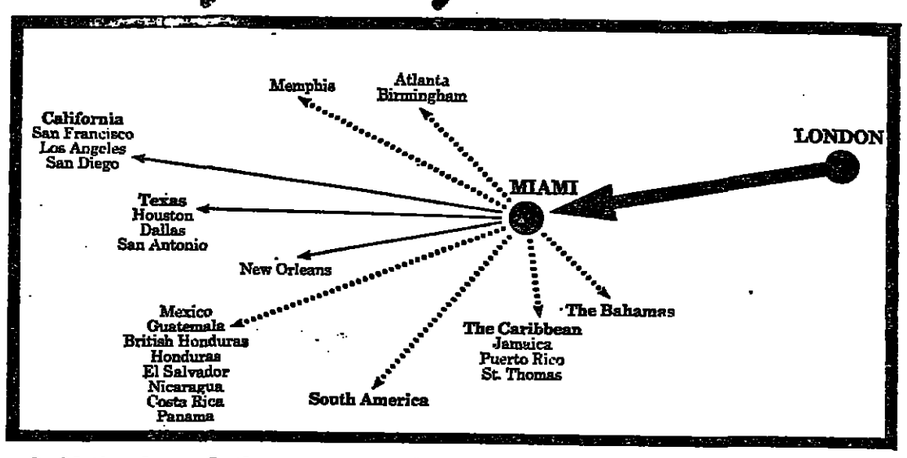
The police also announced today that they would ban a planned march of pro-Arab demonstrators through the center of the city to the outskirts of the old Jewish district.

The police acted after politicians and newspapers called the planned march a provocation and a threat to public order. It was scheduled Friday simultaneously with the planned metalworkers' march.

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The Independent Women of Prague

By Margaret Crimmins

PRAGUE (WP).—Prague was founded by a princess and it's called "she" by a poetic guide writer, "as if the woman's hand that pointed to Prague's birthplace on the banks of the Vltava had left its gentle mark."

Poesy aside, Prague is a woman's city, but more for reasons of economics than a "gentle mark."

Instead of women talking about the hard lives their men lead, both men and women talk about the lives of Czech women.

They're out there every day, sweeping the streets, lighting street lamps, driving trams, teaching philosophy, making house calls to the sick. When a crowded tram rolls by at 5 a.m. there are as many women as men standing in the semi-darkness en route to their 6 a.m.-to 2 p.m. factory shift.

At some time during the day they'll stand in several lines to feed and clothe their families.

"They come and ask today, come and ask tomorrow, and so the life of a woman flows," said a middle-aged lawyer. "I don't think American women would have the patience."

"Always you are chasing something: if you are looking for a handkerchief, you have trouble," grumbled an elderly woman librarian.

"Only in socialist countries do you stand in line for everything. It's a game we play here," said a pleasant-faced man in a white shirt, necktie and windbreaker.

After waiting out a store line, there's no guarantee the raincoat or the veal will be there. Often it isn't. Only the clerk behind the counter can tell you, once you get to her, that there is only one shade—reddish purple—of lipstick today; that the only meat available is pork; that brown is the only curtain fabric, or that there is no underwear.

One of the current most critical shortages is women's panties, a subject which recently commanded front-page space for three consecutive days in Rude Pravo, the official Communist paper. Labor shortages and the lack of machines and funds for importing such things as elastic were given as reasons.

Two enterprising young hospital technicians launched a snappy business one day this fall when they stepped off a tram onto a busy sidewalk, opened a couple of suitcases and started selling bright blue, red and green bikini panties for 15 crowns each. (About 90 cents at the official exchange rate.)

Both men and women stood in line to buy those circus-like bits of fluff—cut and stitched in the girls' homes—handed over with a giggle and a handshake.

It's probably just as well that there aren't many miniskirts around in Prague, not only because of the panty shortage, but because Czech men don't like them very much.

"They look cheap and they're silly," was a typical comment.

But Czech men have no objections to their women smoking on the street (which marks Russian women as immoral) or to their stopping in for a beer, often alone, after work.

"I suppose they figure they've at least got that coming to them. They work so hard they should be able to do anything a man can do," said a young interpreter who earns 4,000 crowns monthly ($250) to his mother's 2,200 crowns as a college professor with a doctorate.

Because shortage of flats can be a long-time block to marriage and because most Czech women work anyway, some of the younger, hippier types are opting to have babies without getting married.

The state, said several Czechs, is happy when a child is born because of the usual small family size. Four children is considered a large and unusual family.

Czech women must have heard somewhere about blondes having more fun because there are many bleached heads about—in the clinics, at the change counters on city trams or at a hilltop restaurant where the orchestra's theme song is "Suwannee River."

Beauty parlors may be archaic—with heads wrapped in layers and layers of newspapers for a permanent wave and rusted shampoo stands—but the results are as good as most capitalistic coifs. And a good deal cheaper: about $1.25 for a shampoo-set.

Window-shopping seems to be a favorite sport for both men and women, particularly at a *bisuterie* or jewelry store. Czechs will stand alone for long minutes contemplating a rhinestone necklace as if it were the Cartier diamond.

Czech women who in the past have married and left the country are perhaps awed most by the abundance of merchandise elsewhere and by the fact they don't have to work.

"That's all my sister wrote about for the first year she lived in Brussels," said an electronics man. "She couldn't get over not having to stand in line for everything and having a choice about working."



NYT.

Charles Ritz

The Great Ile de la Cité Bird Swoop

"We have tried again and again to hav police go after them. But, like birds, th away at the sight of a police uniform."

By Hebe Dorsey

PARIS, Nov. 26.—One of the most beautiful stories to reach this department in a long time is not about premières, galas or even the Tout-Paris.

As fresh as a mountain spring, it's about how 200 Parisian children—all bird watchers and bird lovers—are going to release a batch of birds, which have been captured and sold illegally.

The operation is being masterminded by Antoine Reille, 27, general secretary of the league *pour la protection des oiseaux* —and assistant teacher of physics at the Paris Faculté des Sciences.

This is how Mr. Reille explained his project: "In France, it's against the law to sell birds which are on the 'no shooting' list. Well, every Sunday, at the bird market of the Ile de la Cité, a number of merchants do sell such birds, which include finch and birds of prey."

"We have tried again and again to have the police go after them. But, like birds, they fly away at the sight of a police uniform. Besides, policemen are hopeless because they can't tell one bird from another.

"So we decided to approach the problem another way. Next Sunday, at 11 p.m. sharp, I will descend on the market with my 200 kids. We'll do a quick job of identifying the birds. Then we'll order the merchants in the wrong to open the cages. If they refuse, we'll take them —and the birds—to police headquarters."

Just in case feathers flutter a bit too fast, Mr. Reille will bring a few solid adults along as well.

* * *

Charles Ritz, 80, whose hotels stand for overpowering luxury, has two hobbies: toy trains and fishing.

A dedicated fisherman, he holds an exclusive dinner party once a year for the members of the International Fario Club (Fario is Latin for trout), founded in 1953. The aim of the club is to encourage its members to remain *"grands sportifs."*

The members come from all over the world, but mostly from the United States. Women don't rate much in that world and there are only six who were invited.

The dinner, always held in November, took place last Friday at, naturally, the Ritz. It began with a film showing the catch of a 1,535-pound swordfish, a world record. Among the 85 who attended the dinner were such personalities as Robert Hirsch, from the French Atomic Energy Commission, Princess Lotte Von Quadt, from Bavaria, Sir H. G. Babington Smith, administrator of the Sucz Company and the Bank of England, Dr. Thomas McKnew, a trustee of the National Geographic Magazine, Gen. John P. McConnell (retired), Chief of Staff USAF and Henry Davis, U.S.A., who is simply d as the financial adviser the world's largest bank.

* * *

Beatle John Lennon wife, Yoko, are sending Christmas message t They're going to have posters, one on the Le one on the Right Ba reading: "The War I (in big type); then type), "If You Want It and Yoko wish you Christmas."

In another, and ferent mood, John L planning an exhibition lithographs at the Ga nise René.

* * *

Wine lovers will ga night at the Théâ Champs-Elysées for a show starring Nancy-H The evening is given Comité de Propagand Diffusion des Vins Fr thank 500 French *tours*, whose wine credit to that unique industry.

Finland: A New Design for Marimekko

By John M. Lee

HELSINKI (NYT).—Marimekko, the textile design house that put Finland on the fashion map, is settling down with more businesslike methods following an erratic success that produced more praise than profits.

Armi Ratia, a warm, creative but capricious woman, now in her 50s, founded Marimekko in 1951 and personally promoted its bold clear-colored dresses and designs as a way of life.

The United States, along with Finland, Sweden and other countries, raved about the Marimekko look. Sales have climbed and should exceed $4 million this year, half of it in exports.

But overexpansion, thin organization and personal complications have produced a running management crisis over the last year or so. Various attempts to resolve it have failed. However, the situation now appears stabilized.

In late summer, a new 37-year-old managing director, Heikki Salonen, took charge. He was picked by the board but he insisted on Mrs. Ratia's personal approval. She still has her 72 percent equity but seems to function mostly as creative inspiration and dynamic promoter. After the changes, she left for California.

"Marimekko has excellent design and excellent prospects," Salonen said in a recent interview.

"But it left something to be desired in cost analysis, administration and production. It is a case of a small company expanding in all directions without changing its organization."

A Helsinki businessman put it this way: "Armi ran it like a Karelian farmhouse. She was the farm mother and saw to everything. She even called herself 'old mama'."



Armi Ratia

Salonen is more dispassionate, having studied American management techniques in earning his master's degree in business administration at the University of Wisconsin in 1957.

He returned to Helsinki to organize the sales of Finnish cheese in the United States. He then became marketing manager of a large chocolate and confectionery concern, Fazer, a marvel of Scandinavian efficiency with 80 computer programs.

Intuition Versus Computers

Mrs. Ratia did not use computers. Her method of decision-making was to award a shop distribution rights for Marimekko fabrics if she liked the colors in the window display.

In an interview in her Helsinki apartment a few months ago Mrs. Ratia explained to a visitor, over steak tartare and beer, served on her colorfully laminated kitchen table, how she operated.

"Suddenly, I liked Chopin," she said, "and I hate Chopin. Then it occurred to me that it wasn't the sentimental Chopin I liked, but a mechanistic Chopin, and then it came to me. George Sand—that was the look I wanted."

Salonen is more businesslike. He has decided to concentrate on dresses and fabrics and has eliminated the production of the tea cozies, aprons, place mats and scarves that proliferated under Mrs. Ratia. He has sought more royalty business, and he has continued the reduction in retail investment and in personnel.

Employment is down to 310 from 520 two years ago, while sales are far ahead.

"It was not like a company here," Salonen recalled. "There were too many people, women everywhere, talking and smoking cigarettes. You couldn't get enough men for a basketball team. Now, at least we have room to breathe."

Paris Nightclub Planned by Briton

LONDON, Nov. 26 (AP).—British restaurant and food store magnate Charles Forte plans a $720,000 nightclub for Paris, the Financial Times said today.

The club, along the lines of London's "Talk of the Town" nightspot, will be built next to the George V hotel as a pilot scheme for possible replicas in other European cities, the newspaper reported.

Grim Prognosis for French Restaurants

By John Vinocur

"Before, you could order what you needed. Now, in order to get the right products, you must virtually supervise their cultivation."—Raymond Thuilier.

LES BAUX-DE-PROVENCE (AP).—Superb restaurants are an anachronism, part of a tradition quite likely to die.

The right ingredients, the right people to cook them, and then the right people to serve them, are harder and harder to find.

It's not an especially gay prognosis for gastronomy in France, but it comes from a man who knows his business: Raymond Thuilier, owner of La Baumanière, one of the country's best places to eat.

Mr. Thuilier, 73, is a bit astraddle two eras himself, coming to work in a metallic grey Lancia coupé and then putting on a white cook's apron and jacket for a day of checking sauces, phoning orders long-distance to poultry merchants and complaining about the quality of the last batch of *reblochon* cheese he was delivered.

He stands when he talks to a visitor, explaining that sitting down tires him out. The conversation mostly concerns the difficulty he has in running his restaurant—given three black stars in the Michelin Guide for its cooking and five symbolic red knives and forks because of its magnificent setting: a stark valley behind the limestone cliffs where the kings of Provence brought a renaissance to the south of France centuries ago.

"I started the restaurant after World War II," Mr. Thuilier said. "It was a time when there was nothing. When you gave a little, people thought it was a lot. By 1954 I had my three stars."

But now the problems of providing genuine haute cuisine to his patrons have become so sizable that the job is harder in a time of plenty than during one of scarcity 25 years ago.

"The situation is this: I get my chicken from Bresse (near Lyons). I have a man there who supplies me. But if all of a sudden I wanted 50 for a banquet or something I couldn't get them. The quality runs too thin. It doesn't pay anymore."

La Baumanière's specialty is saddle of lamb cooked with green pepper kernels. Mr. Thuilier says that in order to get the right tenderness he must have lambs that weigh no more than 11 pounds. In order to guarantee a supply of lamb all year round he must buy in 12-month lots at a cost of $80,000 a year. "Before, you could order what you needed. Now, in order to get the right products, you must virtually supervise their cultivation."

The same is true of cheese. When he started the restaurant, Mr. Thuilier says, "I used to be able to go to the store for it. Literally. Now that corner store is a corner factory or cheese cooperative. I buy cheese now from ten different farmers. Because time hasn't caught up with them, they still make it the old way at home. Their children won't."

Eggs, Mr. Thuilier says, now come from "barracks where hens sit and eat things that they weren't made to, like fish meal. I am forced to set up egg people and to purchase for the year."

To get at least some of the vegetables he wants and all the artichokes necessary for another specialty, *mousseline d'artichaut*, Mr. Thuilier has his own gardens and three men to care for them.

The three-star garbage that comes out of La Baumanière's dining room at the end of the day goes to Mr. Thuilier's pigs. They are being raised to provide ham because Mr. Thuilier has come to the conclusion that he is his own most reliable supplier.

La Baumanière's personnel, Mr. Thuilier says, "reflects the attitudes of the boss. But it's more and more difficult to find a young man who agrees to having no fixed hours. If someone comes here at 3:30 in the afternoon and wants a meal, we serve him. No one protests. I don't like the café-waiter style."

Mr. Thuilier says he could not easily visualize someone setting up a great, new restaurant.

"The tradition is going to die," he said. "A place like ours is a memory of the past. We believe in good eating and courtesy and imparting a sense of well-being. That isn't very modern, is it?"

On the Arts Agenda

"Cinderella," Frederick Ashton's first full-length ballet, to Prokofiev's score, celebrates its 20th anniversary this year when it re-enters the Royal Ballet's repertory on Dec. 18. On that occasion, three members of the original cast of this version will assume the same roles again—Ashton and Robert Helpmann as the two ugly sisters and Alexander Grant as the jester. They also will take these roles at the performance of Dec. 20.

* * *

Maurice Béjart will offer something old and something new in two different programs in December at the Théâtre Royal de la Monnaie in Brussels, the home theater of his Ballet of the Twentieth Century. The first program, opening Dec. 10, combines "Le Sacre du Printemps," the ballet that marked the real birth of his company ten years ago, and a new work, "Les Vainqueurs," employing Wagner's music and drawing on the composer's life for its content. This will be followed Dec. 24 by a program that comprises "Le Voyage," to Pierre Henry's electronic score, first staged by the Cologne Opera in 1962 but not yet seen in Brussels, and "Actus Tragicus," using Bach's Cantatas 51 and 106 as the musical material.

This series of performances ends Jan. 9, and Jan. 15 the company begins a month-long Paris season at the Théâtre National Populaire with three evening-long works: "A la Recherche de . . .," "Ni Fleurs, Ni Couronnes" and "Messe Pour le Temps Présent."

—David Stevens.

Bright Design From Spain

MADRID, Nov. 26 (UPI).—Spanish fashion designer Marbel jr., who showed his first collection of leisure and evening wear this week, is out to coax traditionally discreet Spanish women into brighter clothes.

His fall-winter collection featured multi-colored, flashy, small-check tops holding streamlined, long slit skirts after the Chinese style. His favorite materials were huge checks, embroidered fabrics and organzas.

Marbel also showed fitted trousers worn under calf-length boots ribbed with the same wool checks used for the trousers and a sporty jacket.

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et Outlet VW Cars g Sought

ct Offer' Made ssians by Lotz

Dan Morgan

lov. 26 (WP).—Volks- expressed interest to als in finding an out- Beetle" compact car an market.

there has been no nse from Moscow, Sov- in what has long been symbol of West Ger- een evident in the last , and has been taken sign of the increasing f the Moscow leader- arate trade opportuni- olitics in dealings with

to a company spokes- esident Kurt Lotz made ; offer" for talks to the ister of light industry at this fall's Frankfurt

reportedly emphasized 's proven ability to e cars in all climates, by its plant operations lexico, South Africa and

Fiat Capacity

ficials said they doubt iew Fiat plant in the on, which will produce a year, will fully satisfy mands for cars there. an firm, however, as in- ials note, is more readily to the Soviet leadership l reasons.

les are still considered ns in Eastern Europe, ed consumer goods of are far down on the opping list of the Com- untries, since it takes ncy to import them, or the equipment for the lants.

gen has never sold plants sing arrangements, pre- work through foreign or to operate its own plants as it does in owever, company officials le out such an arrange- Eastern Europe.

ficials at the same time lly denied reports in the the company had offer- the Russians old equip- m the production of the and go into production erent type of automobile.

Finland Plant

NKI, Nov. 26 (UPD. — A ries of 48 Volkswagen will be assembled in the s Heinola plant to find her it is feasible to build agen assembly plant in according to a spokesman Volkswagen importer, oncern.

st Volkswagen 1200 L— nn-Beetle—is to come out inning of December. ars ago Volkswagen de- uild an assembly factory the European Free Trade countries.



Olivier Giscard d'Estaing



Ronald Hew Thompson

PEOPLE IN BUSINESS

Olivier Giscard d'Estaing, French National Assembly representative for the Alpes-Maritimes, has been elected to the board of directors of Daniel Starch & Staff (Worldwide) Ltd., a U.S. research firm.

* * *

Ronald Hew Thompson, formerly assistant to Philip Morris International's executive vice-president, has been named president of Philip Morris Europe and regional vice-president Europe, in Lausanne.

* * *

Ingersoll-Rand has announced the transfer of its European operations headquarters to Paris from New York. Serving as general manager of the operations will be **François A. Choffel**, 52, formerly president and general manager of Ingersoll-Rand in Paris and president of Ingersoll-Rand Italiana in Milan.

* * *

Victor C. Squitieri, formerly director of the control and air-conditioning division at Honeywell's European headquarters in Frankfurt, has been named vice-president, marketing, of Ideal-Standard Europe Ltd.

South Africa to Allow Lapse Of $40 Million U.S. Credit

By Edward B. Fiske

NEW YORK, Nov. 26 (NYT).—The government of South Africa has disclosed that it will not renew a $40 million credit reserve provided by U.S. banks. The credit has drawn widespread protest from American civil rights advocates and is reported to have cost the banks millions of dollars in deposits.

Demonstration leaders hailed the decision as a victory for their four-year campaign against the credit arrangement, but Owen F. de Villiers Booysen, the South African consul general here, said that it was terminated because it was no longer necessary.

He said that South Africa's strong gold and foreign exchange position has made it unnecessary to use the credit for some three years.

There was no immediate comment from the financial institutions involved. A spokesman for one, Chase Manhattan Bank, said that it would be "improper" to issue a public statement on confidential dealings with a client.

The decision involved a $40 revolving credit plan from 11 American banks that expires Jan. 8. The arrangement, subject to annual extensions, was initiated in December, 1949.

It has been the target of frequent criticism and demonstrations by churches, civil rights leaders, students and politicians. They charged that the banks were supporting and giving moral sanction to the system of apartheid, or racial separation, in South Africa.

It was defended by the banks on the ground that support of South Africa's economic progress did not constitute endorsement of its racial policies and that withholding of credit from the country could "work a hardship" on all of its citizens.

In addition to Chase, those involved in the consortium are Morgan Guaranty Trust Co., Bank of America, First National City Bank, Manufacturers Hanover Trust, Bankers Trust, Chemical Bank, Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Co. of Chicago, First National Bank of Boston, First National Bank of Chicago and Irving Trust.

Among those applying sanctions against the banks was the executive council of the Episcopal Church, which voted last spring to withdraw all funds under its control from participating institutions if the arrangement was renewed.

The Most Rev. John E. Hines, presiding bishop of the denomination, said that preliminary steps had been taken to shift accounts from three participating banks but that these efforts will now be abandoned.

Gold Price Edges Higher in Europe

LONDON, Nov. 26 (Special). — The price of gold staged a modest recovery today as the recent flow of selling dried up somewhat and some small buying orders appeared on the market.

The price was fixed at $35.57 an ounce at the early fixing here, and $35.60 in the afternoon to show a gain of 15 cents an ounce.

Industrial users of the metal were believed to be coming back into the market after the recent big falls pushed the price down to its lowest level since the "free" market opened 19 months ago.

In Zurich, the price edged up to $35.50 at the opening this morning, then closed at $35.55 an ounce, for a gain of 10 cents on the day.

S. African Reserves

PRETORIA, Nov. 26 (Reuters).—South African gold holdings rose $5.6 million to $1.13 billion last week, the South African reserve bank said today. The bank as usual declined to comment on the increase in gold stock.

Komatsu Announces Net, Revenue Gains

TOKYO, Nov. 26 (Reuters). — Komatsu Ltd., maker of machinery and vehicles, reported today a 25.4 percent gain in net earnings for the fiscal year, on a 20.8 percent revenue gain.

Profits jumped to $37.58 million, or $5.84 a share, from $29.98 million, $4.88 a share, the previous year. Revenue for the year climbed to $520 million from $430.6 million in fiscal 1968.

Investment Goals Raised By U.S. Firms

NICB Surveys 1,000 Largest Corporations

By Herbert Koshetz

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (NYT). —Lagging profits and declining industrial production have not deterred the 1,000 largest U.S. manufacturers from increasing the funds appropriated for new plant and equipment in the third quarter.

A survey by the National Industrial Conference Board shows that these corporations have set aside a total of $7.77 billion during the quarter, 3.7 percent more than appropriations in the second quarter and 17.9 percent higher than in the third quarter the year before.

Commenting on the study yesterday, Martin R. Gainsbrough, the board's senior vice-president and chief economist, said that the money set aside suggests that capital spending will continue upward in 1970, but at a slower rate than 1969.

Slowdown Seen

"Given the pattern of sustained private investment in the months ahead," Mr. Gainsbrough said, "further economic expansion at a sharply reduced rate, rather than recession, appears to be the more likely prospect for next year."

He explained that weaknesses in capital spending had been major contributors to past recessions. In the third quarter, he went on to say, the backlog of appropriations reached a total of $22.3 billion, the largest figure since the country entered open conflict in Vietnem.

Durable goods industries in the third quarter appropriated $4.2 billion, 11 percent more than in the second quarter and 26 percent ahead of the level in the third quarter of 1968. The biggest gains were made by producers of electrical machinery and equipment, instruments and photographic equipment and nonferrous metals.

Some Cut-Backs

The non-durable industries appropriated $3.6 billion in the third quarter, 3.7 percent below the amount in the second quarter but 10 percent above that made in the third quarter of 1968. The largest declines were posted by paper and allied products, foods and beverages, and rubber products.

It was pointed out that only eight of the 17 industry groups surveyed had increased their appropriations from the preceding quarter, and that the number of large manufacturers who authorized more capital spending declined sharply in the third quarter. Nearly 60 percent of the sample companies cut back their spending plans from the second quarter.

While third-quarter appropriations were 17.9 percent higher than those a year before, adjustment for inflation leaves an indicated gain of only 13 percent.

High Inventories Close GM Plants

DETROIT, Nov. 26 (Reuters).—Rising automobile inventories throughout the country will force General Motors Corp. to close 13 of its U. S. plants for "schedule adjustments" Nov. 28, GM said today.

Chevrolet's assembly plant in Flint, Mich., has been closed since Sept. 26 because of a strike at a nearby Fisher body plant, while another GM plant at Northwood, Ohio, is idle all this week because of model changeover.

Container Ship Group Quits U.K. For Antwerp After Union Vote

LONDON, Nov. 26 (Reuters).—The Europe-Australia container ship consortium officially confirmed here today that it is to switch its European terminal from Tilbury, near London, to Antwerp.

The reason for the move, said a statement, is the continued refusal of dockers at Tilbury to handle the ships.

The consortium, jointly operated by Overseas Containers and Associated Containers Transportation, invested $6 million toward the building of the world's most modern container base at Tilbury, down river from London. A similar investment was made by the Port of London Authority.

But although the service became operational last March, Tilbury has never been used because of a dockers' dispute affecting a wider area of the port of London.

Instead, the consortium diverted its vessels to Rotterdam and Antwerp.

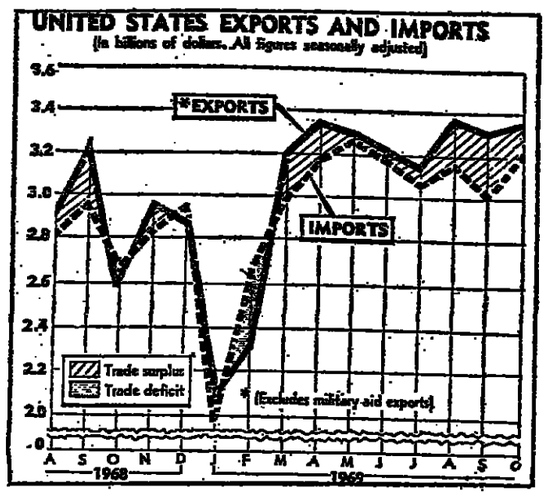
When the dockers today reaffirmed their decision not to work the container ships, the consortium decided to switch its operations.

Dockers imposed the rule against handling new container services to protect their jobs in other parts of the port until a pay and productivity agreement could be reached.

An agreement was made between management and the union but the dockers first rejected it by a slim majority in a ballot several weeks ago.

The Tilbury terminal is to be placed on a care and maintenance basis, staff employed there are to be redeployed and consideration is being given to dismantling equipment worth $2.4 million.

The consortium in its statement placed full blame on the dockers' attitude and stressed that as a result very valuable export trade would be lost to Britain.



U.S. Surplus in Trade Shows Some Shrinkage

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (Reuters).—The U.S. trade surplus in October fell to $156.6 million from $270.9 million in September, the Commerce Department reported today.

The department said that October's seasonally-adjusted exports —at $3.38 billion—were the second highest on record, exceeded only by the August total of $3.39 billion. The September export total was $3.3 billion.

The seasonally adjusted import total for October, at $3.222 billion, up from September's $3.055 billion, is also near a record. The figure was topped only by the $3.276 billion reported in May, 1969.

For the first ten months of the year, exports on a seasonally-adjusted basis were at an annual rate of $36.848 billion—8.1 percent above 1968's $34.063 billion.

Imports were at an annual rate of $35.783 billion, 7.6 percent above the 1968 total of $33.226 billion.

Harold C. Passer, Assistant Commerce Secretary for Economic Affairs, said that "if recent trade patterns continue for the remainder of 1969, the overall trade balance may exceed $1 billion."

Mr. Passer noted that a merchandise trade balance at this level would be a modest improvement over the 1968 balance of $837 million.

U.S. Wholesale Prices Increase By 0.4 Percent

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (NYT). —Wholesale prices in the United States continued to rise strongly in November although the increase in industrial prices was less than the month before, according to the Labor Department.

The preliminary wholesale price report put the overall index at 114.5, with 1957-59 taken as 100, a rise of 0.4 percent from October. However, the bulk of the increase was accounted for by the agricultural sector. The index for farm products, processed foods and feeds rose 0.9 percent, including a 2.3 percent jump for farm products alone.

Industrial prices, which had spurted nearly 0.6 percent in October, rose only 0.2 percent in November.

This price indicator, which is one of the most closely watched, had its smallest increase in November since July. However, the latest reading was 4.5 percent higher than the year-ago figure.

The report said of November that "metals and metal products were an important factor in the rise for industrials as prices were boosted for non-ferrous metals and a variety of fabricated metal products."

Declines in November, the report said, included gasoline, electric power, skins, man-made fiber textile products, and crude natural rubber.

Composite Index On U.S. Economy Turns Downward

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (Reuters). — The Commerce Department's composite index of leading U.S. economic indicators in October reversed the sharp upturn in September and dropped to slightly more than the August level, the department reported today.

The index fell to 152.4 from September's 153.6 percent of the 1963 base period.

The department noted that since April the composite index—a sensitive measure of economic activity—has remained virtually flat.

But the fact that the indicators have remained at a relatively high level over the past six months would suggest that "these indicators do not point to a significant downturn in economic activity in the near future," a spokesman said.

He said there has been a dramatic slowdown in import demand in the first ten months of the year. So far this year, imports have risen an average 9 percent, he said, compared to a 23 percent increase in the like period last year.

Mild Rally Near Close Boosts Glamour Stocks

By Vartanig G. Vartan

NEW YORK, Nov. 26 (NYT).—The New York Stock Exchange did something different today. For the first time in 13 sessions, it was able to display more advances than declines.

The final reading was 688 gainers and 643 losers, with the switch to the plus side coming in the final half hour of trading.

It was a day filled with contrasts. The general market, after showing a sluggish tone until early afternoon, finally gave signs of improvement toward the end of the session. Numerous blue chips that had set new 1969 lows in the early hours finished with token gains.

Glamours Gain

But some glamour issues, on the other hand, bounded ahead with big gains. The computer and drug groups, drawing the attention of both traders and mutual funds, were in the forefront.

Memorex rose 6 7/8 to 166 3/8. University Computing raced ahead 6 to 95 3/4 and IBM climbed 3 3/4 to 350.

Gains of more than 3 points appeared in Electronic Memories, Itek and Fairchild Camera. Among the drugs, G. D. Searle rose 3 7/8 to 44 7/8, Pfizer added 2 to 101 3/4, and both Schering and Merck gained a point.

Explaining thisc ontrast between the blue chips and the glamours, one Wall Street broker noted: "The performance boys can't sit still and own the blue chips. They play the numbers game and they go with the stocks that are moving."

One reason behind the spurt in glamour issues was short covering, or the purchase of borrowed shares that had been sold, on the eve of the market holiday on Thanksgiving. Furthermore, although the Big Board will be open on Friday, some traders and large investors are taking a four-day holiday.

The Dow Jones industrial average, which had plummeted in recent weeks, reflected the generally improving tone in yesterday's market to end with a gain of 3.33 at 810.52. On Nov. 10, this popular index had crested at 863.05.

Despite its slight snapback, the industrial average still hovers close to its 1969 closing low of 801.96 on July 29.

The volume leader was Texaco up 3/8 at 29 1/2. Jersey Standard rose 3/4 to 61 3/4 and Gulf and Indiana Standard also were fractionally higher in active trading. Standard California closed off 7/8 at 51 but had traded as low as 50 3/8 during the session.

Penn Central directors omitted the regular quarterly dividend and the issue fell a point to 31 1/4.

Most airlines tended fractionally lower but Eastern rose 3/4 at 18 on the recommendation of a brokerage house that the carrier was a likely merger candidate.

Borman's Inc. Reports 60% Profit Slump

DETROIT, Nov. 26 (Reuters).—Borman's Inc. reported today a 60 percent drop in third-quarter net earnings and blamed it on the firm's Yankee division, which operates a chain of department stores.

The firm said Yankee, which showed a loss in the third quarter, would turn a profit in the fourth quarter, but that earnings for the year will not exceed those of last year.

The third-quarter earnings were $750,000, or 25 cents a share, compared with $1.86 million, 43 cents a share, in the year-earlier period. Sales rose 8 percent to $92.3 million from $85.1 million.

In the first nine months of the year, profits were up 3 percent to $2.48 million, 83 cents a share on more shares outstanding, from $2.41 million, 87 cents a share, in the year-ago period. Sales rose 5.6 percent to $396 million from $380.4 million.

Ampex Corp.

Second Quarter	1969	1968
Revenue (millions)	80.71	73.9
Profits (millions)	4.33	3.5
Per Share	0.40	0.36
First Half		
Revenue (millions)	149.27	132.88
Profits (millions)	7.43	5.99
Per Share	0.69	0.62

George A. Hormel & Co.

Year to Oct. 27	1969	1968
Revenue (millions)	626.0	585.9
Profits (millions)	9.24	9.13
Per Share	3.88	3.84

Mattel Inc.

Nine Months	1969	1968
Revenue (millions)	192.3	156.8
Profits (millions)	8.47	5.79
Per Share	1.40	1.00

Harvey Aluminum *

Year Sept. 30	1969	1968
Revenue (millions)	189.6	176.9
Profits (millions)	15.39	14.28
Per Share	3.33	2.16

*Profits for 1969 include an extraordinary gain equal to 89 cents a share.

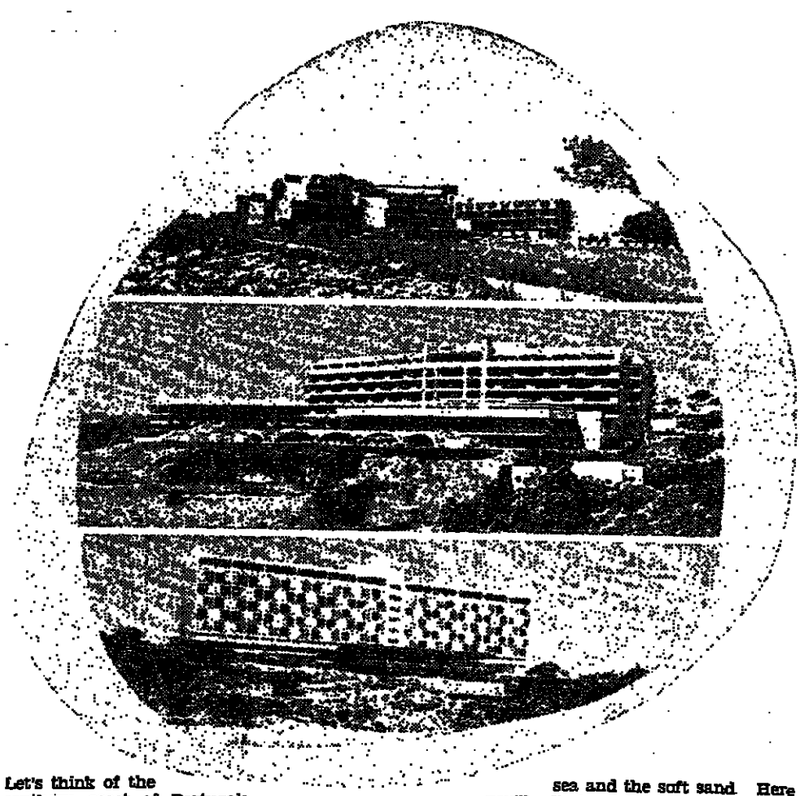
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Where else but ALGARVE?



Let's think of the southern coast of Portugal: the Algarve. The horizon is so blue that it's hard to know where the sky ends and the sea begins. It is a string of beaches where the yellow-white sands are broken by little rocky coves, cliffs sculptured into caves and arches and where tall stumps of weathered rock rise like sentinels from the lazy sea and the soft sand. Here you'll find picturesque Albufeira, Praia da Rocha and Alvor, where some of Europe's most luxurious hotels line the cliff-tops and hand-hewn steps lead down to the sea. This, then, is the Algarve. Do you like sailing skin diving, fishing, golf or tennis? Or do you prefer the lazy days and keep yourself for the exciting nights? It's all there.

For information see any good Travel Agent, a TAP office, or contact any of the big-three hotels.

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Telex: 1698 Balaia P

HOTEL ALVOR PRAIA
Praia dos 3 Irmãos
Alvor, Algarve, Portugal
Tel.: 1380, Portimão
Cables: Salvorotel
Telex: 1699 Salvor P

HOTEL ALGARVE
Praia da Rocha
Algarve, Portugal Tel.: 1111
Cables: Algarvotel
Telex: 1747 Alotel P

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New York Stock Exchange Trading

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Nets. Chge.
38¼	21¼	Abacus .49f	15	26	26	25½	26	— ¼
77¾	64½	AbbtLab 1.10	62	76½	78	76¼	78	+2¼
66¼	41⅞	ACF Ind 2.40	46	48¼	49¾	48¼	49¾	+ ¾
30⅞	21	AcmeCl 1.40a	14	22½	22¾	22½	22¾	+ ¼
54¼	37¼	Acme Mkt 2b	15	39⅞	40⅛	39⅞	40⅛	+ ¾
20⅞	12½	AdamE 1.61g	23	15¼	15¼	15	15¼	
22½	11⅝	Ad Millis .20	32	14⅝	15⅛	14⅛	15⅛	+ ⅞
85	59½	Address 1.40	132	66	67¼	65¼	66⅞	+ ⅜
22¼	14½	Admiral	32	16	16¼	15½	15⅞	— ⅛
65¼	33	AetnaLif 1.40	143	40½	41¼	39⅞	40¾	+ ¼
41¼	33	AetnaLif pf 2	1	39	39	39	39	+ ¼
32½	15	Aguirre Co	18	16½	16¾	16⅛	16¾	+ ¼
46⅞	31¾	Air Prod .20b	16	35⅛	35⅝	35⅛	35⅝	+ ⅛
34⅛	16⅞	AirRed 1.15g	166	18⅝	18⅞	18⅜	18½	— ⅛
18¾	6½	AJ Industries	78	7	7⅛	6¾	6¾	— ¼
20¼	15¾	Ala Gas 1.10	7	17	17	16½	16¾	— ⅛
38½	33⅞	AlbertoC .28	12	33⅞	34⅛	33⅞	34⅛	+ ¼
32⅞	24	AlcanAlu 1.20	422	25¼	25¾	25⅛	25⅝	+ ⅛
29¼	20	AlcoStand .26	45	21⅞	22⅛	21⅞	22	+ ⅛
30¼	22⅞	Alexndrs .30d	36	25⅞	26⅜	25⅝	26⅛	+ ⅝
28⅞	13¾	Alleg Co .10g	67	13⅛	14⅛	13⅛	14⅛	+1
114	50	Alleg 6pf .60	4	53½	53⅞	53½	53⅝	—1⅛
62¼	39⅜	AllegLud 2.40	46	40⅜	40¾	40⅛	40¾	
66	43	AllegLud pf 3	10	44⅝	45	44⅝	45	+ ¼
25⅞	20	AllegPw 1.28	225	21½	21⅝	20⅞	20⅞	—1¼
37¾	25½	AlliedCh 1.20	173	28¼	28¾	28⅜	28⅝	+ ¼
36¼	25	AlldMnt .40b	6	34	34	33⅞	33⅞	— ⅛
35⅞	24	AlliedMill .75	20	34¼	35	34¼	34⅞	— ¼
51⅞	25½	Allied Pd .68	9	33	33	33	33	+ ⅛
41⅞	31¾	AlliedStr 1.40	62	32½	32½	31½	31¾	— ⅞
65½	56	AlliedSt pf 4	z20	56¼	56½	55¼	56¼	
21	14	AlliedSup .40	29	14⅛	14⅝	14⅛	14⅝	+ ⅝
32⅝	21⅞	Allis Chalm	114	25¾	26	25¼	26	
25⅞	15¼	AlphaPC .40g	4	20⅞	20⅞	20⅝	20⅞	
84	64⅝	Alcoa .80	259	68⅞	69⅞	67⅞	69⅞	+1⅝
38¾	25¼	AmalSug 1.60	2	25⅞	26⅞	26⅞	25⅞	
30¼	15	AMBAC .50	92	18	18¼	17⅞	18¼	+ ⅜
37⅞	19¾	AmerEs 1.20	2	23	23	22	23	+ ¼
64	35¼	AmrEs pf2.60	7	41⅛	41⅛	41	41	
61⅝	34¼	AmHess .07g	80	34½	34⅞	34⅛	34⅞	+ ⅛
126	74¼	AmeH pf3.50	40	75	75⅞	75	75⅞	+ ⅝
40	25	AAirFiltr .80	69	38⅛	39¼	38⅛	38⅞	+ ⅞
38½	23½	Am Airlin .80	337	32½	33	32	32⅝	— ¼
32¾	11½	A Baker .75p	53	13⅛	13¼	13	13⅛	+ ⅛
41¾	32⅝	Am Brands 2	142	38	38⅝	37⅞	38⅛	+ ¼
76½	45½	AmBdcst 1.60	36	53⅝	56⅛	53¼	56⅛	+3
58½	43⅛	Am Can 2.20	145	45	45⅛	44⅞	45	— ¾
30⅞	24¼	ACan pf 1.75	30	24½	24⅞	24⅝	24⅞	+ ⅛
27¼	10¾	Am Cem .60	x24	11¼	11½	11¼	11½	+ ⅜
43	30	A Chain 1.60	41	31	31⅛	30⅝	30⅞	— ¼
29½	18½	AmCredit .90	8	23⅞	23⅞	23⅛	23⅛	
37⅞	23	ACrySug 1.40	2	24½	24½	24⅛	24⅛	
33½	25½	AmCyan 1.25	234	27⅛	27⅛	26⅞	27⅛	— ½
28½	20¾	Am Distill 1	14	20⅞	21	20½	21	
30½	24⅞	ADistTel .40g	45	26⅛	27⅜	26⅛	27⅜	+1½
19½	10¾	ADualVt .12g	25	10⅝	10⅞	10½	10⅞	
14¾	12¾	ADual pf.84a	5	13	13	13	13	
40¼	28¼	AmEIPw 1.64	544	28⅝	28⅞	28⅛	28⅞	+ ⅜
32⅞	25¾	Am Enka 1	33	30	30⅛	30	30⅛	+ ¼
50½	23½	Am Exp Ind	47	23⅝	24½	23⅝	24½	+ ½
80⅞	63⅞	AExInd pfA6	z200	64½	64½	64½	64½	
27¾	19⅛	AGenIns .50	175	23⅛	23¼	22¾	22⅞	— ⅛
38	30¼	AGnIn pf1.80	19	34½	34¾	33⅞	33⅝	—1
25¼	12½	AmHoist .70	15	14	14⅛	13⅞	14	
68¼	52⅛	A Home 1.40	171	64⅞	64⅞	64⅛	64¼	— ⅜
100¾	77½	A Home pf 2	10	95¾	96	95¼	95½	— ½
43	31½	Am Hosp .24	326	42¼	43⅜	42⅜	43⅜	+ ⅞
24½	16¼	AmIrvst 1.10	20	17	17⅛	17	17⅛	
27½	18⅞	AmMFdy .90	705	20	20½	20	20⅜	+ ⅛
34⅝	28	AMetClx 1.40	89	31⅛	31¾	31	31⅛	+ ⅛
86¾	78¾	AMetClx pf 4	7	84½	84½	84½	84½	
14	8	Am Motors	225	10	10¼	9⅞	10⅛	+ ¼
43⅞	31¼	AmNatGas 2	58	32¼	32⅝	32⅛	32⅜	+ ¼
17½	9⅝	Am Photo .12	153	12½	12⅝	12⅛	12⅝	+ ⅛
89¼	44	AResDv .10h	132	75¾	78⅛	75¼	78⅛	+4½
32¼	21⅞	Am Seat 1	6	23¼	23⅞	23⅛	23⅜	— ⅛
32¼	16¼	Am Ship .60	16	18¼	19	18	19	+1
42	27	A Smelt 1.90	205	32	32¼	31⅝	31⅞	
69⅞	36½	AmSoAfr .70	71	37⅜	38½	37¼	38⅛	+ ⅝
		AmSAfr fn.70	2	34½	35	34½	35	
47	31	Am Std 1	244	32½	33¼	32⅜	33⅛	+ ⅛
126	97¾	AmStd pf4.75	23	104¼	104¼	103½	104¼	
34⅞	23¼	Am Sterll .48	11	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	
32⅞	23⅜	A Sugar 1.60	44	24¾	25⅛	24⅞	25⅛	— ⅛
58⅛	50	Am T&T 2.60	1320	52⅛	52¼	51½	52	— ¼
14¾	9½	AmWWks .56	12	10	10	9⅞	9⅞	
19½	16	AW pref 1.25	z160	15⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ¾
27⅞	19⅝	Am Zinc	1	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅛
32¾	20¼	Ametek .60	29	20⅝	22	20⅝	21⅞	+ ⅞
62¾	43½	Amfacinc .80	41	49¼	49⅞	49	49⅛	+ ⅛
55¼	21¼	AMK Cp .30	79	27¼	28⅛	27⅛	28	+ ⅞
58¼	32½	AMP Inc .48	99	55⅛	56	55	55	— ⅛
49⅞	32½	Ampex Corp	126	44½	45⅞	44⅝	45⅞	+ ⅞
53¾	34½	Amsted 2.40	14	34⅞	35	34⅝	35	+ ¼
27½	14¼	Amtel .22	26	14⅝	15	14⅝	14⅞	
66	26⅞	Anacond 1.90	351	29¼	29¾	29⅛	29½	— ⅛
49	36	AnchHock .80	21	41¼	41¼	40⅝	40⅝	— ¾
53½	19½	AncorpNSy 1	9	21	21⅛	21	21⅛	+ ⅛
49½	22½	And Clay 1.20	1	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼	
38¾	17¾	ApacheCp .20	17	21⅛	21⅜	20¾	21½	— ⅛
45¾	30	ApcoOil 1.42f	46	38⅝	38⅞	38	38⅝	+ ½
52¼	31	Aqua Chem	29	45⅞	45⅞	45¼	45⅝	+1
122½	97½	ARA Svc .96	2	117½	118	117½	118	+ ½
68	42½	ArchDan 1.60	19	59	59	58	58	—1
27⅞	20	ArizPSvc 1.08	46	20⅞	21⅛	20¾	20¾	— ⅛
40⅞	22	Arlans DS .20	48	22¼	22½	22	22	— ⅛
33⅞	25¾	ArmcoSt 1.40	126	26½	26⅝	26	26⅛	
47½	41½	Armour 1.60	24	43¾	44⅛	43¾	43⅞	+ ⅛
76¼	58½	Armr pf 4.75	2	59¼	59¼	59¼	59¼	— ¾
41⅞	33	ArmstCk .80	320	32⅞	32⅞	31½	32	—1
56⅝	33½	ArmRub 1.40	48	34½	35¼	34½	35⅛	— ⅝
30½	18¼	Aro Corp .90	4	20½	20½	20	20	
43⅝	23½	Arvin Ind 1	12	25	25½	25	25¼	+ ¼
55	27¼	Ashld Oil 1.20	181	26¾	27½	26⅝	26⅝	— ½
16⅞	9	Assd Brew	9	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13¼	— ¼
53	42½	Assd DG 1.20	123	44¼	44½	43½	43⅞	— ⅛
33⅝	29½	Assd Spg 1.20	6	33⅝	34	33⅞	34	+ ¼
19	12	AssdTran .40	37	13⅞	13½	13¼	13¼	— ⅜
29½	22	AtlCtyEl 1.30	128	23	23½	23	23¼	+ ¼
135¾	91¾	Atl Richfld 2	304	93¾	93⅞	92¾	93¼	+ ½
63½	52¼	AtlRch pf3.75	z430	54	54½	53⅝	54	+ ⅝
229	155½	Atl Rich pf 3	3	157½	157½	157½	157½	+ ½
85⅝	62½	AtlRch pf2.80	58	63¾	64	62½	62⅞	—1½
31⅜	21⅝	Atlas Chem 1	62	21¼	22¼	21¼	21⅝	
8⅛	4⅜	Atlas Corp	182	4⅞	4⅝	4½	4½	— ⅛
29⅝	12½	ATO Inc .08a	67	13	13⅛	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
21	12⅞	Aurora Plas	7	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16½	+ ⅛
21¾	10½	Automin Ind	93	13⅛	13⅛	12¾	13⅛	+ ⅜
49⅞	23⅝	Avco Co .20	143	23½	24⅝	23⅝	24⅝	+1
99	50	Avco pf3.20	42	52½	53¾	52½	53¾	+1
35½	11⅞	Avnet Inc .48	159	12⅞	13	12⅝	12⅞	+ ⅛
176¼	62	Avnet pf2.50	4	65½	65½	65¼	65¼	+ ⅞
175	125¼	Avon Pd 1.80	88	169	169½	169	169	
17	12⅝	Aztec Oil Gs	66	13½	13½	13	13	— ⅝

B

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Nets. Chge.
40½	20⅛	Babck W 1.36	176	22	22	21½	21¾	— ⅛
25½	17	BakrOilT .65	35	23	23⅛	22¾	22⅞	— ⅛
37	29½	BaltGE 1.71	53	31	31¼	30½	30⅞	— ⅛
75	64	BalG pfB4.50	z100	64	64	62¾	63⅝	— ¼
50⅝	18¼	BangPunt .60	81	19¼	19¼	18¾	19	
57½	30	BangP pf 2	5	29½	29¼	29	29	—1
71⅝	57⅛	Bank Tr 2.84	41	61⅞	62⅛	61⅝	61⅝	+ ½
87⅞	50	BarbOil 2.36f	19	51	51	50½	50½	— ¾
55⅝	43	Bard CR .25	1	56⅝	56⅝	56⅝	56⅝	+ ⅞
22⅞	13¾	Basic Inc .80	21	15½	15¾	15¼	15¾	+ ⅜
53¼	38	Basic pf 2.50	z100	40½	40½	40½	40½	+1
17½	9⅞	Bates Mfg	8	10	10⅛	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
15¼	14	Bates Mf pf 1	1	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	— ¼
28⅝	20¼	Bath Ind	62	21⅛	21⅞	21	21⅞	+ ⅞
68⅞	49	Bathin pf2.50	20	53	53½	53	53	+1
87⅝	51	BauschLb .80	13	71¾	71⅜	70¼	71⅛	—1
32¼	26⅝	BaxtrLab .10	126	28¼	29	28½	29	+ ¾
21	10½	BayukCig .50	1	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅛
48¼	22½	Bearings 1	1	47¼	47¼	47¼	47¼	— ⅛
41⅞	32¼	Beat Fds 1	84	37¼	37¾	37	37¾	— ⅛
63½	43⅝	Beckman .50	28	49½	50	49½	50	— ¼
61¾	41½	Bect Dick .30	46	58½	59½	58½	59½	+ ½
41½	18	BeechAr .75b	14	18½	18¾	18⅛	18½	
49⅝	20	Belco Pet .50	107	28	28½	27⅞	28½	+ ⅛
31¼	18¼	BeldngH .60b	14	19¼	19¼	18⅞	18¾	— ⅛
83	53½	Bell How .60	64	53¾	56½	53¼	56½	+3
17	8½	Bell Intercon	32	9½	9⅞	9½	9⅞	+ ⅜
38⅝	22¾	Bemis Co 1	23	23½	23⅞	23½	23⅞	+ ¼
47⅜	36⅞	Bendix 1.60	77	37¼	37½	36⅞	37⅛	— ⅛
80	62¾	Bendix pf 3	6	63¼	63¼	62¼	62¾	—1¼
57½	38	BenefFin 1.60	60	51⅞	52	51½	51½	— ⅜
171	121½	BenfIF pf5.50	2	154	154	154	154	—1½
67	58	BenfIF pf4.50	z190	59	59	59	59	—1
67¼	69¾	BenfIF pf4.30	2	77½	77½	77	77	—1
38⅛	33½	BenF 5pf2.50	z220	34	34	34	34	
29⅞	11½	Benguet	1536	13	13½	12⅞	13⅛	+ ½
		Benguet fn	12	12¾	12⅞	12½	12⅞	
44½	14⅝	BerkPho .77f	78	17½	18	17¼	17⅝	— ⅜
27⅞	6⅝	Bermec Corp	154	7	7⅛	6⅞	7	+ ⅛
35⅝	27¾	Beth Stl 1.80	179	28	28⅛	27¾	28	
23	19	BHM Ind 1.20	41	19½	19¾	19½	19⅝	— ⅛
50½	33½	Big Three .60	18	43½	43½	43¼	43⅛	+ ⅛
75¾	53	BlackDk 1.20	75	75	75½	73¾	75⅛	+ ⅛
28¼	17¾	BlairJohn .48	20	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
34⅞	21¾	Bliss Laug 1	12	25¼	25¾	25¼	25⅝	+ ½
60⅜	52¼	Block HR .24	12	57⅝	57⅝	57	57¼	+ ¼
67¼	46	Blue Bell 1.50	2	55¼	55½	55⅛	55¼	— ¼
22⅝	14½	Bobbie Brks	19	17¾	18	17⅝	18	— ⅛
61⅛	30	Boeing 1.20	303	31⅛	31⅝	30¾	31⅛	— ⅛
83¼	57⅛	BoisCas .25b	183	76	76⅝	75⅝	76⅛	+1½
34¼	22	Bond Strs 1	2	22	22⅝	22	22⅝	+ ⅝
24	19	BookMth 1.28	73	23¾	23¾	23⅛	23½	
25⅝	24	Borden 1.20	65	25⅜	25⅜	25⅛	25½	— ⅛
36¼	25	BorgWar 1.25	43	28⅝	28⅝	28⅛	28⅝	+ ⅛
27½	15½	Bormans .80	59	15⅞	16⅛	15½	15¾	— ½
46⅝	31	Bos Edis 2.08	35	32¼	32⅝	31⅞	32	— ⅞
29½	16½	Bourns Inc	21	25¼	25¼	24⅝	24⅞	— ⅛
23½	10¼	BranifAir .50	1024	11	11⅛	10⅞	11⅛	
57⅛	46½	BriggSt 2.40a	15	52	52¼	51⅞	52	
74⅝	54	Brist My 1.20	281	69⅛	70¾	69	70¾	+1
43¼	35¼	BristMy pf 2	8	46¼	47	46	46	— ½
45	36	Bdwy Hale 1	25	39½	40¼	39	40¼	+1¼
46¾	39	BwyHa pf A2	5	44½	44½	44½	44½	
33⅞	25	BklynUG 1.72	19	25½	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛	— ½
18⅛	10	Brown Co	14	11⅛	11⅛	10½	10½	— ¾
22⅞	16⅛	Brown Co pf	6	16⅝	16⅝	16	16¾	— ⅛
25	16¼	Bwn Sharp 1	23	16½	16½	16¼	16¼	
57¾	31¼	BwnShoe 1.50	3	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	— ⅝
25	15	Brunswk .10g	115	17¾	18¼	17⅝	18⅛	
30½	19½	BucyEr 1.20	22	19½	19⅞	19½	19¾	+ ¼
33⅞	16	Budd Co .80	30	16⅝	16⅝	16¼	16¼	— ⅛
8⅞	7¾	Budg F pf.60	5	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	— ¼
23⅞	12	Budget In .64	33	15¾	15¾	15½	15¾	+ ⅜
33⅜	30¾	BuffForg 1.10	10	36¼	36¼	35⅝	35¾	— ⅜
40⅞	31½	Bulova W .60	169	40¼	40⅝	40	40⅝	+1⅜
17⅝	9½	Bunk Ramo	155	13¼	14	13⅝	13⅞	+ ⅛
53⅜	30½	BunkR pf1.50	11	40	41½	39⅞	41½	+1
46⅝	32¼	Burl Ind 1.40	38	36⅝	37	36½	37	+ ¼
36½	21½	Burndy .70	48	22	22⅛	22	22⅛	— ⅛
167½	120¾	Burrghs .60	224	160	160½	158	158⅝	+2¾
35⅛	19½	BshUnv 1.62f	3	20	20⅝	20	20⅝	+ ⅛

C

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Nets. Chge.
38⅞	26⅛	Cabot Cp .60	35	31	31	30⅝	30⅝	— ⅜
13⅞	8½	Cal Financl	37	9⅛	9¼	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
38¼	21⅝	CallahM .73f	72	25	26⅛	24⅞	25⅞	+ ⅜
40⅝	17⅝	CampRL .45a	45	19⅛	19¼	18½	19	
36¼	28⅝	CampSp 1.10	201	34	34½	34	34⅛	+ ½
13¼	7⅛	CdBrew .40a	44	8	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
93½	66	Cdn Pac 3.20	24	68½	68½	67	67	—1½
		CdPac fn3.20	1	67¼	67¼	67¼	67¼	
35½	23	CanalRd 1.10	1	23	23	23	23	— ¼
37⅜	26	Cap C Bdcst	102	32¼	33⅞	32¼	33⅞	+1⅝
56½	40⅝	Carbrun 1.40	4	45	45	44⅞	44⅞	— ¼
53½	14½	Carlisle .60	13	14¾	14⅞	14½	14⅝	+ ⅛
40⅞	29½	CaroPLt 1.42	36	30⅞	31½	30⅞	31½	+ ½
44	26½	CarpTch 1.60	42	28⅝	28⅝	27⅞	27⅞	— ¾
43½	33	CarrierCp .60	453	41⅞	42	40⅞	40¾	— ¼
35½	25⅝	CarrGn 2.35g	3	30⅞	30⅝	30½	30¼	— ½
34	16⅞	CarterW .40a	100	29½	30⅛	29⅝	30⅛	+ ⅞
22⅛	12¼	Case JI	9	14	14⅛	14	14⅛	+ ⅛
27	20¾	Case pf A1.44	1	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	— ¼
40½	24½	CastleCke .60	24	31	31½	31	31½	+ ⅛
54⅞	39⅝	CaterTr 1.20	391	40½	40⅝	40	40⅝	+ ⅝
19⅛	8¼	CCI Corp	64	8⅝	9	8⅝	9	+ ⅜
35¾	20⅛	Ccco Corp .90	5	25	25	24¾	24¾	— ¼
72¾	59	CelaneseCo 2	102	62¾	62⅝	62	62¼	
69½	56½	Celan pfA4.50	9	57½	59	57½	59	+1⅛
64½	32	Cenco Ins .20	81	37¾	41¾	39¾	41¾	+1⅝
30	12¾	CenIFdy .40d	11	13⅝	13⅞	13⅝	13⅞	+ ¾
37⅝	22⅝	Cen Hud 1.48	12	22¾	23⅛	22¾	23⅛	+ ⅛
27⅞	22⅞	Cen IllLt 1.32	3	23	23	23	23	+ ⅛
77	62¼	C IllLt pf4.50	z240	63⅝	64	63½	63½	— ½
25	17¾	CenIllPS 1.12	35	17⅞	18	17¾	17¾	— ¼
26½	19⅝	Cent La El 1	90	21⅞	22½	21⅞	22½	+ ⅝
21⅛	16⅝	CenMPw 1.16	28	16¾	16⅞	16⅝	16⅞	+ ⅛
45½	35⅝	Cent SW 1.80	44	40⅝	40⅝	40¼	40¼	— ⅜
30½	21	Cent Soya .80	60	28	28⅛	28	23⅛	+ ⅛
29⅝	17⅝	CenTelU .88b	52	19⅝	19½	19⅛	19½	— ¼
52⅝	22⅝	Cerro 1.60b	111	25	25¼	25	25⅛	+ ⅛
36¾	20⅛	Cert-teed .60	5	23¼	23⅜	23	23	— ¼
30¼	22½	CessnaA .80b	10	23½	23¾	23⅝	23¾	+ ½
17⅛	10⅞	Chadbrn Inc	60	14	14¼	13¾	14¼	— ⅛
32½	22½	ChampS 1.20	x21	27½	27½	27	27½	+ ⅜
60	42⅜	CharterNY 2	13	47½	47¾	47½	47⅝	— ¼
58½	42¼	ChaseMn 1.60	177	50	50¼	49⅝	49⅝	— ⅝
36	19⅛	Checker Mot	1	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	+ ¼
49⅞	29½	Chemetrn 1b	37	29¼	30	29¼	29⅝	— ⅞
68⅝	51	ChemNY 2.60	61	58¼	59¾	56½	59¼	+ ¾
78¼	10⅛	Chemwy .20b	26	11⅛	11⅞	11½	11⅝	+ ⅜
48⅞	33¼	Ches Va 1.60	4	35¼	35½	35⅛	35⅛	— ⅜
73¼	55¼	Ches Ohio 4	60	55⅛	55½	54⅞	55	— ½
54½	37	Chesebroug 1	22	48⅞	48⅝	48	48½	— ⅝
18½	11⅝	ChicEast Ill	14	13¼	13⅜	13⅛	13⅝	+ ⅛
58¼	18	ChIMStPP ct	39	20	22½	19½	20½	+ ½
79	55½	ChMSPP pf 5	1	63½	63½	63½	63½	
77½	49	CMSP pf ct 5	2	49½	49½	48⅞	48⅞	— ⅜
33⅝	23	Chi Music 1	51	25⅜	25⅜	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅝
51	32½	ChiPneuT 2	5	37¼	37¼	37	37	
31⅞	21⅛	ChRIP ct UP	4	22	22	22¾	22¾	— ⅞
30	20½	ChRIP ctNW	10	21⅜	21⅝	21⅜	21⅜	
21⅞	10⅝	ChockFull .60	17	11⅛	11⅛	11	11⅛	+ ⅛
24½	11½	ChrisCft .05d	67	12¼	12½	12⅛	12½	+ ⅜
58	22⅝	CCft cvpf.20d	3	25	25	25	25	+1¼
44¼	22⅞	Chromall .44	31	29	29¾	29	29¾	+ ⅝
168	105	Chromal pf 5	1	120	120	120	120	
57⅞	35½	Chrysler 2	1006	36	36	35⅝	35⅝	— ⅝
32	23⅝	CinnGE 1.40	61	24½	24¼	24	24	— ⅛
65⅝	45½	Cin Mill 1.40	4	47⅜	47⅜	47½	47½	— ½
52⅞	39¼	CinSuTel 2.40	x4	39⅞	39⅞	39⅞	39⅞	+ ⅞
48¼	31¼	CITFin 1.80	95	37¼	38⅞	37½	38⅞	+1¼
121	94	CIT F pf5.50	8	93	93	93	93	—2½
80	43½	Cities Svc 2	229	43½	43½	42⅞	43½	— ½
36⅛	21⅛	City Inv .30 b	373	25⅝	29½	27⅞	29½	+1⅝
58⅝	38	CityInv pf B2	98	48¼	49	47¼	49¼	
24½	10⅝	City Strs .40	1	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	— ¼
40¾	30	ClarkEq 1.40	32	34¼	35	34¼	34⅝	+ ⅜
65¼	28⅝	Clark Oil .40	39	29¼	29½	28⅝	29½	+ ¾
60¼	35	ClevCliff 1.60	2	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼	
43	31⅛	ClevElIll 2.04	62	34	34	33	33¼	— ⅞
56½	45	Clev Pit 3.50	z20	48	48	48	48	
27⅞	16¼	Clorox 1g	38	20½	20⅞	20¾	20⅞	+ ⅛
36½	23¾	CluettPea .90	18	31¼	31⅜	31⅛	31⅜	
25¾	18⅛	CluettP pf 1	3	21⅜	21⅜	21½	21⅜	— ⅛
28¾	19	CNA Finl .50	186	22⅞	23½	22⅞	23⅛	+ ⅜
39⅞	24	CNA pf A1.10	66	29¼	29½	29¼	29¼	— ⅛
46⅞	32½	Coast St Gas	38	44⅛	44½	44	44⅛	+ ⅜
59½	37¼	CstSGs pf1.19	2	46¼	46¾	46½	46¾	+1¼
87	65	CocaCol 1.32	229	79¼	79¼	78⅝	79	— ¾
38¼	29	CocaBtlg 1.20	x30	29	29¼	29	29⅛	+ ¼
52⅝	40	Colg Pal 1.20	51	46¼	46¼	45⅝	46	— ¼
30⅞	20	Collins Aik 1	44	25¼	26	25¼	25¼	— ⅛
69¾	38⅝	CollinRad .30	85	43¾	44¼	42⅞	44	
64⅝	33⅛	Colointst 1.60	82	39	39	37	37	—2½
66¼	26¾	Colt Ind 1g	68	28¼	28⅛	27	27¾	+ ⅛
99¼	53½	Colt In pf4.25	2	55½	55½	55	55	—1½
41	23¼	Colt In pf1.60	11	24⅛	24⅛	24	24	— ⅛
59½	41⅝	CBS 1.40b	162	49½	49¾	47⅞	48⅞	— ⅝
35¾	25	CBS pf 1	1	29¼	29¼	29¼	29¼	— ¼
31¾	25¼	ColuGas 1.60	95	26¼	26⅞	26½	26⅞	+ ¼
42	25	ColuPict .60g	99	28¼	29¾	26½	29½	+ ⅞
45½	28½	ColSoOh 1.76	11	31¾	31¾	31	31¼	— ⅞
79	53¼	CombEn 2.40	22	70¼	70⅞	70¼	70⅞	+ ½
60½	16½	ComlSolv .40	73	23½	25⅞	23½	25¼	+2
21½	14¼	ComlSol pf.90	2	17	17½	17	17½	+ ½
50⅛	37½	ComwEd 2.20	105	37⅞	37⅞	37½	37¾	
31¾	23¾	Com E pf1.42	28	24	24⅜	24	24⅜	+ ⅛
29⅝	19	Comw Oil .60	176	21⅝	21⅝	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅛
34¾	19½	Comput Sci	776	27⅞	29⅝	27⅞	29	+1¼
58½	41¾	Comsat	115	54¼	55½	52¾	55½	+2
24⅝	14½	Cone Mills 1	12	14⅝	14¾	14½	14⅝	+ ⅛
59⅝	30½	ConracCp .60	41	32¼	32¾	32	32½	— ¼
35½	25¾	Con Edis 1.80	222	26	26⅛	26	26	— ⅛
104¾	80½	ConEdis pf 6	4	81	81	80¾	80¾	— ¼
78⅞	65	ConEdis pf 5	9	65⅝	65⅞	65⅝	65½	+ ¼
72⅞	60	ConE pfC4.65	z130	60⅞	60⅞	60¼	60¼	+ ¼
48½	37	ConFood 1.19	69	41⅛	42⅛	41⅛	41½	— ¼
116½	99	ConFd pf4.50	3	106	106	105	105	—2
43½	24	ConFreight 1	150	28¾	29	28¼	29	— ¼
27	10	Con Leasing	1419	10⅝	10½	10	10½	+ ⅜
33	25¼	ConNatG 1.76	81	25⅝	25¾	25⅝	25¾	+ ⅛
45	31⅛	ConsPwr 1.90	76	31⅞	32¼	31⅞	32¼	+ ⅜
74¼	62½	ConPw pf4.50	z370	63	63	63	63	— ½
65	56¼	ConPw pf4.16	z100	59½	59½	59½	59½	
24¾	12	ContAirL .50	215	14	14½	13⅞	14½	+ ⅝
78¼	62	Cont Can 2.20	97	75	75	74⅝	74⅞	
21⅞	8½	CntCopp .22g	27	10⅝	11	10¼	10⅞	+ ¼
61¾	35½	Cont Cp 2	90	44½	44⅞	44	44½	+ ¼
66	44¾	Ct Cp pfA2.50	23	45¼	48	45¾	47½	+1½
50¾	29½	Cont Mtg 1.32	68	44⅞	45½	44⅝	45½	+ ⅝
29⅛	17½	ContMot .10p	17	19½	19½	19¼	19½	— ¼
40¾	26½	Cont Oil 1.50	455	26½	26¾	26⅛	26⅝	— ⅛
57	37	Cont Oil pf 2	1	37¼	37¼	37¼	37¼	
58	30¾	Cont Stl 1	1	31	31	31	31	
27½	19⅝	Cont Tel .72	319	22⅜	22¾	22	22⅛	
159¼	110	Control Data	312	115½	115¾	113½	114⅞	+2⅝
69½	59	CnDat pf4.50	y70	59½	60	59½	60	+1⅝
41½	33½	Conwod 1.90a	1	34½	34½	34½	34½	+ ½
45¾	27⅛	Cook Unit .50	11	39	39⅝	37	39⅛	+ ¼
49½	22¾	CooperIn 1.40	6	26¾	27⅛	26¾	26⅞	+ ⅛
28¼	15¼	Cooper TR 1	14	17	17⅛	17	17⅛	+ ⅛
29	18¼	CoopT pf1.25	4	19	19⅛	18⅞	18⅞	+ ⅛
51⅞	39⅞	Copeland 1.20	9	40⅝	40⅝	39¾	40	— ⅝
72	39	CoppRge .50b	41	66½	66⅞	66¼	66⅝	— ⅜
29	17½	CopwlStl 1.20	11	18¾	19⅛	18¾	19⅛	+ ¼
37¾	22	CorinthB .32g	72	24⅞	25	24⅛	25⅛	+ ⅝
320	237½	CorGW 2.50a	16	257¾	257	257½	259	+ ½
23¾	21	Coronetin .22	7	23⅛	23⅞	22⅞	22⅞	— ⅛
17⅝	9⅞	Cowles .22	9	11⅛	11⅝	11⅛	11⅝	+ ¼
59	37	CoxBdcas .50	7	47	47½	47	47½	+ ½
42⅞	21⅞	CPC Intl 1.70	176	34½	34¾	34¼	34⅝	+ ⅜
59½	29⅝	Crane 1.60b	63	42⅝	42	42⅝	42⅝	— ⅛
25⅞	15	CrompKn .50	12	14½	14⅞	14⅛	14½	— ⅛
34	25¼	CrouseHind 1	19	24⅛	24¼	24	24⅛	— ⅛
43¼	25½	CrowCol 1.07f	42	30½	30¾	29⅝	30¾	+ ⅝
63	47	CrowC pf1.22	4	47	47	47	47	—1⅜
16⅞	15	Crown Cork	154	17	17	15½	16½	— ⅛
41¾	23½	CrwnZell 1.60	52	36	36	35¼	35¾	
75½	59⅝	Crn Z pf4.20	z480	63	63	59½	59½	— ½
53	15½	CTS Corp .40	7	17½	17¾	17½	17⅝	+ ⅛
26	12¾	Cudahy Co	33	12¾	12¾	12⅛	12⅝	— ⅛
27⅝	17⅝	CuCiby pf1.25	7	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	
36⅞	21	Culligan .20	55	24¼	24½	23½	23⅝	—1⅜
45½	32⅛	Cummin .50b	13	43	43	42⅞	43⅛	+2⅜
40¾	27½	CunnDrug .70	2	30½	30½	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅛
28½	17¼	Curtiss Wrt 1	25	19⅝	19⅞	19⅛	19⅝	— ⅛
37⅞	29⅞	Curt Wr A 2	3	29	29	29	29	— ⅝
43⅝	31½	Cutler H 1.20	10	37⅛	37⅛	36⅞	37	+ ⅛
52¼	27¾	Cyclops 1.20	5	37	37	36½	36⅝	
61⅝	42¼	CyprusM 1.40	15	50⅝	50⅝	49⅞	49⅞	— ⅝

D

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Nets. Chge.
27⅝	12¼	Dan River 1g	50	12⅞	13	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
29	21⅛	Dana Cp 1.28	21	22¼	23⅛	22⅛	23⅛	
54⅞	37¾	Dart Ind .20b	106	50¾	51¼	50¼	51¾	+1⅜
57½	43	Dart Ind pf 2	6	52½	[illegible]	52½	53	
27¼	23½	DaycoCp 1.14	14	23⅝	23⅞	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
113½	85	Dayco pf4.25	z20	86	86	86	86	
46	35⅝	DaytnHud .50	56	41	41	40¼	40¾	— ¼
37¼	25¼	DaytPL 1.68	43	26	26¼	25⅝	25⅞	— ⅛
62	49	DPL pfA 3.75	z170	50½	50½	50	50	—1
64	52¼	DPL pfC 3.90	z30	53½	53½	53½	53½	—1
55⅞	34¼	Deere Co 2	157	41¼	42¼	41¼	42	+ ⅛
25⅝	18¼	DelmarP 1.08	51	19½	20	19⅝	19⅞	— ⅛
25⅞	25⅞	Del Mnte 1.10	30	29¼	29	29½	29	+ ⅝
40⅞	26¼	DeltaAir .40	264	32¾	33	32¼	32¾	— ⅛
23⅞	10½	Deltec Int	22	13	13⅛	12¾	13⅛	+ ¼
		Deltec Int fn	1	13	13	13	13	
54⅞	23	Denn Mfg .60	153	23½	24⅛	23⅛	24	+ ⅜
43⅞	21⅛	DennyRst .04	133	23	23	22⅞	22⅞	+ ⅞
58	28	Dntsply 1.20a	77	47½	48	47	48	+ ⅛
28½	17½	DenRGr 1.10	15	18	18¼	17⅞	18	
74¼	53	Dereco pf B	7	54⅝	54⅝	54½	54⅝	— ⅛
42½	29⅝	DeSotoInc .90	64	29⅝	30⅛	29⅝	30⅛	+1
29⅞	22	DetEdis 1.40	56	22⅛	22⅝	22¼	22⅝	+ ⅛
104¼	82¼	Det Ed pf5.50	13	82¼	83	82¼	82¾	— ¼
25¼	11⅞	DetSteel .22p	43	12¾	12⅞	12½	12⅞	+ ⅛
35	24	Dexter .24	15	33⅞	34¼	33¾	34	— ⅛
20½	11⅞	DiaFinan .50	14	11½	11½	11¼	11½	
59⅝	41⅛	Diamlntl 1.80	48	41⅛	41⅝	41⅛	41⅝	
35⅞	20	DiaSham 1.40	217	20⅛	20⅛	20	20	— ⅛
45½	28⅝	DiaSh pf C2	12	29¼	29½	29	29	— ½
27⅞	15¼	DiaS pf D1.50	35	15½	15⅝	15¼	15¼	
31½	22	Dictaphon .48	32	25½	26⅛	25½	26⅛	+ ⅛
67	42⅛	Diebold .45b	18	62	62½	61½	62½	+1¼
26	18¼	DiGiorgio .60	11	23⅝	23¼	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
35⅞	21¾	Dillnghm .40	21	27½	28¼	27¾	28¼	+1⅛
63½	43	Dillng pf A2	1	54	54	54	54	
66	43	Dillng pf B2	1	57	57	57	57	— ½
20½	15⅝	DillonCo .56b	2	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
45¾	17	DinerClub .50	16	17½	17⅞	17½	17⅞	— ⅛
126	69⅞	Disney .20b	231	122	124¼	120¼	124¼	+4¼
58⅝	44⅝	DistSeag 1.20	5	49⅛	49⅝	49⅛	49⅛	— ⅛
50⅛	13½	Diversind .36	70	17⅞	18¼	17⅞	18¼	+ ⅛
54	43⅝	DrPepper .90	24	49½	50	49½	49½	
89	42⅝	DomeMin .20	41	47¼	48¼	47	45¼	— ¼
15¼	12½	DomFd 1.19g	8	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
43½	32	Donnelley .60	58	36½	37	36½	36½	— ¼
37¼	26⅛	Doric Cp .32	5	28⅞	28⅞	28½	28½	— ⅛
25⅜	12½	Dorr Oliver	16	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
45¼	33⅛	Dover Cp .70	12	43½	43½	43½	43½	— ¼
80⅝	64½	DowChm 2.60	123	69¼	70	68½	69⅝	— ⅛
50	29⅝	DravoCp 1.40	8	29⅞	30	29⅞	30	+ ½
42⅞	24½	Dressind 1.40	111	26	26½	25⅞	26	
49	33⅛	Dressr pf2.20	35	33½	33½	32½	32½	— ¾
117	28⅝	Dressr pf B2	17	28⅞	30	28⅞	30	+1⅛
47⅛	25	DreyfusCp 1b	51	28⅞	29½	28⅞	29½	+1½
43½	29	DukePw 1.40	6	32⅛	32	32	32	— ⅛
107¾	103½	DukeP pf6.75	3	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	— ⅛
60	43⅝	DunBrd 1.10a	18	55½	57¼	55½	57¼	+1¼
50⅝	15½	Duplan Cp	34	24	25⅜	24	25¼	+1½
165½	108½	duPont 5.25g	166	109⅛	110	109¾	110	+1⅛
75¼	66	duPont pf4.50	6	65½	65¾	65¼	65½	— ¼
62	52	duPont pf3.50	4	52	52½	52	52½	+ ½
31½	23½	Duq Lt 1.56	82	23½	23½	23¼	23½	
35¾	28½	Dq 4.20pf2.10	z220	29½	29½	29	29	+ ⅛
34	28	Dq 4.15pf2.07	z220	28¼	28¼	28	28	— ½
33⅞	25	DuqLt 4pf 2	z460	27	27⅛	26⅝	27	— ⅛
31¼	24½	Dq 3.75pf1.87	z20	25	25	25	25	
27	14½	Dymolnd .07f	23	15¼	16½	15¼	16¼	+ ⅝
28½	11½	Dyna Am .40	54	11⅞	11⅞	11½	11⅞	— ⅛

E

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Nets. Chge.
33¼	23¼	EaglePch .80	20	28⅝	28⅞	28	28¼	— ⅛
28⅛	17	Easco Cp .90	25	21½	22	21½	22	+ ½
32¼	15½	East Air .27p	175	17½	18	17⅝	18	+ ¼
44	21¾	East GF .62f	93	25	28⅝	27¾	27¾	— ¼
30¼	20	East Util 1.40	12	20	20¼	20	20¼	+ ⅛
79⅞	68⅝	EasKodak 1a	243	74	75½	73⅞	75⅛	+1⅛
46⅞	32¼	EatonYa 1.40	164	42⅛	42	40⅝	41⅞	+1¼
25⅝	16⅞	EchlinMf .72	44	25	25½	24¾	25½	+ ⅛
36⅝	22⅛	EckrdFla .20	49	32⅝	33⅛	32⅜	32⅞	+ ½
51	25	EdisonBros 1	2	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅛
50⅞	24¼	EG&G .10	82	24⅛	25½	24½	25⅛	+ ⅛
8⅞	5	ElMusic .05g	334	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	+ ⅛
		ElMus fn.05g	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
25¼	13¼	Elect Assoc	157	15¼	16¼	14⅛	14⅞	—1⅛
83½	43½	El Mem Mag	145	73⅛	76⅛	73⅛	75⅝	+3⅝
29⅞	17⅝	ElMMag pf	91	26¼	26¾	26⅝	26¾	+ ⅛
20¼	8¼	ElginNat Ind	59	8⅜	8⅜	8⅛	8¼	
26	17⅞	ElPasoNG 1	136	18	18⅛	18	18	— ⅛
45½	24	Eltra Cp 1.20	28	27½	27⅞	27½	27⅞	+1⅛
61⅝	45	Emer Elec 1	44	58	58¼	57⅞	58⅛	+ ¼
66	44¼	EmeryAir .90	5	59½	59⅝	59½	59¼	
50⅝	33⅝	Emhart 1.20b	8	40	40	39⅞	39⅞	— ⅛
33⅝	26	EmpDist 1.76	2	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	— ¼
35⅞	27⅛	EmporC .50b	1	31	31	31	31	— ¼
45	22¼	EndJohn .12p	14	22½	23⅝	22½	23	+ ⅝
64½	47	EndJohn pf 4	z130	49	49	48½	48½	—1
34¼	18⅛	EnglhMin .40	125	23¼	23½	23	23¼	
42¼	28¼	EnnisBus .64	5	37¼	37¼	37	37	— ¼
39¾	33	EquitGas 2.20	8	33⅝	33⅝	33⅛	33⅝	+ ⅛
34⅞	22⅝	ESB Inc 1.20	4	25	25	24½	24½	— ½
31¼	18⅛	Esquire .30	18	22	22¼	22	22¼	+ ¼
46⅝	31½	EssexInt 1.20	23	34¼	34⅝	34¼	34⅝	— ⅛
47	40	Essex pf2.84	2	43	43	43	43	
36¾	22⅝	Ethyl Cp .72	87	25¼	25⅞	25	25¾	+ ⅝
53¼	34¾	Ethyl pf2.40	25	40¼	40½	40	40½	— ⅛
27⅝	15	Eurofnd 1.30g	7	17⅜	17⅞	17⅜	17⅝	— ¼
62	38	EvansP .60b	13	43⅛	43¾	43½	43½	
28⅝	12½	Eversharp	64	26	26¼	25⅝	26	— ⅛
37⅝	22¼	ExCellO 1.25	56	23⅝	24⅛	23⅝	23⅞	+ ¼

F

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Nets. Chge.
38¾	26¼	Faberge .40	137	37	37⅞	37	37⅛	+ ¾
48¾	33⅝	Factor A .58	12	43⅛	43⅛	43	43	—1
102½	57¼	FairchC .50	111	82½	85½	82½	85¼	+3⅝
24¼	10⅞	Fairch Hiller	37	14¼	14⅞	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
27¼	16	Fairmont 1	10	17⅞	18	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
17⅞	10	Falstaff .40	51	11⅛	11⅛	11	11⅛	+ ⅛
28⅛	19	Fam Fin 1.20	28	19¼	19⅝	18⅞	19⅛	+ ⅛
33⅞	13⅝	Fansteel Inc	30	13⅞	14⅝	13⅞	14⅛	+ ⅝
24	15	Far West Fin	14	15¼	15½	15¼	15½	+ ¼
87¼	32½	FarahMf .60b	15	54	54	54	54	— ⅛
41¾	19½	FAS Int 1.40f	6	27½	27⅞	26⅞	27	+
33⅞	22¼	Fedders .40	69	30¼	30⅞	30¼	30¾	+ ⅝
37½	25¾	FedMog 1.80	43	26	26	25½	25⅞	+ ⅛
29½	16½	FedPac Elec	55	17	17¼	17	17	+ ⅛
35	21⅛	FedPapBd 1	6	22¼	23	22¼	22¾	+ ¼
43¾	22½	FedSignS .60	7	28	28	28	28	— ⅛
40½	31	FedDeptStr 1	77	38⅝	38⅝	38¼	38¼	— ⅛
19⅝	8¾	Fed Mig Inv	4	9⅞	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛	+ ⅛
28½	21¼	Ferro Cp .70	14	24⅞	24⅞	24	25⅛	+1
43⅝	23½	Fibrebrd .70	23	24	24½	24	24¼	— ¼
43	23¼	FieldctM 1.40	3	29¼	29⅛	29⅛	29¼	
54⅝	31⅝	Filtrol 2	3	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	— ⅝
37½	20	Fin Federatn	42	21	21⅛	21	21⅛	+ ¼
66½	46¾	Firestne 1.60	198	53⅝	53¾	53⅛	53⅛	— ⅝
50¾	32¼	Fst Chrt 2.29f	57	40½	41	40½	40½	
82⅞	58	FstNCity 2.40	170	64¼	65¼	64⅝	64⅝	+ ¼
40⅝	31¾	FstNatStr 1g	8	35¼	35½	35⅛	35⅛	— ⅝
35⅞	26¼	Fischbch .80	19	33	33	32½	32½	— ½
25⅞	19½	Fishr Fd .05d	29	21⅛	22	21½	21¾	— ⅛
27	13⅛	FisherSci .16	40	17	17¾	17	17¾	+ ⅝
23⅝	13¼	Fleming .50	6	13½	13½	13½	13½	— ½
32½	23⅛	Flinikote 1	14	24¼	24¼	24	24	— ⅝
92	70½	Flint pfA4.50	250	81	81	81	81	— ¼
43⅝	34⅛	Flint pfB2.25	5	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	+ ⅜
46¼	20½	Fla E Coast	10	32⅝	32⅞	32⅝	32⅞	+ ⅛
22¼	16⅛	Fla Gas .50	15	18	18	18	18	
52½	42	Fla Pow 1.60	414	48½	48¾	47¾	48	— ⅛
76½	64½	FlaPowLt 2	45	67⅞	68⅛	67¾	68	— ⅛
31⅛	20¼	Fla Steel 1	14	25	25	25	25	— ¼
58⅝	27⅛	FluorCp 2.03f	152	27⅝	27⅝	26½	26½	—1
79½	42½	Fluor pf B3	2	45½	46	45⅞	46	+ ⅛
33¾	15⅝	Fly Tiger .10	380	24½	25⅜	24½	25⅝	+ ⅞
38⅝	21¼	FMC Cp .85	158	24½	24⅝	24⅜	24½	+ ⅛
57½	37½	FMC pf2.25	7	39	39	38¼	38½	
27⅞	20	FoodFair .90	10	21½	21¾	21½	21½	
15¾	11	Foote CB .50	14	11⅞	12	11¾	11⅞	— ⅛
30	13⅛	Foote Min	8	13½	13¾	13½	13⅝	— ⅛
38	22	Foote pf2.20	14	23⅞	24¼	23¾	24	+ ⅛
54	41⅝	FordMot 2.40	354	42	42⅝	41⅞	41⅞	— ¼
36¼	24⅝	ForMcKs .80	100	27¼	27¼	26⅝	27¼	
57½	40	FMcK pf1.80	2	45½	45	45	45	— ½
27¾	15¼	Fost Whl .60a	25	17¼	17½	17	17⅛	— ⅛
21	14¾	Fost Wh pf 1	2	15¼	15¾	15¼	15¾	— ⅛
45⅞	27	Foxboro .60	30	35½	35⅞	35	35	—1
35	18½	Frank Str .40	2	32½	32¼	32¼	32⅛	
46⅞	22⅛	FreapSul 1.60	105	22⅝	22⅞	22¼	22½	
49⅛	22⅛	FruchCp 1.70	239	40½	41	40	40⅛	+ ¼
47	30¼	Fuqua In .67f	27	30½	31⅛	30⅜	31⅛	+ ⅜

G

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Nets. Chge.
67½	41	GAC Cp 1.50	69	57⅜	59⅞	57⅜	57¾	— ½
44⅝	29⅞	GAC Cp pf 1	2	39	39	38½	38½	— ½
31⅛	15⅛	GAF Corp .40	277	16¼	17⅛	16¼	16⅞	+ ⅛
41	22⅞	GAF pf1.20	35	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
36½	21¾	Gam Sko 1.50	47	22	22⅛	22	22⅛	+ ⅛
36⅝	24½	GamS pf1.60	8	24¾	24¾	23⅞	23⅞	— ¼
29¾	24¼	Gannett .48	1	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾	— ¼
11	6⅛	Gar Wood	15	6⅞	7	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
41	29	GarW pf1.69k	1	29	29	29	29	—1⅛
38⅜	27⅛	GardDen 1.30	81	30⅞	31⅜	30⅞	31⅛	+ ½
26¼	18⅞	Gardlock .80	4	20½	20¾	20¾	20¾	+ ⅜
21¾	7⅝	Gatwyin .45p	27	9¼	9¼	9	9⅛	— ⅛
18⅝	14⅛	Gemini Cap	4	15½	15⅝	15¾	15½	+ ⅛
12¾	10½	Gemintn .56a	2	10⅝	10⅝	10½	10½	
33½	25⅛	GnAInv 2.36g	22	28⅝	28⅝	28	28	— ½
80½	40½	GAmOil .60b	52	41½	42⅛	41½	41⅞	+ ⅜
49¾	37¼	GATran 1.80	251	35½	35½	35	36	+ ¼
60¾	45½	GATrn pf2.50	1	51	51	51	51	+ ½
17¼	12⅛	Gen Banc .56	17	13¼	14¼	13¾	14¼	+ ⅛
35⅞	16¼	Gen Cable 1g	60	19	19¼	19	19¼	+ ¼
32⅝	19⅛	Gen Cig 1.20	2	20½	20¾	20½	20½	
40½	23¾	GnDevel .74f	178	30¼	32¼	30½	32¼	+1½
49½	23	GenDynam 1	37	25⅞	25⅞	25⅝	25¾	+ ¼
98¼	80½	Gen Elec 2.60	394	80⅝	81⅛	80⅛	81	
21¼	11	Gn Firpf .24g	14	13⅛	13⅛	12⅞	13⅛	
86¼	71½	Gen Fds 2.60	83	83	83⅛	82½	83	
41½	13⅝	Gen Host	82	14⅞	14⅞	14	14	— ⅝
43¾	26	Gen Inst .54f	93	34¼	35	34⅛	34⅞	+ ⅜
51⅝	42	GenInstr pf 3	2	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝	— ⅝
39¼	30	Gen Mills .88	359	35¼	35½	35	35½	— ⅛
65½	54	GMills pf1.75	3	62½	62½	62½	62½	—1
83⅝	70⅛	GenMot 4.30g	742	72⅛	72⅛	71⅜	71⅝	— ⅛
87¾	73	G Mot 5pf 5	12	74	74½	74	74	+ ⅛
65½	55	G Mot pf3.75	15	56	56	56	55⅝	+ ½
25	16¾	GenPCem .60	7	20½	20½	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
32⅝	22⅝	GPubUt 1.60	149	23⅛	23⅛	23	23⅛	
17¼	10⅝	Gen Refract	55	12⅛	12⅛	11¾	11¾	— ⅝
57	39½	Gen Sig 1.20	14	49	49	48½	48½	— ½
105	75½	Gen Sig pf 4	4	90	90	90	90	—1¼
32½	15¼	GenStlInd .80	14	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
40⅞	31	G Tel El 1.52	344	32½	32½	32	32½	
50⅝	41⅛	GTelEl pf2.50	4	43½	43½	43½	43½	
21½	17½	GTel pfB1.30	z200	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
53	21⅛	GenTime .80	157	31⅛	34⅛	31⅛	33⅞	+2¼
34⅜	17¼	Gen Tire 1b	78	18⅝	19⅛	18⅝	19⅛	+ ⅜
83½	70	G Tire pf 5	z10	70	70	70	70	
55	28	Genesco 1.60	35	29¼	29½	29¼	29¼	— ¼
13½	11⅛	Genstar Ltd	7	11⅞	12	11⅝	12	
40	30¾	GenuinePts 1	14	39	39¼	39	39	+ ¼
55⅞	39⅞	Ga Pac .60b	183	49⅝	50⅝	49	50⅝	+1⅞
78½	55⅝	GaPac pf1.64	10	68¼	71	68¼	71	+2½
57⅞	40	GaPac pf1.40	2	49⅞	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛	— ¾
39	26⅝	Gerber 1.10	32	35⅝	37	36⅞	36⅞	— ⅛
85½	51	GettyOil .33g	90	50¾	51⅛	50½	50⅝	— ⅝
19⅝	17¼	Getty pf1.20	15	17½	17½	17½	17½	
21¼	10⅛	Giant PC .80	46	10½	10¾	10¼	10⅝	— ⅛
40⅞	26⅛	Gibralt Fin	17	30⅛	30¼	29¾	29¾	— ⅜
31	16	Gidd Lew .80	21	16⅞	17	16¾	16¾	
59⅝	40¾	Gillette 1.40	201	46¾	47⅛	46⅝	47⅛	+ ⅜
46½	35¼	Gimbel Br 1	181	42⅝	42⅝	41	41½	—1½
28	8⅝	Glen Alden	109	8⅝	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	+ ⅛
137¼	59	GlenAld pf 3	1	60¾	60¾	60¾	60¾	— ¼
40⅞	20⅜	Global Marin	117	20⅛	21¼	20⅛	20⅞	+ ⅞
25⅞	15	GlobeUn .80	7	15⅞	16¼	15⅞	16⅛	— ⅛
66	30⅛	Goodrich 1.72	117	31⅞	32	31½	31⅞	+ ⅛
34	25⅝	Goodyear .85	325	28⅛	30⅛	28⅛	30	+ ⅜
57¾	35	Gouldinc 1.40	57	40	40⅝	39¾	40⅛	+ ⅝
49⅝	25⅝	GraceCo 1.50	93	27¾	27⅞	27¼	27½	— ⅜
41	27½	Granby 1.20a	7	33⅞	33⅞	33	33	— ¼
29¼	21	GrandUn .80	24	28¼	28⅝	28¼	28½	+ ⅛
25⅝	13⅝	GraniteC Stl	93	13½	13⅝	13⅛	13½	
32½	17⅛	Granitev 1.40	20	17½	17½	17	17¼	+ ⅛
53	39⅛	GrantW 1.40	71	53	53	51⅜	51⅞	—2
51½	24¼	GrayDrg 1.20	10	26⅜	27⅛	26⅜	26¾	+ ⅜
35¼	25¼	Gt A&P 1.30	22	28⅝	28⅞	28⅝	28⅞	
17⅞	15	GrtNoIr 1.35e	x19	14¾	14¾	13⅝	14	
72	49⅞	GtNoPap 1.60	13	55	56	55¼	55⅞	— ⅜
20⅛	14⅛	GtNorP pf.40	1	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ¼
63¼	41⅝	Gt Nor Ry 3	40	41⅞	42	41⅝	41⅞	
31½	21½	Gt West Finl	49	24	24⅛	24	24⅛	+ ⅛
79	36	GtWnUnit .90	47	37¼	37⅝	37¼	37⅝	+ ¾
25⅝	22¼	GWUn pf1.88	9	22⅝	22⅞	22⅝	22¾	— ⅛
21¼	13⅛	GtWashIn .50	4	14⅞	15	14⅞	14⅞	+ ⅛
37¼	25¼	GreenGnt .76	13	31	31¼	30½	30⅝	— ½
36⅛	20⅜	GreenSh 1.20	1	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	
25⅞	17⅝	Greyhound 1	146	18	18⅛	18	18	— ⅛
36	27⅝	Grolier .90	43	32	32	31⅝	32	+ ⅛
48⅝	24⅛	GrummnCp 1	44	26⅝	27⅛	26⅝	26⅞	— ⅝
38⅛	33⅛	GlfLfHold .40	59	33½	34⅛	33½	34⅛	+ ⅝
118⅝	71½	GlfMOh 2.80a	3	76	76	76	76	— ⅛
47	30⅛	Gulf Oil 1.50	770	30⅝	30½	30	30⅛	+ ⅛
28⅞	11⅝	Gult Resrces	58	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
46⅛	17⅝	GulfRes pf.20	7	17¼	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
36⅝	19⅝	GlfRes pf1.30	3	20	20⅛	20	20⅛	+ ⅛
27⅞	19⅛	GulfStaUt .96	87	22⅛	22⅝	22⅛	22⅝	+ ⅛
70¼	58⅞	GulfSU pf4.40	z90	58⅝	58⅝	57⅛	57⅛	—1⅛
50¼	19⅞	GulfWn .40a	1636	21⅛	21⅛	20	20¼	— ⅝
203⅝	79	GulfW pf3.50	3	86¼	88⅝	86¼	88⅝	+4¾
64	46⅛	GulfW pf3.87	4	50⅛	50⅛	49½	49½	— ⅞
77¾	63	GulfW pf5.75	8	63	63	62¼	62¾	— ⅜
38½	17	Gulton Ind	70	19⅛	20¼	19⅛	20	+ ⅜

H

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Nets. Chge.
49	36¼	HackWat 2.20	3	36⅝	36⅝	36¼	36½	— ¼
48⅛	35⅝	Hall Prt 1.60	2	39¼	39⅝	39¼	39⅝	
60½	41⅞	Halliburt 1.05	101	55	55	54⅝	54⅝	— ⅛
21⅛	11½	HamWat .56f	12	12⅛	12⅛	12¼	12¼	— ¼
38½	25	Hamm Pap 1	18	24⅝	25	24½	25	
23	14	Hammnd .70	13	20¼	20⅛	20¼	20⅛	+ ¼
40½	29	Handimn .60	312	38⅛	38⅝	37⅞	38	— ⅛
34⅛	27	Hand Har .72	4	28½	28½	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅛
44¼	16¼	HanesCo .90	24	16¾	17⅛	16½	17⅛	+ ⅝
76	51	Harcourt 1	8	56	56	55⅝	55⅝	— ⅝
80½	64⅛	Harris Int 1	43	76⅝	76⅛	74	74⅛	—2¼
27½	19	Harsco Cp 1	27	19⅛	20	19⅝	19⅝	— ¼
39⅛	30⅛	HartSMrx .80	38	30⅞	31	30⅞	30⅞	
39½	21	Harv Al 1.20	59	26⅝	27⅛	26½	27	+ ½
21¼	8½	Hat Corp .40	5	9¼	9½	9¼	9⅛	
37½	30	Hawil El 1.32	8	30	30¼	30	30	
29¼	16½	Hayes Alb 1	20	17⅛	17⅛	16⅞	17⅛	+ ⅛
20⅞	13¼	Hazeltine	31	16⅝	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	— ¼
37½	17¼	HeclaMng .70	38	28⅝	29⅝	28⅝	29⅝	+1⅛
39	28¼	Heinz HJ .84	37	36½	36⅞	36	36	— ½
23½	12½	Helene Curt	12	13⅛	13⅛	13	13	— ⅛
26½	16⅞	Hell Coll .80	476	23¼	27	23¼	26½	+3¾
24⅝	13⅛	Heller Int .60	29	19¾	20	19¾	20	+ ¼
32⅛	16½	Helme Pds 1	14	17⅞	18¼	17⅞	18¼	+ ¼
29	16½	HelmrhP .20	23	17¼	18	17⅛	18	+ ⅛
10⅝	5⅛	Hemisph Cap	59	6	6⅛	6	6	
10⅝	7¼	Hemilnc .63g	21	7¼	7⅝	7¼	7⅝	+ ⅜
53⅝	30¼	Hercln 1.20g	65	33¾	33¾	33⅛	33⅝	— ⅛
31¼	21⅛	HershFd 1.10	39	22½	22½	21⅞	22⅛	— ⅜
43⅞	32	Heublein .80	120	41⅞	41⅞	41¼	41⅝	
114⅝	75¼	HewPack .20	64	99	99	98½	99	
37¼	17¼	High Voltage	74	22	22⅛	21⅞	21⅞	+ ⅛
70⅞	49	HiltonHotel 1	29	62¼	62¼	62⅛	62⅛	
44	21	Hitco .15	97	26⅞	27	26⅝	26⅞	
53½	41	Hobart 1.20	17	44¼	44¼	44	44	— ⅛
33	24½	HoernWal .82	55	25½	25½	24⅞	24⅞	—1
28⅝	9⅛	Hoff Electrn	51	10⅛	11	10½	11	+ ⅜
47⅝	34	HolidyInn .20	116	41¾	42⅝	41½	42⅝	+ ⅞
37¼	20¾	HollySug 1.20	30	21½	22¼	21½	22¼	+ ¾
46	19⅝	Homestke .40	106	20½	20⅝	19⅞	20¼	+ ⅛
157¼	107⅛	Honeywl 1.20	73	145	146½	145	146⅛	+2⅛
47¼	27¼	Hoov Bl 1.20a	14	34¼	34¼	34¼	34¼	— ⅛
44	32¼	Host Intl .30	19	41¾	42	41⅝	42	+ ⅝
21	12⅛	Hotel Cp Am	16	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12⅝	— ⅛
24	15⅛	Houd Ind .80	27	15⅛	15⅛	15¼	15⅛	— ⅛
35⅛	29⅝	Houd pf 2.25	2	29½	29½	29½	29½	— ½
27⅞	17¼	Houg Miff .40	9	21½	22	21½	21¾	+ ½
45⅛	35⅞	HousehF 1.10	54	44	44⅛	44	44⅛	+ ½
144⅛	107⅛	HousF pf4.40	10	132	132	132	132	+2½
71⅜	53	HousF pf2.37	14	6	66	66	66	
47	34½	HoustLP 1.12	151	40¾	41⅛	40⅝	40⅝	— ⅛
56	35⅝	HoustNGs .80	35	49¾	49⅛	48	48	— ⅝
51⅝	37½	HouGs pf1.50	7	49	50	49	49¾	+1
28½	18¼	How John .24	110	19	19⅝	19	19⅝	+ ⅝
37⅛	23⅞	Howmet .70	51	29¼	29¼	28⅝	28⅝	— ½
83¾	66	HudsnB 3.40a	12	80½	81	80	81	+1⅛
		HudB fn3.40a	2	77	77	77	77	
24¼	16⅛	Hugh Hat .40	14	18⅝	18⅝	18¼	18¼	— ⅜

I

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Nets. Chge.
35½	28⅛	IdahoPw 1.60	16	31⅜	31¾	31⅜	31⅝	+ ⅛
19¼	12⅛	Ideal Basic 1	125	12⅞	12⅞	12½	12⅞	
36	30½	Ill Cent 1.14	44	31¼	31⅛	31⅛	31¼	— ⅛
79⅛	54	Ill Cen pf3.50	10	54½	54⅝	54	54⅛	— ⅝
41¼	32	Ill Power 2	63	34⅛	35	34⅛	34⅞	+ ½
39	29½	Ill Pw pf2.35	z210	30¼	30½	30¼	30½	+1
34⅛	28	Ill Pw pf2.13	z100	29⅛	29⅞	29	29	— ⅛
34	27⅛	Ill Pw pf2.04	z230	27¼	27¼	27	27	— ⅛
18⅜	11⅝	Imp Cp Am	60	13⅝	14	13⅝	13⅞	+ ⅛
52¼	26⅛	INA Cp 1.40	184	33⅞	34⅝	33½	34⅜	+ ⅝
17⅝	12⅛	Income Capit	11	13⅝	14	13⅝	14	
42¼	22½	Indian Hd .60	49	24½	25	24⅝	25	+ ¼
31	22½	IndpIsPL 1.50	13	23⅝	24	23¾	24	— ⅛
13	7¼	InElMex .52g	10	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
28⅝	20¼	IndBancp .80	1	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	
55¼	39½	IngerRand 2	59	40¼	41¼	40⅛	40⅝	+ ¼
46½	33⅞	IngRd pf2.35	13	35	35	34⅞	35	— ½
42⅝	27¼	Inland Stl 2	174	27½	27⅞	27¼	27½	
27½	16⅛	InmontCp .76	21	16⅛	16⅝	16⅛	16⅝	— ⅛
73¼	58	Inmont pf4.50	z50	59	59	59	59	—1
33½	20	Insilco .70b	39	23¼	23⅝	23¼	23⅜	+ ⅛
33½	23	Insilc pfA1.25	2	25½	25½	25	25	
58½	42⅛	Inspir Cop 3a	29	55¼	55¼	55	55	— ⅛
49	28	Interco 1	42	27⅞	28	27⅝	27⅝	— ⅛
40⅝	26	InterlkSt 1.80	42	29	29	27⅝	26⅞	— ⅜
368⅜	291¼	IBM 4	207	347¼	351	346¼	350	+3¾
65½	45¼	IntFlaFr .40b	44	59⅛	59⅝	58⅛	58⅞	— ⅛
38	25⅛	Int Harv 1.80	147	26	26½	26	26¼	+ ¼
23	17⅛	IntHold 3.70g	8	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	
58	31½	Int Indust	69	41¼	41⅛	40½	40⅝	— ⅛
75	45⅛	Int Ind pf1.70	5	54⅛	54⅛	54	54	—1
24⅝	11⅝	IntMiner .25p	249	13⅝	13⅞	13⅛	13⅝	— ⅛
62	48½	IntMiner pf 4	1	48	48	48	48	— ⅛
36⅞	14¼	Int Mng .40g	47	14⅛	15	14⅛	14⅞	— ⅛
47⅞	32⅝	Int Nick 1.20	203	41	41⅛	40⅝	41⅛	+ ⅛
46	34⅛	Int Pap 1.50	185	37⅞	37⅞	37	37⅞	+ ⅝
73⅝	62	Int Pap pf 4	z180	61½	61½	61¼	61½	— ⅛
19¼	11⅞	Intl Rectif	34	14⅛	15⅛	14⅞	15⅛	+ ⅜
46⅞	32½	Int Salt 1.40	x155	36	36	36	36	— ⅛
60½	46¼	Int T&T 1.05	628	56¼	57⅝	56⅝	57⅝	+1
181½	144	IntT&T pfE 4	z1000	173	173	173	173	—2
115½	98½	IntT&T pfH 4	2	109	109½	109	109½	+ ½
169	137	IntT&T pfF 4	3	163	163	163	163	—3
111	89½	ITT pfI 4.50	35	104	104	103	103½	—1½
110	85	IntT&T pfJ 4	7	101½	102¼	101½	102¼	— ¼
104	84	IntT&T pfK4	93	94⅝	95½	94⅝	95½	+ ⅝
85¼	69½	InTT pfL 5.50	260	72	72	72	72	— ¼
43⅝	25¼	Int Util 1.40	45	25⅝	25⅝	25¼	25⅝	— ⅛
43⅞	26	Int Util A	17	26⅝	26⅝	26	26¼	— ¼
35⅝	21¾	Interpace 1	1	24¼	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	+ ¼
112	70½	Interpca pf 5	4	77¾	79	77¾	79	
28½	16¾	Int Brand .90	9	17	17⅛	16¾	17⅛	— ⅛
46½	26	InterDStr .60	47	26⅞	26½	26	26½	+ ½
22⅞	18	IntersPw 1.24	12	18⅛	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝	— ⅛
75½	28	Iowa Beef	29	28½	28¾	28⅛	28¾	+ ⅝
26⅛	18⅛	IaEl LP 1.30	20	18⅝	18¾	18⅝	18½	+ ⅛
28⅞	21⅛	Ia Ill GE 1.38	8	22¼	22⅝	22⅛	22¼	+ ⅛
34	24½	IowaPLt 1.60	28	25¼	26	25⅝	25¾	+ ½
27¾	19⅝	IowaPSv 1.32	6	20⅛	20⅛	20	20	— ⅛
35⅞	24	Ipco Hosp .30	7	32¼	32¾	32¼	32¾	
36½	24	ITE Imp .55	43	29⅝	30	29⅝	30	
93¼	46½	Itek Corp	210	62¼	64⅝	61⅝	64⅝	+3½
141	113	ITT Sv pf4.50	1	134	134	134	134	

J-K

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Nets. Chge.
31⅜	12⅛	JacksnAtl .24	15	14⅝	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	
18½	11	Jaeger .20	6	10⅞	11	10⅞	11	
50	30¾	JapanF 1.49g	319	45⅝	46⅛	45⅛	45½	+ ⅛
		Japn fn1.49g	9	40¾	41	40½	41	
37	24⅞	JeffnPilot .80	46	29⅝	30	29½	29¾	— ¼
22½	16¾	JergensA .50	20	21⅛	21⅜	20¾	20¾	+ ⅛
55¼	43	Jewel Co 1.50	14	51	51	50⅛	50¼	— ¾
40	27¼	Jim Walt .40	97	33¾	33⅞	33½	33⅝	+ ⅛
117	87	JimWalt pf 2	2	102	104	102	104	—6½
44⅛	36⅛	JimW pf1.60	9	39	39½	39	39½	+ ⅛
42⅝	31	JohnMan 1.20	73	31⅝	31⅝	31⅛	31⅛	+ ⅛
157½	101	JohnJhn .80a	97	150	150½	147½	148	—2
31¾	24½	Johns Svc .80	39	30	30½	30	30	— ¼
62⅝	45	JonLogan .80	106	59¾	59⅞	59⅝	59⅝	
34¼	19¾	JoneLau 1.25	31	19⅞	19⅞	19⅝	19¾	
30¾	23½	Jorgensn 1.30	2	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	— ⅛
37½	27¾	Jostens .60	4	35¼	35½	35¼	35½	+ ½
37⅞	25⅛	Joy Mfg 1.40	32	34¼	34⅝	34⅛	34⅛	— ⅛
41⅝	29½	Kaiser Al 1	58	35½	35⅝	35¼	35⅜	— ¼
85	62⅝	KaisAl pf4.12	1	68	68	68	68	
40	35	Kai 4.75pf2.37	z10	36	36	36	36	— ½
27½	17¾	Kais Cem .60	7	24⅝	24⅝	24¼	24¼	— ½
27⅝	20¼	KaisC pf1.37	2	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	
35⅝	31⅛	KanC PwLt 2	10	31¾	32	31¾	31¾	
74	60	KC PL pf4.50	z10	61½	61½	61½	61½	—1½
70	59½	KC PL pf4.35	z10	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝	— ⅛
56¼	34	KC Soulnd 2	8	39½	39½	39½	39½	— ½
17¼	14¼	KC Sou pf 1	z400	16⅛	16⅛	15⅝	16⅛	+ ⅛
29¼	20½	Kan GE 1.40	40	22	22	21⅝	21⅞	+ ⅛
24⅝	19½	KanPwL 1.18	8	21⅛	22	21¾	21¾	— ¼
28⅞	12	Katy Ind	26	12	12	11⅝	11¾	— ⅛
50⅝	29½	Kauf Brd .24	106	48⅝	49¾	48⅝	49	+ ⅝
32⅝	18¼	KawecB .20b	18	22¾	23	22¼	22⅝	— ⅛
40¾	25¾	KayserRo .60	57	31⅝	32	31⅛	31¼	— ½
48	32⅛	Keebler 1.20	3	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	— ⅛
63	17¼	Keller Ind .50	9	21	21⅛	20¾	21⅛	— ⅛
45⅝	39⅝	Kellogg 1.60	25	44	44⅛	44	44	
53	32	Kelsey 1.30	24	32	32	31	31	—1
50⅝	35¼	Kendall .60	20	43⅝	44	43	44	+ ¼
36	24⅝	Kennmet .80	5	31⅛	31⅝	31¼	31⅝	+ ⅛
55½	37	Kenncott 2.40	60	43⅛	43⅞	43⅛	43⅞	+ ½
55½	35	KFCh Del .10	364	48⅞	49⅛	48⅛	49	+ ⅜
33	26¾	Ky Util 1.48	4	29¼	29¼	29¼	29¼	
124⅝	80⅝	Kerr Mc 1.50	14	95	95½	94⅝	95	— ½
107¾	75½	KerrM pf4.50	2	82¾	82¾	82⅝	82⅝	+1
38⅛	27¼	KeystConIn 2	6	27½	27½	27½	27½	+ ⅛
66½	34½	KiddeCo 1.65f	65	51¼	52⅛	51¼	52⅛	+ ⅝
84	58½	Kidde pf B4	2	72	72½	72	72½	+1½
79⅝	60½	KimbClk 2.20	67	75½	75½	74⅝	75	— ½
25⅞	14⅝	KingrDSt .40	197	21⅛	21⅛	20½	20⅞	— ⅝
39½	19	KinneyNS .25	256	28⅝	29¾	28⅝	29¾	+1⅛
65	37⅛	Kinney pf1.25	10	57	58½	56½	58¼	+ ⅛
81½	42	Kinney pf.90	3	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛	+ ⅛
85⅝	50½	KLM A 2.49g	13	53	53½	52½	52½	
51⅝	36¼	KnightN .25a	15	45⅝	45½	45⅛	45¼	+ ⅛
48⅝	26½	Koehring 2	17	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	+ ⅝
48½	30¾	Koppers 1.60	3	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	
66¼	57	Koppers pf 4	z210	57⅛	58	57	58	+ ⅞
16¼	12⅛	Korscorp Ind	44	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
48	36⅝	Kraftco 1.70	131	39⅛	40	39⅛	39⅞	+ ½
61	37⅛	Kresge SS .40	281	56½	56⅞	56¼	56⅞	+ ¾
39⅛	22¼	Kroehler .80a	5	23⅝	24	23⅝	24	+ ⅜
41⅛	31⅛	Kroger 1.30	113	32½	33⅜	33¼	33⅛	

L

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Nets. Chge.
24⅝	19⅝	Lac Gas 1.30	6	21	21¼	21	21	

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First
32	24	Lamson Sess 1	1	24⅞
43⅝	30¼	Lanv Ritz .60	5	40⅝
34⅞	16⅝	LatrobeSt .60	10	15
27⅛	16½	Lear Sieg .50	35	18⅝
67⅛	48	LearSg pf2.25	8	43
54	22¼	Leasco Data	260	26⅛
86½	37⅜	LeasD pf2.20	75	43
36⅝	20	Leesway .50b	6	28⅝
35⅝	20⅝	LeedsNor .50	2	21¼
53⅝	21	Leesona .40	33	21¼
21⅝	15	LehPCem .60	31	15⅛
16	6⅛	Leh Val Ind	137	7⅛
126	58	LV Ind pf1.50	2	59⅝
24½	20	Lehmn 1.61g	23	21¼
20⅞	13½	LeonardR .60	9	14½
13⅛	10⅛	LeverFd Cap	20	10⅝
13	11	LevFInc .75a	14	11¼
20⅝	11	LFC Financl	18	12⅛
34⅝	7⅛	LFE Corp	88	25⅝
59⅝	44	LibOFrd 2.80	80	45⅛
95⅛	74	LibOF pf4.75	6	74
17⅛	7⅞	Libb McN L	57	8⅝
24⅝	14	LibertyCp .20	24	19⅛
27	15⅛	LibtyLn 1.30g	25	16⅛
24½	16¼	LibyLn pf1.25	7	16⅛
49	33⅛	Ligg My 2.50	48	33⅛
119	91⅛	Ligg My pf 7	z50	92⅞
84½	61⅛	LincInNt 1.80	62	75⅛
85⅞	71	Linc Nat pf 3	8	79
97¼	29¼	Ling TV 1.32	42	33⅞
83	25	LingAA 2.71t	3	30⅝
115½	58½	Ling TV pf 5	2	61⅞
19	9	Lionel Corp	55	10⅛
74½	37⅛	Litton 1.89t	584	51⅝
81	40	Litton pfc pf	45	56⅛
57⅞	34½	Litton pf B2	50	43⅛
50	19	LockhdA 1.20	176	19½
41½	25	LoewsThe .13	90	35⅝
40¼	14¼	Londntwn .30	6	14⅛
27⅛	20⅛	LoneS Cem 1	50	23⅝
28⅝	17⅝	LoneSGa 1.12	85	18
30	22¼	LongIsLt 1.30	37	23⅝
114	94	LIL pf 5.75	1	100
19⅞	8⅛	Loral Corp	33	10⅛
76⅞	49⅞	La Land 1.90	62	59⅞
35	28⅛	LouisGE 1.48	13	32
95¾	75	Lou Nash 4a	12	76⅛
30	21¼	Lowenstn .90	10	22⅝
65	48	Lubrizol .60	5	61⅛
33⅝	26	Lucky Str .80	163	33⅛
43¼	27½	Ludlow 1.08	12	33⅛
35⅞	24	Lukens Stl 1	9	25⅝
26¾	19⅝	Lums Inc	157	23⅛
13¼	7⅛	LVO Corp	45	8⅛
22	13⅛	Lyk Yng .38g	160	14⅛
48	34½	LykYs pf2.50	21	35¼

M

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First
37⅛	16⅝	MacAnF .20b	19	23⅞
24⅝	9¼	MacDonld .60	40	10
29½	14½	Macke Co .30	84	16½
39⅞	30⅝	Macy RH 1	14	37¼
71½	58¼	Macy pf 4.25	z10	59¼
34⅝	23⅛	Mad Fd 3.71g	49	25½
12¾	6	Mad Sq Gar	105	6
56⅞	37⅞	Magnvox 1.20	142	39¼
65½	38½	Mallory 1.80	12	45⅛
38⅛	16¼	Man Ind .56b	16	22⅝
54⅝	35⅝	Manpowr .72	2	51⅛
70	52½	ManHan 2.50	156	66
34	19½	MAPCO .70	25	24⅝
59⅝	35⅝	Marathn 1.60	720	37
64½	41¼	Marcor Inc 1	158	58⅛
65	46	Marcor pf A2	20	52⅝
21¾	11⅞	Maremnt .77f	12	11⅞
42½	33¾	Mar Mid 1.60	5	39½
58	28¼	MarionLb .24	3	50⅝
50⅝	37¼	Marlennan 1	28	48⅝
22¼	12⅞	MareCem .30	30	13
38⅝	29¼	Marriott .84f	31	35½
29⅞	22⅛	MarshFd 1.10	13	26⅜
28⅝	18⅝	MartinM 1.10	161	19⅝
50½	45⅝	MrylCup .40b	11	49⅛
53	37⅝	Masco Cp .24	28	47
69⅞	53	Masonite 1.20	4	66⅛
25⅞	15¼	Massey F 1	33	17
69¼	44¼	Mattel .20	34	63
40¼	25	MayDStr 1.60	155	28⅝
36⅞	28½	MayD pf1.80	1	30
24⅝	18	Mays JW .50	7	22⅞
32¼	23	Maytag 1a	44	22⅞
44½	20⅝	MCA Inc .60	205	21⅞
36	22¾	McCrory 1.20	25	25⅞
89	64⅝	McCro pf4.50	z100	66⅛
87	73½	McCroryépf 6	z100	74
92	60¼	McDermott 1	240	62⅝
44⅝	26	McDonald Cp	32	41¼
49¾	23¼	McDonnD .40	170	25⅛
38⅛	29⅝	McGrEd 1.40	31	35¼
39½	24	McGHill .60	109	29⅛
64	41	McGH pf1.20	2	48
11⅝	6½	McGrgDA .40		
139¼	85	McIntyre 2	z170	134¼
45¾	24¼	McKee 1.50	3	24½
65	42⅝	McLean .80a	4	52¼
48⅛	27¾	McLouth 1.60	22	27½
28¾	16⅝	McNeil .70	19	17
37⅞	21	Mead Corp 1	73	21⅞
66½	42½	Mead pfB2.80	78	42⅞
41	26½	MedusaC 1.20	35	29
73	52¼	MelvSho 1.30	18	71
173⅞	65	Memorex Cp	393	159½
109⅛	82½	Merck 1.80a	108	103¼
59¼	32½	Meredith 1.30	3	42¼
12⅛	8⅛	MesabiT .72g	34	9
43	31	Mesta Mch 2	6	31⅞
44½	25	MGM .60p	71	30¼
53⅛	17½	Metrom .50b	66	19⅛
62¼	50	MetEd pf3.90	z60	54
60	42⅛	MGIC Inv .20	14	52⅝
19¼	14½	MichGasUt 1	11	16⅛
27¼	16½	Mich Tube 1	2	16
32⅝	17½	Microdot .40g	55	24
25¼	17⅝	MidCnTel .84	17	
25¾	18⅝	MidSoUtil .88	147	21⅝
35½	22⅝	Midld R 1.40	33	24⅛
109	74	Midwst Oil 3	4	75
73⅝	54⅛	MileLab 1.20	65	70⅛
40	24½	Mill Bred .60	107	27
36¾	11	Minn Enterp	9	14¼
118½	94	MinnMM .60	137	113
25⅝	18⅝	MinnPLt 1.20	10	18½
165	90	MissnCp 2.35	z1010	97⅝
28¼	17⅝	Miss Riv 1.28	15	18
87	65	Mo Pac A 5	2	68½
36⅛	21⅛	MP Cem 1.60	9	23⅞
28⅝	21⅞	MoPubS .80b	25	21
69¼	48⅛	Mobil 2.20a	251	48¼
43	28⅝	Mohasco 1.0	x14	31⅛
47¼	24⅝	Monarch 1.20	10	24⅛
61⅞	22⅛	Monogm Ind	77	22¼
31⅞	22	Mon RR .25g	8	22½
40	30½	MonroEq .60	2	36⅛
55⅞	36⅞	Monsan 1.80	245	38½
55⅝	49⅛	Monsa pf2.75	2	50⅛
36½	28	MontDUt 1.68	24	28⅛
35⅝	26½	Mont Pw 1.68	25	26⅝
24⅛	12¼	Moor McCor	74	16
64⅝	51½	MorganJ 2.40	71	58⅞
40½	29	MorseSho .70	42	31⅝
46	24¼	Mor-Nor .60	34	36⅛
166	102¾	Motorola 1	710	137¼
34⅛	27¾	MtFuelS 1.80	6	29⅛
24⅞	21	MtStaTT 1.36	25	21⅞
46⅛	20½	MSL Ind .40	127	20¼
38⅝	18⅝	Munsingwr 1	187	19⅛
35½	24	Murphy 1.20	5	28
26⅝	9½	Murphin .28p	32	11
50½	20¼	MurphOil .60	45	20⅞
128½	78⅝	MurpO pf5.20	1	81
33	14⅝	MurryOh .60	5	17

N

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First
63	50½	Nalco Ch .70	15	60½
50½	34⅝	Narco Sci .60	9	38⅝
49⅝	36½	NashuaCp .44	17	42¼
47½	26¼	Nat Airlin .40	68	27⅝
43½	23¼	NAviat 2.55g	34	25½
55	47	Nat Bisc 2.20	61	52½
75⅝	63½	Nat Can .80	53	73
67¼	48¼	N Can pf 1.50	1	65
150¼	108	NatCash 1.20	175	140½
65½	37	Nat Chem .50	6	56⅛
38⅛	16	NatCityL .90	10	16¾
21⅝	16½	Nat Distil .90	91	17⅜
36⅛	32⅛	NDist pf2.25	1	33
30	23⅛	Nat Fuel 1.68	14	24
46¼	18⅛	Nat Genl .20	110	19⅛
34¼	23	NatGyps 1.05	32	24⅝
74½	62	NGyps pf4.50	z20	62
24⅞	8⅞	Natind .46f	161	10⅞
33	14⅝	NatInd pf.60	2	16½
23½	14½	NatInd pf1.25	4	14½
37⅝	27	N Lead 1.27b	47	27⅝
39⅝	29	1NatPresto .90	9	29⅛
28⅛	9½	NatSvcIn .60	36	21⅝
43	28	Nat Stand .75	17	35⅛
39	30	NatStarch .60	15	32½
56⅞	41½	Nat Steel 2.50	49	43⅛
16⅛	12⅞	Nat Tea .80	17	13⅝
39¼	17¾	NatUnEl .90	23	17⅞
130⅛	34⅛	Natomas .35	147	60⅛
35⅝	18⅛	Neptune .74	27	23½
49⅞	42	Nev Pow 1.08	12	43¼
38	25¼	Newberry 1	79	29⅛
29½	22	NEngEl 1.48	87	22⅛
43	35	NEngTT 2.36	25	35½
35⅛	24½	Newmnt 1.04	89	29⅛
109	88½	Newmt pf4.50	7	96⅛
59⅝	29¼	NY Hon .75d	1	42⅝
42	29¾	NYStEG 2.08	38	30
59½	49½	NY SE pf3.75	z30	54
22⅛	16⅛	Niag MP 1.10	154	16⅞
96½	77	NiagM pf6.10	z30	79
76	62½	NiagM pf4.85	z20	63⅛
65½	53½	NiagM pf4.10	z190	54½
63½	48	NiagM pf3.90	z220	48½
56	46½	NiagM pf3.60	z20	47
54½	45½	NiagM pf3.40	z50	46½
22⅝	16⅛	Niag Shr .55g	3	19⅛
110⅝	80	NorfolkWst 6	149	80
30¼	17⅝	Norrisind .80	39	18⅛
35⅝	19⅝	NoAmCar 1	40	21½
28¼	14⅛	NAmCoal .60	8	17
59⅝	35⅛	NorAmPhil 1	74	53⅝
42⅞	25⅛	NoAmRock 2	781	25⅝
104	66	NoARk pf4.75	1	68¼
19⅞	14⅝	Nomst Ut .94	97	15⅛
35	28⅝	NoIllGas 1.68	36	29⅝
34¼	23⅝	NorInPS 1.74	11	25⅞
65	42⅛	NoNGas 2.60	29	45⅝
102¾	90½	NoNG pf5.84	z10	90½
93	75	NoNG pf5.80	z20	74½
91	73½	NoNG pf5.60	z200	74
66	40⅛	Nor Pac 2.60	32	40⅞
30⅞	23¾	NoStaPw 1.60	61	24⅝
101	89	NoStaPw pf 7	z120	89
65	53½	NSPw pf4.10	z100	53½
63½	53½	NSPw pf4.08	z10	53
58⅝	47⅝	NSPw pf3.60	z230	49
53⅝	33	Northrop 1	12	37⅝
51	33⅝	Northp pf1.45	1	38
36⅝	24	Nwst Airl .45	110	30⅝
38	29⅛	NwtBanc 1.20	10	32⅛
27⅞	14⅛	Nwst Ind 1.40	137	15⅛
138⅛	49⅛	Nwtind pfA5	4	52⅝
59⅛	47⅛	NwtInd pfC5	19	52⅛
106	41⅛	Nwstn pf4.20	50	48⅝
84	43⅛	NwstnSHW 2	18	75⅛
44⅝	30⅛	Norton 1.50	5	30⅛
51⅛	39⅛	NortSim 1.22f	34	47⅛
49⅝	27	NoSim pf1.80	22	43
28	16	NVF Co	68	17¼

O

1969 High	1969 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First
29⅛	14	Oak Elect .64	24	14⅛
27⅝	21	OakiteP .80	5	24½

(Continued on Page

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—*Cash prices in primary markets as registered today in New York were:*

Commodity and unit	Wed.	Year ago
FOODS		
Wheat 2, red bush	$1.82	$1.67¼
Wheat 2, hard, c.i.f. bu	1.94⅝	1.80⅝
Corn 2 yellow bu.	1.48½	1.37⅞
Oats 3 white bu.	82½	.96
Rye 2 Western c.i.f. bu	1.64½	1.64
Cocoa Accra lb	*.43½	.47½
Coffee 4 Santos lb.	*.48	.37
TEXTILES		
Printcloth 64-60 38½ 7d	.16¼	.15½
METALS		
Steel billets (Pitt.) ton	99.00	89.00
Iron 2 Fdry Phila ton	66.00	63.50
Steel scrap No 1 hvy Pitt	33-34	24-25
Lead, spot lb	.16	.13
Copper elec. lb.	.52¼	.42½
Tin (Straits) lb	1.63	1.63
Zinc, E St L basis lb	.15½	.13½
Silver N.Y. oz.	1.88½	1.94
COMMODITY Indices		
Moody's index (base 100 Dec 31 1931)	414.4	367.1

* Nominal. † Asked.

NEW YORK FUTURES

NEW YORK, Nov. 26—Domestic sugar futures: May '70 7.95 b.

World sugar futures: March '70 3.20-21, May '70 3.25-26, July '70 3.32-33, Sept. '70 3.36 b, Oct. '70 3.40, March '71 3.50 n.

Wool futures: Dec. 103.8 b, March '70 109.0 b, May '70 109.6 b, July '70 111.0 b, Dec. '70 114.0 b, March '71 114.9 b.

U.S. Commodity Prices

Wool tops futures: Dec. 151.8 b, March '70 153.7 b, May '70 155.8 b, Oct. '70 158.0 b, Dec. '70 158.3 b.

Cocoa futures: Dec. 42.66, March '70 41.11, May '70 40.95, July '70 40.76, Sept. '70 40.65, Dec. '70 39.70, March '71 39.45.

Copper futures: Dec. 73.30, Jan. '70 72.20, March '70 70.50, May '70 68.70, July '70 67.00, Sept. '70 65.65, Oct. '70 64.90, Dec. '70 64.10.

Cotton futures No. 2: Dec. 25.42 b, March '70 26.62 b, May '70 27.35, July '70 27.61 b, Oct. '70 26.55 b, Dec. '70 26.51 b, March '71 26.71 b.

Silver futures: Dec. 187.70, Jan. '70 190.10, March '70 194.40, May '70 198.40, July '70 202.30, Sept. '70 206.30, Dec. '70 211.50, Jan. '71 213.20.

Rubber futures: Jan. '70 22.65 b, May '70 23.00 b.

Coffee B futures: No sales.

Raw hide futures: No sales.

a—Asked. b—Bid. n—Nominal.

CHICAGO FUTURES

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev. Close
WHEAT					
Dec	1.41⅛	1.41⅝	1.40⅝	1.41	1.41
Mar	1.43⅝	1.43⅝	1.42¾	1.43	1.43
May	1.43½	1.43⅝	1.43¼	1.43¼	1.43¾
Jul	1.38¾	1.39⅛	1.38⅝	1.38¾	1.38½
Sep	1.41	1.41¼	1.41	1.41¼	1.41
CORN					
Dec	1.19½	1.19½	1.18⅝	1.19⅛	1.19¾
Mar	1.22⅝	1.22⅝	1.22¼	1.22½	1.22¾
May	1.26⅛	1.26⅛	1.25½	1.25⅝	1.25⅞
Jul	1.28⅛	1.28⅛	1.27⅝	1.27⅞	1.28
Sep	1.25¼	1.25¼	1.24½	1.24½	1.25⅛
OATS					
Dec	58⅝	58¾	57¾	57¾	59¼
Mar	63¼	63¼	62½	62½	63⅜
May	66	66⅛	65½	65⅝	66½
Jul	66⅛	66⅛	65⅝	65⅝	66¼
Sep	67	67	66⅝	66⅞	b67¾
RYE					
Dec	1.09½	1.09½	1.08	1.08¾	1.10¼
Mar	1.13	1.13¼	1.12	1.13¼	1.13¼
May	1.16⅞	1.17½	1.16	1.17½	1.17⅛
Jul	1.16	1.16½	1.15½	1.16¼	1.16¾
Sep	—	—	—	1.15½	1.16
SOYBEANS					
Jan	2.44½	2.45⅝	2.44⅝	2.44⅞	2.44¾
Mar	2.50½	2.51	2.50⅝	2.50½	2.50⅝
May	2.55	2.55½	2.54⅞	2.54⅞	2.55
Jul	2.57⅝	2.58	2.57¼	2.57⅝	2.57½
Aug	2.55¼	2.56	2.55¼	2.55½	2.55
Sep	2.47½	2.47⅝	2.47¼	2.47⅝	2.47⅝
Nov	2.43¼	2.43¼	2.42⅝	2.42⅝	2.43⅛
SOYBEAN OIL					
Dec	9.10	9.20	9.02	9.13	9.08
Jan	8.72	8.83	8.65	8.74	8.70
Mar	8.55	8.59	8.47	8.49	8.48
May	8.43	8.47	8.39	8.37	8.42
Jul	8.33	8.37	8.30	8.31	8.32
Aug	8.26	8.29	8.19	8.20	8.25
Sep	8.05	8.09	8.02	8.02	8.03
Oct	7.98	7.99	7.93	a7.95	7.95
SOYBEAN MEAL					
Dec	696.5	70.75	69.95	70.50	69.65
Jan	69.00	69.70	69.00	69.50	68.90
Mar	69.60	69.75	69.40	a69.70	67.35
May	70.80	71.00	70.65	70.90	70.60
Jul	72.00	72.20	72.00	72.15	71.95
Aug	72.20	72.35	72.20	72.30	72.15
Sep	70.50	70.75	70.20	a70.20	70.00
Oct	68.75	68.75	68.60	a68.60	a68.75
CHOICE STEERS					
Dec	29.62	29.62	29.52	29.52	29.70
Jan	—	—	—	a29.60	a29.65
Feb	29.70	29.70	29.70	29.70	29.70
Apr	29.80	29.85	29.80	29.85	29.85
Jun	—	—	—	a29.95	30.00
ICED BROILERS					
Jan	27.50	27.82	27.50	27.82	27.50
Mar	28.20	28.47	28.27	28.42	28.25
May	28.50	28.50	28.35	28.47	28.27
Jul	28.90	28.92	28.75	28.90	28.67
Sep	27.60	27.60	27.60	27.60	a27.60

b-bid; a-asked; n-nominal.

N.Y. Highs and Lows

.... NEW HIGHS-3.. ....

Abbott Lab, Am Hospit, Hell Coll

.... NEW LOWS-134 .. ..

Allegh Cp, Allied Strs, Amer Hess, Am Distill, A DualVest, Armst Ck, Ashland Oil, Atlas Chem, Atlas Cp, Avco Corp, Balt G pf B, BangP 2pf, BatesMfg pf, Beldg Hem, Bell Howell, Borman Inc, Branif Airw, BrownCo pf, Ches Ohio, CMStP pf ct, Chrysler, Cin Sub Tel, CIT F 5.50pf, Cities Serv, Clark Oil, Cont Oil, Copeland, Crompt Kn, Crn Zell pf, Cudahy pf, Curt Wr A, Dial Finan, Diam Intl, Dial Sham, Dresser pf, Duke Pw pf, duPnt 4.50pf, Family Fin, Fed Mogul, Fibor Corp, Gamb 1.60pf, Gen Elec, Gen Instr pf, Getty Oil, Global Mar, Granitev, Gt Nor Iron, Gulf Oil, Glf Res pf A, GltSU 4.40pf, GulfW 5.75pf, Hamm Pap, Hoern Wald, Houd Ind, Ill Cent pf, IllPw 4.08pf, Inmont Cp, Interco, Int Miner pf, IntPaper pf, Jaeger Mch, Jones Lau, KCPL 4.35pf, Katy Ind, Kelsey Hay, Leh Port C, LibOFrd pf, Librty Ln pf, Mad S Gar, Maremont, Marq Cem, McLouth St, McNell Cp, Mead pf B, Mich Tube, Mo Pub Sv, Monarch M, Ntind 1.25pf, New Eng El, NYSta EG, Norf Westn, NoNG 5.80pf, NSPw 4.10pf, OhEd 4.56pf, OkGE 4.24pf, Orange Rk, Owens Ill, Pan Am Sul, Pan Am, Pster Paul, Phila Elec, Portec Inc, PSEG 1.40pf, PuerR Cem, QuakStOil n, RapidAm pf, Reading Co, Reading 1 pf, Reading 2 pf, Republic Stl, Richardsn, Ronson, RoyCr Cola, Royal Dutch, StJos Lt Pw, Siegel HI, Signal Co, Smucker J, So Jer Gas, StdBrand pf, Std Oil Cal, Std Oil NJ, Stand Pkg, Sun Oil, Sun Oil pf, Timk RBear, Tran W Fin, Un Carbide, Un Oil Cal, UnOilCal pf, Unit Aircrft, Unit Indust, Unindust pf, USSm 5.50pf, Vendo Co, Wash Gas, Wean Unit, WPenP pfC, Wn Md, White Motor, Whittakr, World Airw, Yngst S Dr, ZapatNor pf

Market Summary

Nov. 26, 1969

Most Actives—New York

	Vol.	Close	Ch'ge
Texaco	157,130	29½	+ ¾
Gulf Wn In	163,600	20¼	— ⅝
Std Oil Cal	159,300	51	— ⅞
Benguet	153,600	13⅛	+ ½
Con Leasing	141,900	10½	+ ⅜
Am Tel Tel	138,000	52	— ¼
Branif Airw	102,400	11⅛	
Chrysler	100,600	35⅛	— ⅝
Penn Cent	99,900	31¼	—1
Std Oil NJ	93,200	61¾	+ ⅜
Searle GD	83,000	44⅞	+3⅛
Occiden Pet	80,300	25⅛	+ ¼
Talley Ind	78,600	41	+2⅛
Comput Sci	77,600	29	+1¼
Gulf Oil	77,000	30⅛	+ ⅛

Volume, all stocks, 10,030,000 shares.
Volume, 15 stocks, 1,734,100 shares.
Ratio, 15 stocks, 16.3 percent.
Average price, 15 stocks, $32.50.
New 1969 highs, 3; lows, 134.
Issues traded in: 1,596.
Advances, 628; declines, 643; unchanged, 255.
N.Y. stock index: 52.16 +0.18; industrial: 55.15 +0.28; transportation: 40.26 —0.16; utility: 39.58 —0.16; finance: 69.00 +0.24.

Most Actives—American

	Vol.	Close	Ch'ge
Kaiser Ind	165,700	18½	— ⅛
Data Prod	100,200	19⅛	+2⅛
Ecologic Sci	99,400	27½	+2
Telex Corp	83,200	86⅛	+8⅝
Airlift Intl	57,200	7¼	— ¼
Imper Oil	56,900	14⅝	— ⅝
BranAirw A	43,800	10⅞	
Phoenix Stl	35,300	6½	— ⅝
Milgo Elect	32,000	53½	+4⅛
Rest Assoc	30,100	21⅞	

Approx total stock sales 3,810,000
Stock sales year ago 7,720,045

Am. stock index:

High	Low	Close	NET Chg.
$27.33	$26.86	$27.16	+.14

Dow Jones Averages

	Open	High	Low	Close	Net
30 Ind	805.64	814.15	800.36	810.52	+ 3.23
20 RR	186.53	187.75	184.39	186.24	— 0.77
15 Util	111.00	111.90	109.76	110.69	— 0.38
65 Stk	268.81	271.21	266.44	269.43	+ 0.09

Standard & Poor's

	High	Low	Close	Change
425 Industrials	103.40	101.68	102.95	+.46
20 Railroads	39.09	38.00	38.46	—.44
55 Utilities	57.19	56.05	56.45	—.22
500 Stocks	93.35	92.24	93.27	+.33

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

Shares

	Buy	Sell	*Short
Nov. 25	435,639	523,078	6,775
Nov 24	422,336	665,791	6,951
Nov. 21	563,727	461,013	4,601
Nov. 20	385,159	523,031	7,633
Nov. 19	358,252	493,623	3,952
Nov. 18	239,395	538,901	3,754

* These totals are included in the sales figures.

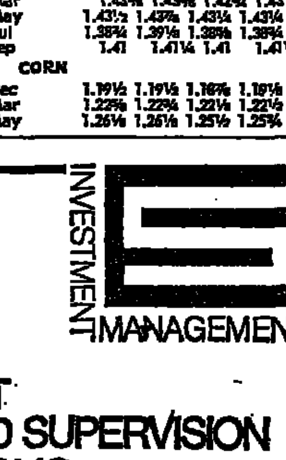
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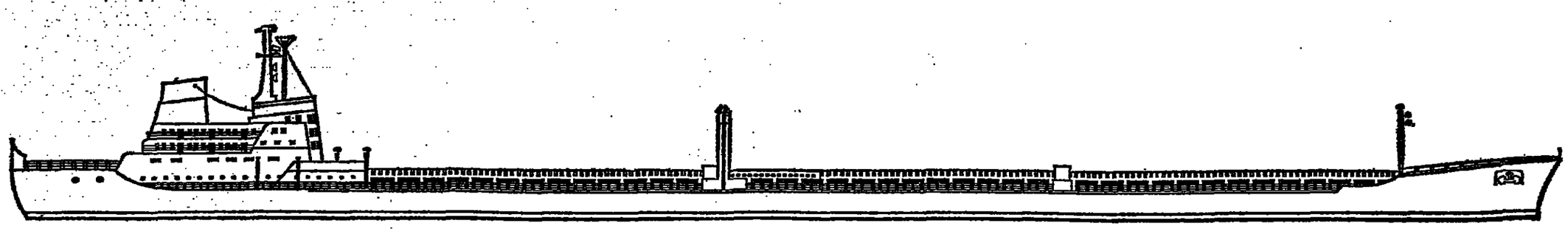
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The Fund shall not invest in any vessel, craft or object of any kind, where no evaluation can be obtained from qualified recognized experts.

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New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from Page 8)

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
51½	23½	Occidnt Pet 1	833	25	25¼	24⅝	25⅛	+ ⅛
150¼	69	OccidPet pf 4	11	75	75⅝	74⅛	75⅝	— ⅛
154⅞	69½	OccidP pf3.60	15	74¾	76	74¼	75	— ⅛
79	36½	OccidP pf2.16	8	40½	43¾	43½	43¾	+ ¼
37⅛	19	Ogden Cp .20	35	21	21¼	21	21⅛	+ ¾
65½	32	Ogden pf1.87	10	33	34½	33	33¾	+ ¼
30⅛	23	OhioEdis 1.50	134	23⅞	23¾	23⅛	23⅝	— ⅛
77	62½	Oh Ed pf4.56	z110	63	63	62	62	—2¾
72½	61	Oh Ed pf4.44	z30	62½	62½	62½	62½	—1
73½	63½	Oh Ed pf4.40	z100	64	64	64	64	+1¾
64	53½	Oh Ed pf3.90	z50	55	55	54	54	—2
25⅝	19½	Okla GE 1.08	26	21⅛	21⅛	20⅞	21⅛	— ⅛
66	58⅝	Ok GE pf4.24	z10	57½	57½	57½	57½	—1½
15⅝	12	Ok GE pf.80	z100	12¼	12¼	12¼	12¼	+ ¼
24	18	OklaNGs 1.12	37	19⅛	19⅝	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅜
37⅞	22½	Olin Corp .88	86	23⅞	23⅞	23⅛	23¼	— ⅛
33⅞	19	Omark Ind 1f	36	19⅛	20¼	19	20¼	+ ¾
32¾	16	OneidaLt .70	8	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	
32	22¼	OrangeR 1.20	25	22½	22½	22½	22½	— ⅛
52⅝	39⅝	Otis Elev 2	25	45	45¾	45	45⅜	
43¼	25¼	Outbd Mar 1	88	25⅞	26¼	25⅝	26	— ⅛
37⅜	16¾	Outlet Co .65	11	18¼	18½	18	18½	
34⅛	19	Over Trans 1	4	19½	19⅞	19½	19⅞	+ ⅜
93¾	68½	OwensCg 1.40	33	79	80	78½	80	+1⅛
77¼	61¼	OwensIll 1.35	59	61¼	63¾	61	63¾	+1½
25⅝	14⅝	OxfdIndA .60	33	14⅝	14⅝	14⅜	14⅝	— ⅛

P-Q

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
37½	30⅝	PacGEl 1.50	66	32½	32⅝	31⅞	32¼	+ ⅛
33½	15	PacInEx .60a	19	15⅝	15¾	15¼	15½	— ¼
30⅛	25	PacLtg 1.60	31	25⅞	25⅞	25¼	25½	— ½
43⅝	22⅝	Pac Pet .25g	21	25½	25⅞	25½	25¾	+ ⅜
24⅞	18¼	PacPwL 1.28	54	18⅞	19¼	18⅞	19	+ ⅛
38⅛	23⅝	PacSwA .30p	50	26	26⅛	26	26	
23⅞	17¾	PacT&T 1.20	74	19¾	19¾	19½	19½	— ½
166	88	PacT&T pf 6	z150	90½	90½	90	93	— ½
20⅛	13	Pac Tin .60a	1	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
25¼	18	PalmBch .25	16	22¼	22½	22⅛	22¼	— ¼
35½	14⅜	PanASul .97g	x48	14½	14¾	14½	14½	
31¼	13	Pan Am .20p	579	13	13⅛	12	13⅛	+ ⅛
40	27	Panh EP 1.60	63	32½	32½	32	32¼	— ¼
37¾	25⅛	Pap.crft .44b	15	35	35	35	35	— ⅛
30	19	Pargas .72	6	21½	21½	21½	21½	+ ⅛
38¼	24¾	ParkeDavis 1	88	35⅛	35¼	35⅛	35⅛	+ ⅞
59⅛	45⅛	ParkHan 1.40	61	50¼	51¼	50	50	— ¼
33¾	16¾	Park Pen .80	2	17½	17½	17½	17½	+ ¼
71¼	28¾	PennCen 2.40	939	32¾	32¾	30⅛	31¼	—1
35⅞	16¼	PennDix .60	28	16⅝	17⅛	16⅝	17	+ ⅜
21½	10¼	Penn Fruit	18	10⅞	11	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅛
57½	44	Penney JC 1	158	48¾	50	48¾	49⅞	+ ¼
84	65	Pa Co pf4.62	6	66	66	65½	65½	— ⅜
34½	25	PaPwLt 1.60	31	25⅝	25¾	25⅛	25¼	
75½	59⅞	PaPL pf 4.50	z70	64	64	63⅛	63⅛	—1⅞
74	57	PaPL pf 4.40	z130	62½	62½	62½	62½	— ½
65¼	31¾	Pennwl 1.20a	71	37⅛	37⅜	36½	37⅛	+ ⅛
95	50	Penwlt pf2.50	1	59¾	59¾	59¾	59¾	— ¼
33	23⅝	Penwlt pf1.25	13	26⅞	27½	26⅞	27½	+ ½
58¼	28	PennzUn .83	67	36	36	35⅝	35⅝	— ¼
83	41	PenzU pf1.33	32	51	52½	50¾	50¾	— ¼
35⅛	19⅝	PeopDrg 1.10	15	20⅛	20¾	20⅛	20½	— ¼
39⅞	31½	PeopGas 1.96	107	31⅝	31⅝	31⅛	31⅜	— ⅛
54⅞	43¼	PepsiCo 1	37	52¼	52¾	52⅛	52½	+ ⅜
27¼	16½	PepG Bot .80	17	20⅛	20⅛	20	20	— ¼
68½	11½	Perfect Film	13	16	16½	15⅞	16⅛	+ ½
55⅝	37⅝	Perkin Elm	53	44¾	44⅞	44	44⅛	— ½
46	25¾	Pet Inc 1.10	36	37	37½	36⅞	36⅞	+ ⅛
25½	19½	Pet Inc pf 1	4	20⅛	20¾	20⅛	20¼	— ½
50¼	27⅝	PetePaul 1.20	7	27¾	27¾	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅜
48⅜	36	Petrolane .90	3	43½	43½	43¼	43½	
29⅞	19	Petrim 2.12g	8	21¼	21⅜	21⅛	21⅜	+ ⅜
104½	69¾	PfizerC 1.60a	116	100¾	101¾	100¼	101¾	+2
52½	37⅛	Phelps D 2.10	28	47⅜	47⅞	47¼	47½	— ⅛
32⅛	23½	Phila El 1.64	217	23¼	23⅜	23	23¼	
103	96	PhilaEl pf 7	z210	96¼	96¼	96	96	—1
75½	58	PhilEl pf4.40	z60	62⅜	62¾	62½	62¾	
70½	56½	PhilEl pf4.30	z20	60	60	60	60	+ ½
63	51	PhilEl pf3.80	z270	52	52½	51¼	51¼	—1
36⅝	25⅛	Philip Morr 1	82	34	34⅛	34	34⅛	+ ⅛
67	52	PhilMor pf 4						
35	20¼	Philip Ind .16	320	24½	24⅝	23⅝	24⅛	— ⅝
40⅝	30	Phil Ind pf 1	31	30½	31	30	30½	—1
38¼	24⅞	Phill Pet 1.30	594	25⅛	25¼	24¾	25⅛	+ ⅛
29¼	20	PhilVH 1.80f	27	21¾	22½	21½	22½	+ ⅛
60½	41¾	Pillsbury 1.36	17	57⅛	58	57	57¾	+ ½
29½	13½	PionNGas .80	55	14	14	13⅝	13⅞	
41⅞	29	PitneyBw .48	38	39¼	40	39	40	+ ½
22	13¾	Pit Forg .80	7	14	14¼	14	14	
109	92½	PitYngA pf 7	z30	95	95	95	95	
73¾	43½	Pittston 1.20b	110	72	72	71⅜	71½	—1
48⅞	23⅞	Plan Resrch	115	43⅛	43⅞	43	43⅝	+ ⅞
78⅛	57½	PloughInc .68	21	74⅝	74⅞	74½	74½	
145¼	102¼	Polaroid .32	271	135¼	140	126½	139	+2½
32⅛	18⅝	Portec 1.20	19	18⅞	18⅞	18⅛	18¼	— ⅛
24⅞	19	PortGEl 1.22	9	19¼	19¾	19¼	19½	— ⅛
21⅞	12⅞	PotomEl .55d	161	14	14	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅛
50	36½	Pot El pf2.44	4	38¼	38¼	38	38	
42	32¼	PPG Ind 1.40	103	34½	35¼	34	35⅜	+1¼
29½	25	PremInd .60	2	29	29	29	29	— ½
23	15¾	Premin pf.90	3	18½	18½	18⅜	18⅜	— ⅜
111⅞	82	ProctGa 2.60	64	106	106¼	105¼	106	— ¼
34¾	14⅞	ProdRsch .28	21	16¾	17½	16⅝	17¼	+ ½
23	18⅝	PubSCol 1.06	59	19⅝	20⅛	19⅝	19⅝	
37	25½	PSvcEG 1.64	226	26	26⅛	25½	25⅞	— ¼
80½	65	PSEG pf5.05	z30	66	66	66	66	—1
64½	55	PSEG pf4.18	z30	56	56	56	56	
66½	55	PSEG pf4.08	z100	57½	57½	57½	57½	+1½
23⅝	19¾	PSEG pf1.40	7	19⅝	19⅞	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅜
49½	34½	PubSvIn 2.08	66	38½	38⅝	37½	38	—1
58½	50½	PSInd pf3.50	z20	52½	52½	52½	52½	
17½	14⅝	PSInd pf1.08	z100	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅜
15⅝	8	PublkInd .45f	21	8	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
26¼	19½	Pueb Sup .28	2	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	+ ¼
24⅞	16¼	PR Cem 1.10	10	16½	16¾	16	16¾	+ ¼
37⅛	26⅞	PugS PL 1.76	28	27⅝	28⅛	27⅝	28	+ ⅜
60⅜	43	Pullman 2.80	19	43⅞	44⅛	43¼	44½	+ ⅜
33	22⅝	PurexCp .84b	228	24⅛	24¼	24	24¼	— ½
40¾	29¼	Purex pf1.35	1	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	+ ⅛
67½	51½	Purolatr 1.60	3	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛	— ⅛
67¾	47½	QuakOat 1.40	41	64⅜	64⅜	63⅞	64¼	+1
26⅛	24½	QuakSIO n.80	23	24¼	24¼	23½	23⅞	— ⅝
35	17	Questor .50	33	18⅝	18¾	18	18¾	

R

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
28½	21⅜	RalstonP .60	232	26⅝	27	26⅝	26⅞	— ⅛
39¾	31¾	RalsP pf1.20	3	36½	36½	36½	36½	— ½
47¼	21½	Ranco Inc .72	24	22	22¼	21⅝	21⅞	+ ⅛
45⅝	18½	RapidAm .75	449	19¼	19⅝	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
59¾	44½	Raybestos 3	3	50	50	49⅞	49⅞	— ⅛
31	14⅞	Raym Int .80	17	15¾	16¼	15⅞	16¼	+ ½
51¼	39⅝	Raytheon .60	217	34¾	35¼	34⅝	35	
54	34	Rayth pf1.12	14	34½	34½	34¼	34¼	—1½
48⅛	35½	RCA 1	223	38¼	38⅞	37⅞	38⅛	— ⅛
108½	80	RCA cv pf 4	12	91¾	93	90½	90½	+ ¼
64	53⅝	RCA pf3.50	z60	57	57	57	57	—1
26⅛	14⅝	Reading Co	32	13⅞	14	13⅛	14	— ⅛
25	14	Reading 1 pf	1	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
23⅞	13¼	Reading 2 pf	4	13½	13½	13¼	13⅛	— ⅜
48¾	16¾	RdgBates .25	176	24½	25	24¼	25	+ ½
49¼	26¼	ReeveBr 1.50	3	27⅝	27⅝	27⅛	27⅝	
19½	12½	ReichCh .50	41	13½	13⅞	13⅝	13½	— ¼
17⅞	9⅞	ReliabStr .60	11	10¼	10¼	10	10	
21⅞	26½	Relian El .70	17	27⅝	28⅛	27⅝	27⅞	+ ⅛
83	71	RelianEl pf 3	2	77	77	77	77	
59	45½	Relian pf1.60	2	48⅝	49½	48⅝	49½	+1½
53⅞	20¼	Republic Cp	253	29½	31	29½	30	
57⅞	35¼	RepubStl 2.50	53	35¾	36⅛	35⅝	35¾	
26	17⅝	Revco DS .20	18	22	22½	21⅞	22⅛	+ ½
38	22½	ReverieC 1.50	4	23	23⅝	23	23⅝	+ ⅜
102⅞	75	Revlon 1.40	50	98¼	99¼	97¼	97⅝	—1⅛
83	61	Revlon pf 1	1	79½	79½	79½	79½	—2½
44¼	30⅝	Rex Chn 1.50	13	31⅛	31½	31	31	
57	43¼	RexCh pf2.50	2	47	47	47	47	+ ½
45¼	29⅛	ReyrMet 1.10	111	33	33½	32	33¼	+ ⅜
104⅞	74⅞	ReyM pf4.50	2	78	78	77¾	77¾	—1
53⅝	35½	ReynTob 2.40	121	45¾	46	45⅝	45⅞	— ⅛
56½	36¼	ReyTb pf2.25	102	51¾	51¾	51	51	— ¾
34⅛	20⅛	Rheingold .20	4	26⅞	26⅞	26¾	26¾	— ¼
32¾	20¼	Richrdsn .80	17	20½	21	20½	21	+ ¼
65	45⅝	RichMerr .90	8	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	+ ⅜
30⅝	19⅝	Riegel Pap 1	12	19⅝	20	19⅝	20	+ ⅜
34⅛	13⅞	RiegelTxt .80	14	14⅝	15	14⅝	14⅞	— ⅛
30	11⅞	RioGrand .40	20	11⅞	11⅞	11½	11⅝	— ¼
13⅞	10⅛	RioGrn pf.80	71	10⅛	10⅜	10⅛	10⅜	
31	25½	RivianaF .90	13	25½	26	25½	26	+ ½
9½	3⅞	Roan Sel .85g	188	5⅝	5¾	5⅝	5¾	
43¾	30¼	RobshCon .70	12	38	38	37¾	37¾	— ¾
38⅛	20½	RobrtnH 1.10	8	24¼	24¼	23⅝	24	
44⅞	34½	RobinsAH .40	32	39¼	39¼	38¾	38¾	— ½
24	23	Roch GE 1.20	28	24¼	24½	24⅛	24½	+ ⅛
41½	33	RochTel 1.10	15	34¼	34½	34	34¼	— ½
35⅝	25½	RockMfg 1.40	14	31¾	31¾	31½	31½	— ½
120	83	RohmH 1.60b	22	86½	86½	86	86	— ½
39	25¼	Rohr Cp .80	24	26½	26⅝	26½	26⅞	+ ¾
42¼	30⅛	RollinsInc .18	21	39¼	39¼	38¾	38⅞	— ¾
25½	11¾	Ronson .50b	93	11¾	12	11½	11½	— ½
45¼	25¼	Roper Cp 1	9	28⅝	28⅝	28¼	28⅜	+ ¼
36⅞	17½	RorerAm .70	31	25½	26⅛	25½	26	+ ½
26	14⅝	RoyCCola .54	105	13¾	14	13¾	14	— ⅛
56⅞	40⅞	Royal Dut 2d	123	41	41⅝	40¾	41⅜	+ ⅜
		Roy Dut fn2d	12	40⅝	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞	
25⅝	9⅝	Royal Ind	38	11⅞	12⅛	11⅞	12⅛	
23	18⅛	RTE Corp .24	41	18⅞	19⅝	18⅞	19⅝	+ ⅞
53¼	33½	Rubrmd 1.04	3	47¼	47¼	47¼	47¼	+ ¼
33¼	12¾	Rucker Co	18	15¼	15¾	15¼	15¾	+ ½
43¼	14½	RussTogs .68	59	16⅛	16¾	16⅛	16⅛	
51¼	30¾	RyderSys .50	222	43½	43½	42¾	43¼	— ½

S

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
30¼	23½	Safeway 1.10	97	26⅛	26⅝	26⅛	26½	+ ⅛
39⅛	28⅛	StJosLd 1.80	26	35	35⅞	34¾	35⅛	+ ⅜
21¾	16½	StJosLP 1.04	x4	16	16	16	16	+ ⅛
57¼	40	StLSanF 2.40	23	41¾	42⅝	41¾	42⅝	+ ⅞
49¼	35⅝	StRegisP 1.60	62	36¼	36⅝	36⅛	36⅛	+ ⅛
28	21¾	SanDieGas 1	34	25¼	25⅜	24⅞	24⅞	— ⅜
61⅞	22	Sanders .30	92	25½	25⅝	25⅛	25½	+ ⅛
43½	19¼	Sangamo .40	68	24⅜	25⅞	24¼	25⅞	+1⅜
40	25⅝	SeFeInd 1.60	136	25¾	26	25⅝	25¾	
13	9	SFe Ind pf.50	28	9	9	9	9	
53½	30	SanFeInt .30	12	33⅝	33⅝	33	33	— ⅝
24½	14⅛	SarWelScl .50	8	17½	17⅝	17½	17½	
31⅞	14	Saturn Ind	25	14½	14½	14¼	14½	+ ½
23½	17	SavanhE 1.08	13	17⅞	17⅞	17½	17¾	— ⅛
54	30½	Schaefer Cp	7	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝	
44¾	22	Schenley 1.40	27	22⅞	23¼	22¾	23¼	+ ½
9⅞	7	Schnley pf.50	5	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	— ⅛
59½	40¾	Schering .80	37	54¾	55¾	54½	55¾	+1
14½	6½	Schick	18	6½	6½	6½	6½	
80¼	59	SchlitzBr 1.40	12	71⅝	74½	71¼	74½	+2½
110½	22	Schlmbr 1.40	40	98½	98½	98	98	— ½
26½	10⅝	Scient Resrc	135	13⅛	14⅝	13⅛	14⅛	+ ½
35¼	19¼	SciRe pf1.24k	3	22⅝	22⅝	22⅛	22⅝	+ ¼
47½	25⅛	SCM Cp .60b	117	26	26¼	25¾	25¾	— ⅜
24¾	14	SCOA Ind .60	6	22	22	21⅞	22	
32½	21	ScotLadF .50	4	28	28	28	28	+ ½
29⅛	15½	ScottFetz .80	39	15⅞	16⅛	15¾	16	+ ¼
32⅞	20⅞	ScottFore .63	27	22½	22¾	21½	21½	—1½
34⅛	26½	Scott Paper 1	123	31⅞	33	31⅞	33	+ ¾
56½	39	ScovillM 1.40	42	45	45⅞	44¾	44¾	— ⅛
24⅝	11¼	ScrewBl .20g	18	12¾	13	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
8⅞	6	Scud DuoVst	50	7⅝	7⅝	7⅛	7⅛	
9¼	7¼	Scuddr pf.57g	6	8	8	8	8	
48⅛	33¼	SbCLInd 2.20	37	36	36¼	34⅞	35¼	—1¼
36⅞	16¼	StdWorld Air	61	18⅞	19	18⅜	18⅞	
60¼	27¼	Seagrve .50b	18	29	29⅞	28⅞	29⅞	+ ⅞
43¼	25⅝	Searl GD 1.30	833	41½	45	41¼	44⅞	+3⅞
74⅞	60¼	SearsR 1.20a	185	67¼	67⅞	66⅝	66¾	— ½
31¾	18	Seatrain Line	73	24⅞	25	24⅝	24½	— ¼
34⅛	22½	SEDCO .08	25	28	28	27⅝	28	
25⅞	6½	Seilon 1.05f	27	6⅞	6⅞	6½	6½	— ⅛
49⅝	27⅝	Servmat .50b	21	29	29	28½	28½	— ½
73½	48⅛	Shell Oil 2.40	94	49⅝	49⅝	49½	49¾	
47	31½	Shell Tr 1.33g	12	32¾	32¾	32⅝	32¾	+ ⅜
41	22¼	ShelleGl .80	15	23½	23⅞	23½	23⅞	+ ⅝
41½	23	ShellGl pf1.35	6	24	24⅛	23¾	24⅛	+ ⅝
59¾	45½	SherwnWm 2	38	54½	54½	53⅞	54¼	+ ⅛
47⅞	27⅛	Shulton .80b	37	42	42⅞	41	41½	— ⅛
25⅛	12	Siegel Hl .48	24	12¼	12¼	11⅝	12	— ⅛
26	16	SierraPac .72	8	18	18	17⅞	17⅞	
42	24⅛	SignalCo 1.20	215	24⅞	25	24½	24⅞	— ⅛
82¼	49¼	Signal pf2.20	1	49¼	49¼	49¼	49¼	
51	33⅞	Signode 1.10	2	45¾	46	45¾	46	+ ½
31	10	SimmPre .10	63	11½	11⅝	11⅛	11½	— ⅛
59	44	Simmn 1.40a	15	50¼	50⅜	50¼	50¼	
84½	63¼	SimpPat .80b	3	80⅛	80⅝	80⅛	80⅝	+ ⅛
87⅞	62	SingerCo 2.40	75	79⅛	81⅞	79⅛	81⅞	+2½
112¼	61	Singer pf3.50	2	106½	107½	106½	107½	+2
67¾	37	Skelly Oil 1	35	32⅝	39	38⅝	38½	— ½
48¾	28	Skil Corp .90	12	35¼	35⅝	35	35½	+ ¼
41⅞	29⅝	Skyline .16	143	32⅛	32⅝	31⅝	32⅜	+1
50	38	SmithAO 1.40	21	40¾	41½	40¾	41⅜	+1⅞
43	28⅛	Smith Intl .36	19	40⅛	42⅛	40	40⅛	— ¼
53	35	Smith KF 2	85	46	45¾	45⅞	46⅛	+ ¼
24¼	23½	Smucker .70	27	23⅝	23⅝	23⅛	23⅝	— ⅜
25	12⅛	SolaBasic .50	8	14⅛	14¼	14⅛	14¼	+ ⅛
44¼	26	Soo Lin 2.25g	4	29¼	29¾	29½	29½	— ¼
31⅛	19⅝	SOS Cons .40	2	21¾	22	21¾	22	
33⅛	24	SCarEG 1.19	40	27¼	27⅜	27	27	— ⅛
40	34⅞	SC EG pf2.50	2	35	35	34½	34½	— ½
31⅛	24	SouJerG 1.46	5	23⅞	23⅞	23⅝	23⅞	— ⅛
58½	52⅛	Southdwm Inc	14	54	54⅛	54	54	+ ½
24⅞	14⅞	SoeastPS 1.08	7	15¼	15⅜	15¼	15⅜	+ ⅛
39¾	30	SouCalE 1.40	185	30½	30½	30¼	30⅜	— ⅛
29⅞	24⅛	South Co 1.20	219	25⅛	26	25¼	25¾	+ ⅛
51⅞	37⅝	SouNGas 1.40	38	45½	45⅝	44⅝	44⅝	— ⅛
46½	30⅝	Sou Pac 1.80	83	33⅝	33⅛	32¾	33⅛	— ⅜
65	44⅞	Sou Ry 2.80	45	45⅛	45	45½	45¾	
17⅞	13⅝	Sou Ry pf 1	11	13¼	13⅝	13¼	13⅝	
30⅛	21½	Swest Airmct	5	23	23⅝	23	23⅝	+ ⅜
13¾	10¼	Swest PS .70	32	11⅛	11⅜	11½	11⅛	+ ⅛
26⅞	12½	Spartan Ind	18	21⅜	21⅝	21⅛	21⅝	+ ⅝
27	18½	SpartanA .60	29	21⅛	22	21⅛	21¾	+ ½
16	10¾	Sparton .40	15	11¼	11¾	11⅛	11⅝	
57⅞	40½	Sperry Hut 1	35	53¼	53⅝	52¼	52¾	— ¼
60¼	64⅛	Sperry H pf 3	13	75	76	74¼	74¼	—1¾
55½	38⅛	SperryR .47g	107	43⅛	43⅞	43⅛	43⅝	+ ⅝
34⅛	16⅛	Sprague .40	56	28	28½	28	28⅛	+ ⅛
23⅞	17	SpringsMill 1	2	17⅝	17⅝	17⅞	17⅞	
23⅞	18	SquareD .80	204	22⅛	22⅞	22	22⅛	+ ⅛
67⅝	44⅝	Squibb B 1.50	29	62¾	62¾	62	62⅛	—1
70	50	SquibbB pf 2	1	69	69	69	69	
52⅝	36⅞	StaleyMf 1.40	13	42	42	41⅝	41⅝	— ⅜
51	42¼	St Brand 1.50	20	49¼	49⅜	48⅞	45⅞	+ ⅛
63	53¾	StdBrd pf3.50	z250	53¼	53¼	51½	51½	—2¼
32	20⅛	StBrPaint .32	7	29¼	29¾	29¼	29¾	+ ½
27⅞	14¾	Std Intl .24b	5	16½	17	16½	17	+ ⅜
31¼	11½	Std Kollsman	31	12⅛	12⅛	11¾	12⅛	+ ⅜
75	51½	StOCal .280b	1583	51⅝	52	50⅞	51	— ⅝
70¾	46½	StOilInd 2.30	729	49	49¾	48½	49¾	+ ½
85⅛	61	StOilNJ 3.75g	922	61⅞	61¾	60½	61¾	+ ¾
119⅞	65¾	StdOilOh 2.70	153	95	95¾	94	95⅝	— ⅜
20⅛	10¼	St Packaging	42	10¼	10¾	10⅛	10⅝	— ⅛
28	11	Std Press .44	35	13⅝	13⅝	13	13⅝	— ⅛
15⅜	9⅝	StPrudent .66	59	11⅛	11⅛	11	11⅛	
54	41⅝	StanWks 1.40	25	47⅛	47⅛	46⅝	46⅝	— ⅞
33⅞	15	Stanray .60	16	16⅜	16⅝	15⅞	16	— ⅝
22⅞	15¼	Starrett .80	3	16⅞	16⅞	16½	16½	
50	32⅛	StauffCh 1.80	33	36	36¼	36	36⅛	+ ⅛
50	36	StaufC pf1.80	3	37⅛	37⅛	36½	36½	— ⅜
16⅝	9¼	SterchiBr .48	4	11	11⅛	11	11	+ ⅛
44⅞	32⅝	SterlDrug .75	110	43	44	43	43⅝	+ ½
65	41¼	StevensJ 2.40	18	42¾	42⅞	42¼	42⅞	
59½	33⅛	StewWar 1.80	3	36	36¼	36	36⅛	+ ¼
38¼	21⅞	Stoke VanC 1	31	29⅝	31	29½	30⅝	+ ⅞
16⅛	14	StokeVC p 1	z90	14½	14⅝	14½	14½	+ ½
51	33½	StoneW 1.90	8	35½	35⅞	35½	35½	
19⅛	13	StoneCont .36	7	14⅛	14⅛	14	14	— ¼
62	24½	Store.Bdcst 1	67	30¼	31½	30¾	31½	+ ½
60⅞	32½	StudeWorth 1	590	42¾	43	41	41¾	— ⅞
101	63	Stu Wor pfB5	2	75	76½	75	76½	— ½
46⅝	26¼	StuW pfA1.40	19	31	31	30⅞	30⅞	— ⅜
30	18⅛	SuburbCo .68	25	19⅛	19¼	18½	19	— ⅛
42½	29¾	Sub Prop 1.60	13	31½	31½	31¼	31¼	— ⅜
22⅞	13⅞	SuCrest .80	15	14	14⅛	14	14⅛	+ ⅛
43	28	SunChem .40	19	34¼	34¾	33¾	33⅞	— ⅛
76¾	48⅝	Sun Oil 1b	33	48½	48⅝	48	48	— ⅝
58¼	37½	Sun Oil pf2.25	175	37⅞	37⅞	36⅝	37	— ½
28⅛	23½	Sunbeam .80	46	25⅛	26⅛	25⅛	26⅛	+ ⅛
67	25½	Sundstrnd .60	39	30½	30½	29⅝	29⅞	—1⅛
75⅞	49	Sundst pf3.50	1	51	51	51	51	+1
27⅞	13¼	Sunsh Mn .52	47	15⅝	16½	15⅝	16⅛	+ ½
47¼	22¼	Sup Valu 1.10	33	22¼	22¼	22½	22¼	
225	147½	SuperOil 1.40	35	149½	149½	149	149	—7
41¼	23	SupmkGn .40	14	28¼	28¼	28	28	— ½
47	26	Supmk pf1.30	4	33	33¾	33	33¾	— ¼
8⅞	6⅞	SurvyFd .80g	67	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	
26¾	14½	Swank .60a	24	16⅝	16⅞	16⅝	16⅞	+ ⅞
35¼	21¾	Swift Co .60	128	28	28	27½	27⅞	
32⅞	22	Swingline .40	27	27¼	27⅝	27¼	27½	
38½	27	SybronCp .60	36	35	35	34⅞	34⅝	— ¼
68	52¼	Sybron pf2.40	20	63⅞	67	63⅞	65⅞	+1
32⅞	13⅝	Systron Donn	25	27⅝	28	27½	27⅝	+ ⅛

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43¼	27½	Taft Brd .60	50	30	30¼	29⅞	30	
30½	18	TalcottN 1.10	54	22	22¾	22	22	
61	26	Talley Ind	766	35⅝	41¾	35⅝	41	+2⅝
29⅝	19¾	Tampa El .76	43	22⅛	22⅜	22⅛	22⅜	+ ⅜
68⅞	41	Tandy Corp	25	61⅞	62¼	61¾	62¼	+ ½
27⅞	19½	TappanCo .40	33	22¾	22¾	22½	22⅝	— ⅛
12⅝	6¾	TechMat .23f	35	8⅞	8⅞	8	8⅛	
71½	51¼	Tektronix	44	64¼	64¼	63⅝	64¼	— ¼
45⅞	28¼	Teledyne	282	36¼	37⅛	36⅝	37⅛	+1¼
209	112	Teledy pf3.50	11	144	150	144	150	+3
86⅝	76	Teledyne pf 6	2	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼	+ ¼
24	17⅝	Templaln .25	29	20⅞	21	20⅞	21	+ ¼
31¾	23⅝	Tenneco 1.32	722	24¼	24⅛	24	24	— ⅛
115½	86	Tennec pf5.50	13	89	89⅝	89½	89⅝	+ ⅜
37½	29⅝	Texaco 1.60	1271	29⅝	29⅞	28⅞	29⅝	+ ⅛
35	27¾	TexETrn 1.40	130	27⅞	27⅞	27	27	— ⅞
41	24¼	TexGasT 1.48	72	34¼	34⅝	33	33⅜	— ⅝
39⅝	24⅝	TexGs pf1.80	17	34	34	33⅝	33⅝	— ⅜
37⅝	21	TexGSul .60	293	22	22⅝	21⅞	22⅜	+ ⅜
38¼	26	Texas Ind 1b	3	35⅝	35⅝	35¼	35¼	
140¼	94¼	TexasInst .80	109	119⅝	122½	119⅝	122¼	+2⅝
47½	32⅛	TexOilGs .35	27	46⅞	47	46⅛	47	+ ¼
24¼	17⅛	TexP Ld .45g	4	18¼	18⅝	18	18	
57⅝	50¼	TexUtil 1.68	115	52⅝	53	52½	52⅝	+ ⅛
45	23¼	Textron .80	257	28	28⅛	28	28⅛	— ⅛
51¼	35	Textrn pf2.08	5	35⅛	35½	35	36	—1
42¼	23¼	Textrn pf1.40	95	27	27	27	27	— ⅛
22⅝	11½	Thickol .40	111	12¼	12⅝	12	12	— ⅛
52½	43¾	ThomBet 1.04	2	51¾	52	51¾	52	+ ½
25⅜	18	Thom Ind .40	2	19¼	19⅝	19¼	19⅝	— ½
35⅞	17	ThriftyDr .50	45	20¼	20¼	20	20	— ⅛
100¼	35⅝	Timeln 1.90a	70	49⅝	53	48⅞	53	+ ⅜
49¼	23¼	TimesMir .50	78	41½	42	41½	41⅝	+ ⅛
48⅝	30⅝	Timk RB 1.80	177	30⅝	32⅜	30	30	— ⅛
35	23½	Tish Rlty .40	17	24¼	26	24¼	25	+1½
25⅛	19	Tobin Pkg 1	4	21¼	21⅜	21	21⅜	+ ⅛
49¼	28⅝	ToddShp 1.20	6	37⅛	37⅛	37¼	37⅛	
35½	26	ToledEd 1.60	17	27¼	27¼	26⅝	27	— ⅛
22⅛	16⅛	ToolRell .48b	3	22¼	23	22¼	23	+ ½
71⅝	47⅞	Trane Co .90	23	70½	70½	70¼	70½	
35	25½	TransUn 1.16	7	32	32½	32	32½	+ ½
48¾	21	TrnWAir .50p	207	28⅛	29	28⅛	29	+ ⅝
37⅞	26¼	TrnWAir pf 2	6	26⅝	27	25½	25½	— ¼
20⅛	11⅜	TranWF .89f	18	11⅝	11⅞	11½	11⅝	— ⅛
38⅛	23	Transmr .50b	569	27	27⅛	25⅞	25⅝	— ½
17⅞	11½	Transcon .40	13	11⅞	12	11⅞	12	+ ⅛
27⅛	13⅝	Transcti Inv	207	23	23⅛	22⅛	23¼	— ⅛
16⅝	6	Transitron	28	8	8⅛	8	8	
38	26½	Travelers .80	533	34⅝	35¼	34⅝	35	+ ⅜
48⅛	38⅛	Travlers pf2	17	45½	45⅝	45½	45⅝	
35⅛	29⅝	TriCont 3.15g	55	31⅛	31⅞	31⅛	31⅞	— ⅛
49⅛	34⅝	TriCon pf2.50	10	35	35½	35	35⅝	+ ⅜
37⅛	17½	Trianfo 1.25a	30	18½	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝	— ½
45	31⅛	TRW Inc 1	176	40½	40½	37⅝	37⅝	—1
101	72	TRW pf4.50	3	83	83	83	83	+1
108⅝	80	TRW pf4.40	9	94⅝	95	94	95	+ ½
29⅝	8½	TSC Ind .63	54	12¼	13	12¼	12¼	— ½
21⅞	9⅞	TSC Ind pf.70	11	11¼	11¼	11⅛	11¼	— ¼
17½	14	Tucsn GE .64	71	16½	16¼	16⅛	16½	
41⅝	16⅛	TwenCnt .50p	148	18⅝	18⅞	18½	18⅞	+ ¼

U-V

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
48½	25⅝	UAL Inc 1	193	30⅝	31¼	30⅛	30⅞	+ ¼
35⅛	25⅞	UARCO 1.10	5	33⅛	33⅝	33⅛	33⅝	+ ¼
28⅛	21¼	UGI Cp 1.20	6	22	22⅛	22	22⅛	+ ¼
28⅛	14⅛	UMC Ind .72	6	17	17¼	17	17¼	+ ⅛
18⅝	9½	Unarco .40	26	11	11⅛	11	11	+ ⅛
33	22¼	Unil Ltd .90g	1	27½	27½	27½	27½	— ⅛
35⅞	27⅝	Un Camp 1	29	32⅝	33	32⅝	33	+ ⅜
47¼	39	Un Carbide 2	289	38⅞	39	38⅝	38⅞	— ⅛
20⅝	9⅝	Union Corp	23	9¾	10⅛	9¾	10	
23⅝	17½	Un Elec 1.20	182	17¾	18⅛	17⅝	17⅞	+ ⅛
57	49½	Un El pf3.50	z40	50	50	49½	49½	— ½
64¼	38⅞	UnOilCal 1.60	314	37⅝	37⅞	38½	38½	— ⅜
84	51⅞	UOCal pf2.50	165	57⅝	57⅝	49½	57½	—1⅛
53½	42⅛	Un Pac Cp 2	50	47	47	46½	46½	— ⅜
63⅞	43⅛	UnionPacif 2	25	47¼	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	— ½
11⅝	7⅛	UnPac pf.40	11	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	
53	37⅛	Uniroam 1.40	x8	45⅝	45⅞	45⅝	45⅞	+ ½
32	19	Uniroyal .70	78	20	20¼	19¾	19⅞	— ⅛
135	109	Uniroyal pf 8	z730	102¼	102¼	102	102	— ½
49⅞	26⅛	Unishops .30	57	44⅛	44½	44	44	— ⅛
81⅛	42	UnitAirc 1.80	181	42¼	42¾	41⅝	42¼	— ¼
15⅞	10⅛	Unit Co .75g	54	10¾	10¾	10⅛	10¾	
24¼	14¼	Unit Fla Caf	23	14¾	15	14¾	15	+ ⅜
87	42	Un Frult 1.40	1	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼	— ½
20¼	11⅝	Unit Ind .20	40	11⅝	12	11½	12	+ ⅛
11	7¼	UnitInd pf.42	21	7	7¼	6⅞	7¼	
37½	25⅛	Unit MM 1.30	18	29⅛	29½	29⅛	29⅛	+ ¼
35⅛	17	Un Nuclr .92f	38	20⅛	20½	20	20¼	— ⅛
9⅝	3⅝	Unit Pk Min	19	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
47⅝	32⅝	USForS 3.18g	23	33	33¾	32⅝	33¼	+ ⅛
47⅝	30	US Fregt 1.40	52	34	34	32¼	32½	—1¾
88	63½	USGypsm 3a	59	64¾	65¼	64	64¼	+1¼
46½	33	USGyp pf1.80	5	35	35½	35	35½	
32½	21	US Indust .45	140	25⅝	26	25⅝	26	+ ⅛
36	25⅝	US PlyCh .84	177	32¼	32½	32⅛	32⅝	— ⅛
95	75	USPCh pf5.50	z70	76½	77	76½	77	+2
42½	27½	USPCh pf1.20	24	34¾	34¾	34	34	— ½
34	21¼	US Shoe .88	13	23⅝	23⅞	23⅝	23⅞	
65⅛	33	US Smelt 1b	9	41¾	42¼	41⅝	42¼	+ ⅞
81¼	69¼	USSme pf5.50	1	69	69	69	69	— ½
49	35⅝	US Steel 2.40	360	35½	35½	35⅛	35½	— ⅛
27⅝	15⅝	USTobac 1.10	24	19⅞	20⅛	19¾	20	
32	20½	Unit Util .38	x154	22⅛	22¾	22	22½	
36	26¼	UnUtil pf1.25	x17	28	28	27⅛	27⅛	—1
48¼	32	UnUtil pf1.50	x2	34	34	33⅝	33⅝	— ⅛
35	25⅛	UnvLeaf 1.50	5	30	30	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅛
38⅛	21	UnivO Pd .80	56	22	22⅝	22	22¼	+ ¼
111⅛	64¾	Univsly Cmp	397	88¾	95¾	88¾	95¾	+6
58¾	37½	Upjohn 1.60	351	49⅞	49⅞	48½	48⅞	—1
33⅝	18	Uris Bldg .40	20	21⅞	21⅞	21½	21½	— ½
38⅛	19⅛	USLIFE .50	32	33⅛	33⅛	31⅞	33⅛	
46	34⅛	USM Cp 1.60	16	39¾	40	39¾	40	
54¼	42¼	USM pf2.10	11	48½	49¼	48½	49¼	+1
25½	20	USM pf1.50	z110	20⅝	20⅝	20½	20½	— ⅛
47	29¾	UtahCon .52a	115	46⅛	47	46	46¾	+ ⅜
38¼	31	Utah PL 1.60	x19	31½	31½	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅛
37⅛	26½	Valve Cp .40	21	35⅛	35½	35⅛	35½	+ ⅜
37⅛	24¼	Varian Asso	186	31⅛	32½	31	32⅛	+1⅛
42	28¼	Vceder 1.60	5	32	32	31¼	31¼	— ⅜
35	16⅛	Vendo Co .60	41	16	16¼	16	16⅛	— ⅛
47⅛	31	VF Corp 1	5	34	34½	34	34½	+ ¼
65¾	31	VictComp .50	31	31¾	32⅜	31¾	32⅝	+ ⅜
44½	10⅛	Villager .37p	38	11⅛	11⅛	10⅞	11	— ⅛
32⅞	21	VaElPw 1.12	95	22⅝	23	22¼	22⅝	— ½
103⅛	97	VaEP pf7.72	z130	99¼	99½	99¼	99½	+1
83¾	69½	VaE&P pf 5	z140	71	71	71	71	
37¼	23⅞	VonGroc 1.20	20	34⅝	35	34½	35	+ ⅝
26⅞	17½	Vornado	47	22½	22¾	22½	22⅝	+ ⅛
38⅝	20⅝	VSI Corp .48	7	28½	28⅝	28½	28⅝	— ⅛
25⅞	18	Vulcan Mat 1	24	20½	20½	20¼	20¾	— ⅛
23¾	15¼	VWR Unit .72	24	16¾	17	16½	17	+ ¼

W

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
36⅝	23½	Walgreen 1	9	26	26¼	25	26¼	+ ½
48	36⅝	WalkrH 1.20a	72	47	47⅝	47	47	
40⅝	24	Wall Murry 1	1	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	— ⅛
14⅝	7	Walworth Co	21	8½	8¾	8½	8¾	+ ⅛
52⅞	25¼	WardFd 1.10f	20	31½	32½	31½	32⅛	+ ⅝
34¼	23½	Warnaco .90	6	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	
79⅝	52¼	WarLam 1.10	144	68⅛	68⅝	67¾	67⅞	— ½
55¼	32⅝	Warn Sw 1.60	24	33⅝	34¼	33⅝	33⅞	+ ⅛
30½	25⅛	WasGas 1.72	9	25	25¼	25	25⅛	
22⅝	12⅛	WashStl .70	10	13⅛	13½	13⅛	13¼	+ ⅛
27⅝	23⅝	WasWat 1.28	24	20⅝	20⅞	20⅝	20⅝	+ ⅛
43⅛	14	Watkin Johns	62	18⅛	18⅛	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅜
22⅞	14⅝	Wayn Gos .76	5	14¾	14⅞	14¾	14¾	— ⅛
20⅞	11	WeanUnit .80	17	10¾	11	10⅝	11	
27¾	16½	Weathrd .53g	22	17¼	17¼	17	17	— ½
23⅝	10½	Webb Del E	202	12⅞	13	12¾	13	+ ⅜
42⅞	31	Weis Mkt .84	7	36½	36½	35¾	35¾	— ¾
10⅝	5⅝	Welbilt .07e	25	6⅛	6⅛	6	6	
36⅝	23¾	WescoF 1.37f	76	23⅞	25⅝	23⅞	25⅝	+1⅝
33¾	24⅛	WestTra .25g	6	24⅝	25¼	24⅝	25¼	+ ¾
76	58	WPP pf 4.50	z140	60½	61	60¼	60¼	— ¼
65	53¼	WPP pfC4.10	z120	53	53	51½	51½	—1¾
51⅝	24⅞	WstPtP 1.85g	56	27⅛	27¾	27½	27½	— ⅛
44⅝	20	WnAir L .50p	24	21⅛	21⅞	21½	21½	— ¼
44⅛	35¾	Wn Banc 1.50	53	43	43⅛	42¾	42¾	— ⅛
34⅛	25	Wstn Md 1.60	12	24¾	24¾	24¼	24¼	— ¾
45⅝	21½	WstnPac 2.20	32	22	23	22	23	+1¼
58⅝	38	WnUTel 1.40	80	48	48	47¼	48	+ ½
103¼	83¼	Wn Un pf4.60	2	91	91	90	90	—1½
127	96	Wn Un pf4.90	3	109	109	108	108	
71¼	53⅝	WestgEl 1.80	108	58⅝	59¼	58⅝	59	+ ⅛
68½	54	WestE pf3.80	z90	56	56	55½	55½	—3
37⅛	25¼	Westvco 1.05	53	27	27¾	27	27¾	+ ½
46⅝	33	Weyerhsr .80	213	39⅝	42	39⅝	42	+2
116	105	Weyhr pf5.75	19	110¾	110¾	108	108	—3
37⅛	17⅛	WheelPitt Stl	18	18⅞	19½	18¾	19	
75½	67	WheelPit pf 6	z100	68	68	68	68	+ ⅛
64⅝	55¼	WheelPit pf 5	z280	57½	58½	57½	58½	
64	58	Whirl Cp 1.60	x59	59⅞	61	59¾	61	+1⅝
39	17⅜	WhiteCn .40b	76	20⅛	20½	20	20¼	
43	34	WhitCn pfA 3	2	34½	35	34½	35	+ ¼
39¾	33	WhitCn pfB 3	1	33	33	33	33	
39¼	33	WhitCn pfC 3	2	33	33	33	33	
43⅛	26⅛	WhiteCrss .44	22	30	30	30	30	+ ⅛
59¼	35⅝	White Mot 2	x29	32½	32⅝	32⅛	32½	— ¼
22½	18½	Whittaker	263	18½	19	18⅛	18⅞	+ ⅜
53⅝	36	WickesCorp 1	36	38½	39	38½	39	+ ¾
24	10½	WiebltStr .20b	38	11½	11¾	11¼	11¾	+ ⅛
67	61	Will Ross .36	6	61½	62	61½	61⅝	+ ⅛
39⅞	30½	Williams Bro	45	31¾	32¼	31½	31½	— ¼
33⅝	29	WmsBr pf.80	31	29⅛	29⅞	29		
36⅝	31⅞	WinnDix 1.62	24	32½	33	32		
26⅛	20⅛	WisEIPw 1.40	59	21¼	21¾	21		
22	16¼	WisPSvc 1.10	20	16⅝	16½	16		
43⅞	22	Witco Ch .92	17	22	23⅛	22		
21	14	Wolv WW .50	42	14⅞	15	14		
23⅝	16⅞	Womelco .42	2	19¾	19¾	19		
47⅝	22	Woods Cp .43	41	30	31	29		
43⅝	23¼	Woolwth 1.20	84	29	[illegible]	23		
60¼	43	Woolw pf2.20	7	54¼	54½	53		
30⅝	12⅝	World Airwy	95	12⅞	12⅞	12		
23⅛	14⅞	Wurlitzer .60	9	15⅛	15⅛	15		

X-Y-Z

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last.	Nets. Chge.
115	85¼	Xerox Cp .60	445	103⅛	103⅛	102		
65⅝	28¼	XTRA Inc	29	32¼	33¾	[illegible]		
25	19¾	YngstSD 1.20	6	19⅞	19½	19		
55⅝	40⅝	Zale Corp .64	42	46	46	45		
40⅞	37¼	Zale pf A.20	28	38	38	37		
67¼	35⅞	Zapata Norn	64	36½	36⅞	36		
88	68	Zapatior pf 2	1	67	67	67		
46	32½	Zayre Corp	9	42½	42½	42		
58	35⅞	ZenithR 1.40	158	37¼	36⅛	37		
34½	23¾	Zurn Ind .28	192	25⅛	26½	25		

z—Sales in full.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends going table are annual disbursements based quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Spec dividends or payments not designated as identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. e—Declare 1969 plus stock dividend. e—Paid last year. In stock during 1969, estimated cash va dividend or ex-distribution date. g—Declar so far this year. h—Declared or paid dividend or split up. k—Declared or paid th accumulative issue with dividends in arrea issue. p—Paid this year, dividend omitted, no action taken at last dividend meeting. or paid in 1968 plus stock dividend. t—Pa during 1969, estimated cash value on ex- ex-distribution date.

cld—Called. x—Ex dividend. y—Ex dividen in full. x-dis—Ex distribution. xr—Ex rights. warrants. ww—With warrants. wd—When wi—When issued. nd—Next day delivery.

vj—In bankruptcy or receivership or being under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities such companies. fn—Foreign issue subject equalization tax.

Year's high and low range does not inclu in latest day's trading.

Where a split or stock dividend amoun per cent or more has been paid the yea range and dividend are shown for the new

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INDUSTRIALS	High	Low	Last	ch'ge
64550 Abitibi	13	12¾	12⅞	+ ⅛
450 Alta	41¼	41	41	— ¼
50 Argus	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	
2675 Argus pf C	13¼	13	13	— ¼
1500 Atl Sug	7¼	7⅛	7⅛	
5272 Bk Nova S	24⅝	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅜
100 BC Forest	26	26	26	
150 Burns	24	24	24	
450 Can Malt	22¼	22⅛	22¼	+ ¼
2400 Can Pack	19	18	18½	— ½
450 Cdn C Wrt	.96	.95	.96	+.02
6265 Cdn Hydro	15⅛	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
7010 Cdn Im Bk	22⅜	22¼	22⅜	+ ⅛
5455 Capital Div	3.65	3.50	3.65	+.15
2050 Chemcell	9½	9½	9½	
2500 Con Build	1.70	1.60	1.65	
13335 Consum Gas	15¼	14⅞	15¼	+ ¼
2379 Crush Intl	14⅛	14½	14⅝	+ ⅛
808 Cygnus A	7	6⅞	6⅞	— ¼
24 Cygnus B	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
5192 Dom Fdrs	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
2315 du Pont Can	25½	26⅛	25⅛	— ⅜
80 Dylex Div	12	11	12	
4217 Falcon	161½	159	161	+2
945 Fam Play	14	13¾	13¾	— ¼
1605 Fed Grain	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
1523 Fraser	28	27	28	+1
762 Gt L Pap	24⅛	23⅞	23⅞	— ¼
264 Gt W Life	125	125	125	—1½
240 Greyhd Can	13	13	13	— ⅛
100 Guar Trust	10¾	10¾	10¾	+ ¼

Montreal Stocks

	High	Low	Last	ch'ge
2495 Algoma	14¼	13¾	14	— ½
50 Asbestos	27	26¾	27	
4722 Bank Mont	16½	16½	16½	
1090 Brinco	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
244 Cdn Cement	29	29	29	+ ¼
650 Cdn Indust	14¼	14	14	— ¼
1240 Con Bath	23	22⅞	22⅞	— ⅛
750 Dom Text	13¼	13¼	13¼	
744 Imp Tob	13¾	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
2520 Jam P Svc	.53	.53	.53	—.01
200 Laur Fin	6¼	6¼	6¼	+ ⅛
2450 Molson A	21	20¾	21	+ ½
900 Molson B	22½	22	22½	+ ⅜
100 Mtl Trust	12¼	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
2725 Price Co	16¼	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
8045 Royal Bank	23⅛	22⅞	23⅛	+ ⅛
1966 Steinberg A	11	11	11	— ⅛
502 Velcro Ind	42	42	42	
260 Zellers	12⅝	12⅜	12⅜	+ ⅛

Total sales 1,154,800 shares.

Toronto Stocks

Closing prices on Nov. 26, 1969

	High	Low	Last	ch'ge
2113 Gulf Can	18¼	18	18¼	— ¼
7375 Hawk Sid	3.05	3.00	3.00	—.15
834 HB Oil G	44½	43⅝	44	
1540 Hur & Erie	16⅝	16½	16½	— ½
1275 Indusmin	16½	16¼	16¼	+ ⅛
5225 Ind Accept	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ¼
75 Inglis	13½	13½	13½	
620 Inland Gas	10⅝	10⅛	10½	+ ⅜
2470 Int P Line	22	21¾	22	+ ¼
4255 Inv Grp A	11⅛	10⅞	11⅛	
2614 Jockey Cl	4.85	4.75	4.75	—.05
478 Labatt J	29¾	29½	29½	— ¼
1050 LkOnt Cem	2.90	2.85	2.85	—.05
213 L Secord	14⅛	13⅞	14⅛	+ ⅜
26 Loblaw A	7¼	6⅞	7⅛	
2050 Loblaw B	7⅛	6⅞	7	
400 Loeb	7½	7⅜	7½	
2631 MacM Bl	33½	32⅝	32⅝	— ⅝
700 Maple Mill	17½	17½	17½	
10314 Moore	35⅛	34⅝	35	— ⅛
11624 Norand	34⅞	34⅝	34¾	— ¼
3220 Nor Ctl G	15½	15⅛	15½	+ ¼
2219 OSF Ind	9⅞	9½	9½	— ⅜
4940 Oshawa A	30	29⅛	29⅞	
225 Pembina	21½	21¼	21½	+ ½
275 Petrofina	16¼	16	16¼	— ⅛
1050 Rothmans	19¾	19½	19½	
2300 Seaway Mult	9⅝	9⅛	9⅝	+ ⅛
1621 Shell Can A	27¾	27½	27¾	+ ½
2592 Simpsn Ltd	21¼	20⅞	21⅛	
2692 Simpsn	21¼	20	21⅛	
450 Slater Stl	13⅝	13½	13⅝	
7313 Steel Can	21½	21⅛	21⅜	+ ¼
250 Sper Pet	40	38	38	—2½
1810 Texaco Can	25⅛	25¼	25¼	—1
2792 Tor Dm Bk	23¼	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅜
3425 Trad Group	11¾	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅜
1680 Trans Can	31⅞	30⅞	31⅞	+1½
1910 Trans Mt	16⅞	16¼	16⅜	+ ⅜
775 Un Carb Can	16½	16	16	— ¾
10230 UnGas Can	15⅝	15½	15½	— ¼
153 Un O Can	43	43	43	
850 Weldwood	16½	16¼	16¼	— ¾
700 Weston Intl	12	12	12	
2625 Weston A	24	23¼	23⅝	— ⅛
725 White Pass	23¾	23½	23¾	+ ¼
MINES				
100 Advocate	2.50	2.50	2.50	—.01
1800 Agnico	1.22	1.20	1.22	+.02
3700 A Rouyn	.87	.86	.87	+.02
700 Aunor	2.75	2.70	2.70	—.10
6570 Beth Cop	18.25	17.75	18.25	+.50
143 Bralor	3.30	3.30	3.30	—.10
2900 Brun MS	8.90	8.50	8.90	+.25
3000 Camflo	3.65	3.50	3.50	
1900 Can Tung	1.40	1.37	1.37	—.03
575 Cassiar	18.00	18.00	18.00	+.12
1000 Chimalay	2.85	2.80	2.81	—.05
1250 Coch Will	.75	.75	.75	+.02
300 C Morris	4.95	4.95	4.95	
8175 Conwst	13.62	12.75	13.25	+.50
2950 Copperf	1.58	1.56	1.56	+1
2840 Crgmt	14.50	14.12	14.37	+.25
7069 Denis	47.50	46.50	47.50	
1300 Dickens	2.50	2.36	2.40	
180 Disc Mns	1.51	1.51	1.51	+.01
286 East Sull	6.90	6.90	6.90	
550 Endako	14.87	14.50	14.87	—.12
2600 Gortdm	4.75	4.50	4.70	+.10
500 Granisle	14.50	14.50	14.50	
39755 Gunnar	2.15	1.78	1.52	+.17
3310 High Bel	5.10	4.85	5.10	+.35
905 Holling	30.75	30.50	30.50	—.25
430 Intl Hall	4.70	4.50	4.70	+.30
123 Int Mogul	18.37	18.37	18.37	—.12
2540 Km Kotta	3.60	3.50	3.55	+.05
3200 Kerr Ad	13.50	13.00	13.00	—.25
10120 L Dufit	15.50	15.12	15.50	
300 La Luz	12.25	12.25	12.25	
9745 Leitch	2.47	2.35	2.47	+.07
240 LL Lac	2.30	2.30	2.30	—.15
1050 Macassa	1.55	1.55	1.55	—.05
670 Madsen	1.39	1.37	1.37	+.02
71115 Mattag	29.37	27.00	29.00	+1.37
1000 Newcon	6.90	6.83	6.90	+.10
6602 New Imp	3.10	3.05	3.05	
3115 Nthgate	14.37	13.50	14.37	+.37
6875 Opem	13.00	12.62	12.75	—.12
1900 Orchan	4.30	4.20	4.25	
250 Pamour	2.17	2.16	2.16	—.04
1204 Patino	47.37	47.00	47.37	+.87
1335 Pine Pt	37.62	37.00	37.50	—2.00
2070 Placer	45.25	44.50	45.25	+1.25
1700 Rayrock	1.79	1.72	1.75	—.01
15390 Sherritt	18.75	18.25	18.75	+.50
5637 Siscoe	3.35	3.15	3.30	+.10
1680 Steep R	4.45	4.35	4.45	+.05
2112 Sullivan	8.20	7.90	8.15	+.10
2025 Teck A	7.75	7.65	7.70	+.05
3700 Tribag	1.29	1.24	1.29	
400 Un Keno	6.75	6.75	6.75	—.30
800 Upp Can	2.35	2.35	2.35	
7250 W Mines	3.60	3.50		
2200 Willroy	5⅝	.52		
2000 Yk Bear	7.25	7.10		
Oils & Gas				
780 Alminex	5.35	5.30		
1450 Cen Del	12.75	12.37		
100 Clark C	2.55	[illegible]		
6850 Dynam	1.80	1.75		
1400 Gt Plain	26.50	26.00		
2300 Nat Petro	3.70	3.70		
925 Num OG	7.65	7.60		
24200 Parmo	1.12	[illegible]		
2500 Petrol	1.52	1.50		
10120 Place G	1.91	1.80		
1555 Ranger	11.12	10.75		
10400 Spooner	3.65	3.50		
875 Triad	4.30	4.25		
3500 W Decal	8.25	8.15		

Total sales 2,035,000 sh

European Gold

Nov. 26, 1969

	Open
London	35.57
Zurich	35.50
Paris (12.5 kilo)	37.66

U.S. dollars per ounce.

Tokyo Exchange

Nov. 26, 1969

	Price Yen	
Asahi Glass	108	Matsu
Canon Cam.	460	Matsu
Dai Nip. Print.	352	Mitsu
Fuji Photo	458	Mitsu
Fuji Bank	260	Mitsui
Hayakawa E.	532	Nippo
Hitachi	179	Shisei
Honda	187	Sony
C. Itoh	117	Sumit
Jap. Air Lines	*1,330	Taishr
Kao Soap	235	Taked
Kansai El.	651	Teijin
Kirin Brewery	152	Tokyo
Komatsu	[illegible]	Toyo
Kubota I. Wks.	319	Toyota

* Ex-dividend.

Mutual Funds

Closing prices on Nov. 26, 1969

NEW YORK (AP) —The following quotations, supplied by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., are the prices at which these securities could have been sold (bid) or bought (asked) Wednsdy.

	Bid	Ask
Aberdn	2.39	2.61
Advisrs	7.45	8.14
Affiliatd	7.45	8.06
Afutre	10.38	10.38
All Am F	.90	.98
Alpha Fd	12.04	13.16
Amcap	6.07	6.63
Am Bus	3.22	3.48
Am Dvln	10.53	11.50
AEx spl	10.27	
Am Grth	6.05	6.58
Am Inv	7.92	7.92
Am Mut	9.14	9.99
AmN Gth	3.05	3.33
Am Pac	7.52	8.22
Anchor Group:		
Capit	9.27	10.16
Grwth	13.01	14.26
Incme	8.69	9.52
Fd Inv	9.94	10.89
Associa	1.29	1.41
Astron	6.25	6.83
Axe Houghton:		
Fund A	6.48	7.04
Fund B	8.11	8.82
Stock	6.34	6.93
Sci Cp	5.08	5.52
Babson	8.98	8.98
Berg Knt	9.91	9.91
Blair Fd	12.05	13.17
Bondstk	6.71	7.33
Boston St	7.88	8.61
Bost Fdn	11.65	12.74
Boston	8.24	9.01
Broad St	14.65	16.84
Bullock	14.65	16.05
CG Fd	9.34	10.10
Canadn	18.68	20.20
Capamr	8.31	9.10
Capit Inv	4.32	4.73
Capit Shr	7.29	7.99
Cent Shr	11.76	12.85
Channing Funds:		
Balan	11.73	12.82
Com St	1.76	1.96
Grwth	6.39	6.98
Incom	7.85	8.58
Specl	2.86	3.13
Chase Group:		
Fund	11.70	12.79
Frnt	102.16	107.74
Shrhd	11.58	12.66
Specl	9.52	10.40
Chemcl	19.17	20.96
Colonial:		
Equty	4.78	5.22
Fund	10.92	11.93
Grwth	6.59	7.20
Vent	6.87	7.61
Col Grth	13.86	13.86
Commc	9.88	10.80
ComS Bd	5.19	5.64
Commonwlth Fds:		
Cap Fd	10.02	10.95
Incom	9.58	10.47
Invest	9.62	10.51
Stock	9.00	9.84
Cwlth AB	1.43	1.55
Cwlth CD	1.69	1.83
Comp As	15.29	16.76
Compet	8.32	9.12
Comp Bd	8.71	9.47
Comp Fd	9.44	10.26
Comstk	5.26	5.75
Concord	14.14	14.14
Consol In	12.25	12.75
Consu In	4.77	5.21
Cont Gth	10.02	10.12
Corp Ld	14.76	16.23
Cnty-Cap	13.70	14.81
Crn WDiv	6.96	7.61
Crn WDal	11.49	12.56
deVgh M	65.91	66.91
Decat Inc	11.22	12.26
Delawre	12.79	13.98
Delta Tr	8.37	9.15
Divid Shr	3.62	3.97
Downt F	6.06	6.64
Drexel	16.57	16.57
Dreyf Fd	13.24	14.51
Dreyf Lv	12.43	13.62
Eaton&Howard:		
Balan	10.67	11.66
Grwth	13.77	14.61
Incom	6.15	6.72
Specl	11.13	12.16
Stock	14.72	16.09
Eberst	13.45	14.70
Egret	13.60	14.78
Emrg Sc	7.84	8.57
Energy	13.22	13.22
Enrprse	8.36	9.14
Equity	9.63	10.52
Equt Gth	18.40	20.16
Essex	17.19	
Everst In	14.14	15.45
Explor	24.52	26.09
Fairfd	11.30	12.35
Farm Bu	11.31	11.31
Fed Grth	14.18	15.50
Fid Cap	11.70	12.79
Fid Fund	17.25	18.85
Fid Trnd	25.97	28.38
Financial Prog:		
Dynm	6.75	7.28
Indust	4.18	4.58
Incom	6.36	6.96
FstF Va	11.17	12.21
Fst InGth	10.10	11.07
Fst InStk	9.01	9.87
Fst Multi	9.66	9.81
Fst Nat	7.64	8.35
Fst Siera	45.33	49.70
Flet Cap	7.81	
Flet Fnd	6.63	
Fla Gth	7.28	7.95
Fnd Gth	5.68	6.21
Foundrs	8.26	9.03
Foursq	11.49	12.56
Franklin Group:		
Com St	6.74	7.39
DNTC	10.33	11.32
Util	6.28	6.88
Incom	2.14	2.35
Freedm	8.44	9.22
Fd frMut	10.20	10.20
Fund Am	9.83	10.74
Gen Sec	11.12	11.12
Gibraltr	14.00	14.00
Group Sec:		
Aero Sc	8.66	9.47
Com St	12.42	13.58
Ful Ad	8.60	9.40
Grth Ind	21.86	
Gryphn	16.02	17.51
Guerdn	24.63	24.63
Hamilton:		
HFI	4.70	5.14
Gth	9.35	10.22
Hanovr	1.38	1.50
Harbor	8.99	9.83
Hartwll	15.08	16.48
H&C Lev	11.88	12.84
Hedb Gor	9.14	9.14
Hedge	12.39	13.58
Herilge	2.92	3.19
H Mann	15.70	16.35
Hubshmn	6.79	7.42
ISI Gth	5.46	5.97
ISI Inc	4.44	4.85
Impact F	9.19	10.04
Imp Cap	9.55	10.38
Imp Gth	7.61	8.27
Inc FdB	7.03	7.70
Indeprd	10.23	11.18
Ind Trnd	13.27	14.50
Indstry	6.38	6.97
InsBk Stk	7.19	7.86
Inv CoA	13.53	14.79
Inv Guid	9.26	9.26
Inv Indic	unavail	
Inves Bos	12.15	13.28
Investors Group:		
IDS ndi	5.15	5.60
Mut	9.89	10.75
Preg	4.99	5.42
Stock	19.40	21.09
Select	8.98	9.66
Var Py	8.12	8.82
Inv Resh	5.02	5.49
Istel	22.62	23.32
Ivest	15.37	16.80
Ivy	8.69	8.69
J Hncock	8.49	9.23
Johnstn	22.58	22.58
Keystone Funds:		
Cus B1	18.91	19.74
Cus B2	19.70	21.49
Cus B4	9.70	10.04
Cus K1	7.82	8.53
Cus K2	5.49	6.00
Cus S1	18.03	19.73
Cus S2	10.14	11.07
Cus S3	7.78	8.49
Cus S4	5.22	5.81
Polar	4.36	4.77
Knickb	7.07	7.75
Knick Gt	11.96	13.10
Lex Grth	9.77	10.68
Lex Invst	9.65	10.55
Lex Rsch	15.69	17.15
Liberty	6.30	6.89
Life Stk	5.51	6.02
Life Inv	7.56	8.26
Ling	5.63	6.15
Loomis Sayles:		
Canad	41.07	41.07
Capit	11.71	11.71
Mut	14.74	14.74
Manhtn	7.55	8.25
Mass Fd	11.03	12.05
Mass Gth	12.84	14.03
Mass Tr	15.58	17.03
Mates	6.22	6.22
Mathers	12.44	12.44
McDon	8.95	9.81
MidA Mu	6.76	7.39
Moody Cp	14.56	15.91
Moody's	13.77	15.04
Morton Funds:		
Grwth	9.98	10.94
Incom	3.97	4.35
Insur	8.26	9.05
MIF Fd	8.39	9.07
MIF Gth	5.76	6.23
Mu OmG	5.27	5.73
Mu Omln	9.92	10.78
Mut Shrs	18.40	18.40
Mut Trst	2.51	2.51
NEA Mut	10.78	11.00
Nat WSec	10.07	10.89
Nat Ind	11.13	11.13
Nat Invst	8.42	9.10
Nat Secur Ser:		
Balan	10.49	11.46
Bond	5.51	6.02
Divid	4.31	4.71
Grwth	9.32	10.19
Pf Stk	6.77	7.40
Incom	5.40	5.90
Stock	8.26	9.03
Nat West	7.02	7.65
Nel Grth	9.86	10.72
Neuwth	25.11	25.11
New Wld	13.55	14.81
NY Vent	19.13	20.95
Newton	16.51	18.05
Noreast	15.34	15.34
Ocngph	8.08	8.83
Omega	8.24	9.36
100 Fd	14.16	15.48
101 Fd	9.60	10.49
One WmS	16.36	16.36
O'Neil	15.28	16.26
Oppenh	7.90	8.63
Pace Fnd	11.53	12.60
Penn Sq	8.01	8.01
Pa Mut	8.74	8.74
Phila	15.09	16.54
Pilgrim	9.74	10.64
Pilot	7.79	8.51
Pine St	10.74	10.74
Pion Ent	8.02	8.77
Pion Fnd	13.09	14.31
Plan Inv	11.80	12.90
Price Funds:		
Grwth	25.98	25.98
N Era	9.81	9.81
N Hor	28.81	28.81
Pro Fund	10.55	10.55
Provdnt	4.67	5.10
Puritan	9.93	10.85
Putnam Funds:		
Equit	10.35	11.31
Georg	14.42	15.16
Grth	10.29	11.25
Incom	7.98	8.72
Invest	7.66	8.37
Vista	10.47	11.44
Voyag	8.51	9.30
Rep Tech	5.04	5.51
Revere	13.09	14.31
Rosenth	7.61	8.31
Salem Fd	6.66	7.28
Schustr	unavail	
Scudder Funds:		
Int Inv	15.99	16.24
Specl	34.51	34.51
Bal	15.30	15.30
Com St	11.35	11.35
Sec Div	10.80	11.67
Sec Equit	3.79	4.14
Sec Inv	7.80	8.52
Selec Am	10.30	11.15
Sel SpecS	16.38	17.99
Sh Dean	20.85	20.85
Side	10.19	11.17
Sigma	unavail	
Sig Inv	unavail	
Sigma Tr	unavail	
Smith B	9.97	9.97
Swn Inv	8.45	9.14
SwInv Gt	8.10	8.76
Sover Inv	14.11	15.45
StFrm Gt	unavail	
State St	51.25	52.25
Steadman Funds:		
Am Ind	11.28	12.36
Fiduc	7.41	8.12
Scien	4.69	5.14
Stein Roe Fds:		
Bal	20.62	20.62
Cap Op	15.56	15.56
Stock	14.64	14.64
Sup InGt	7.43	8.14
SupInSt	9.93	10.88
Syncr Gt	11.35	12.40
TMR Ap	20.32	22.21
Teachrs	10.23	10.66
Technol	6.47	7.07
Techvst	8.20	
Technol	7.43	8.10
Temp Gt	24.60	26.89
Towr MR	6.92	7.56
Tran Cap	7.74	8.41
Trav Eq	unavail	
Tudor Fd	16.73	18.28
TwnC Gt	4.52	4.94
TwnC Inc	4.69	5.13
Unif Mut	10.33	11.29
Unifd	9.39	10.26
United Funds:		
Accm	7.61	8.32
Incom	14.38	15.73
Sci Sit	7.66	8.39
Val Lin	7.95	8.71
UFd Can	8.45	9.23
Scien	8.10	8.85
Incom	5.28	5.7
Value Line Fd:		
VnceS spl	8.20	8.96
Vandrbl	8.05	8.80
Vangd	5.60	6.12
Var IndP	4.95	5.37
Viking	7.05	7.66
WL Morg	10.18	11.13
WallSt In	11.84	12.94
Wash Mu	12.28	13.42
Wellgtn	11.47	12.54
West Ind	7.73	8.44
Whitehll	14.80	16.17
Wincp Fd	9.62	10.51
Windsor	9.35	10.22
Winfield	5.75	6.28
Wisc Fd	7.36	8.04
Worth	2.98	3.25

ADVERTISEMENT

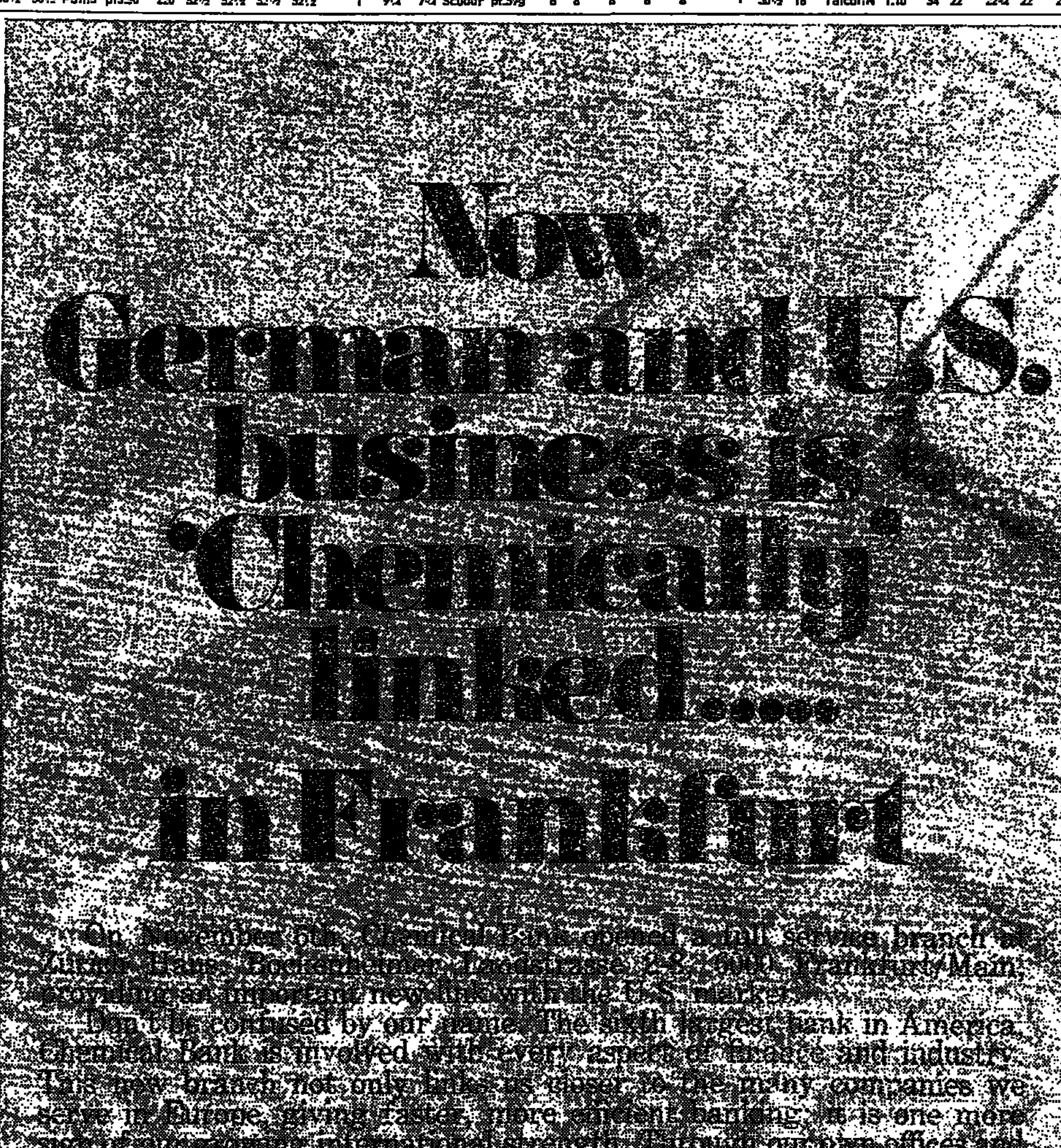
INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

Nov. 26, 1969

The following net asset value quotations are supplied by the Funds listed:

A.F.C.A	$11.00
A.G.P. Fund	$10.38
AGRI-Fund	$4.07
A.I.I. Growth Fund	$10.60
Alexander Fund	$10.68
All Canadian Venture Fd	Can.$4.45
Amca U.S. shares	S.F.30.00
Amer. Express Int'l Fund	$10.00
Am. Income Prop B&S	$8.00
Amer. Real Estate Trust	$9.11
Ampro Fund	$10.00
Anchor Unit Trust	11/7d
Anchor Unit Trust B	9/8d
Anchor Wall Street Fund	$6.30
Aries Fund N.V	$902.61
Ascot Fund	$6.11
Ascotronic Fund	$10.14
Atlantic Exempt Fund	19.3½d
AtlanticR'lEst.Fd.Undrwrg.	$10.00
Austral Trust S.A	$10.54
Booker Real Estate Trusts:	
— ebco I	$25.00
— ebco II	$25.00
British-Amer. Invest. Fd	$11.12
Buttress Int'l Dollar Fd	$0.99+
Canabam Ltd.	$5.106
Can Gas & Energy Fd	$12.45
Can. Gas & Energy Fd	$13.64a
Can. Security Growth Fd.	$4.69
Can. Secur. Growth Fd.	$5.14a
CAPITAL GROWTH:	
— Capital Growth Fund	$8.63
— Cap.Gr Real Estate Fd	$10.00
— Second Baham Inv Tr	$16.18
Carabico N.V "B" shares	$9.10
Chan. Comm Int'l Corp Fd	Can.$13.78
Chan. Comm. Leverage Fd	Can.$4.05
Channing Venture Fund	Can.$8.94
Combined Investments Fd	$945.11
Convert Fd Int: A & B Sh	$9.54
Convertible Bond Fd. N.V	$8.06
Cosmopolitan Fund	$8.31
Crosby Fund S.A	$9.23
Delta Investment Fund	$9.11
Delta Multifund	$9.37
Dreyfus Offshore Trust	$9.81
Ebor Channel Capital Tr	17/1½d
Ebor Trust Chan. Island	10/10½d
E.M.I.F S.A	$10.70
Euris European Shares	S.F.195.50
Eurunion	$31.83
Executive Fund Canada	$7.79
Executive Growth Fund	$8.84
F.A.I.T./N.V	$100.00
FD & S International Fund	$82.57
F.I.I.M.P.P.	$12.58
Fidelity International Fd	$13.08
Fiducem	B.F.1.434
Finance Union	$12.05
First/Fund	$10.04
First Investor Amer Trust	$8.50
First Liberty Fund Ltd.	$10.06
First National City Fund	$25.80
First Security Capital Fund	$98.79
Fleming Fund S.A	$35.80
Fleming Japan Fund	$14.73
Fleschner Becker Ehrlich	$5,442.55
Fonds Deltec	$13.34
Fonsa, Swiss Shares	S.F.115.50
Fonselex	S.F.2,905
Formula Selection Fund	S.F.121.18
Fortune Fund	$4.50
Frontier Growth Fund	$7.80
Frontier Trust	$11.73
Fund of Australia	$5.14
Galaxy Fund	$6.42
Global Fund	$3.40
Globinvest	S.F.103.00
Grand American Fd. N.V	$5.00
Growth Equity Fund	$7.53
Hambro Overseas Fund	$9.74
Hausmann Holdings N.V.	$10,324
Hedged Investors Limited	$13,486
H.O.I.T Hobet	[illegible]
IOOFUND	$10.21
ICT FUNDS:	
— The Dollar Fund	$12.90
— Realstock	$10.00
— Fund of New York	$15.02
— Fund of Nations	$10.00
I.O.S. FUNDS:	
— Fonditalia	$12.47
— Fund of Funds	$21.13
— I.I.T.	$8.89
— Investors Fonds	D.M.28.70
— IOS Regent Fund	$9.09
— IOS Venture	
— IOS Venture (Int'l)	
I.O.S.P.	
Interfix	
Int Commodities Inv. Fd.	
Interfund S.A.	
Intermarket Fund I	
Int'l Real Estate Inv. Fd.	
Int'l Whiskey Fund	
Intervestor Growth Fund	
Intervestor Real Estate Fd	
Italamerica S.A. Fund	
Japan Pacific Fund	
Japan Selection Fund	
Kleinwort Benson Int Fd	
Kleinwort Benson Jap. Fd.	
Lafayette Associates	
Lake Shore Fund	
Mad Inter. Fund	
Maritime Equity Fund	
M. & C. Island Fund	
Midas Gold Fd. (1.02 oz)	
Modal Positive Fund N.V	
Mutual Accumulating	
Mutual Funds of Am. Ltd.	
Mutual Growth Fund	
Neckermann-Fund	
Nelson Fund	
Neuwirth Investment Fd.	
N.A.M.F.	
Nordiska Fund Ltd	
N.Y. Offshore Fund N.V.	
Nor Amer. Inv Fund	
Nor Amer. Bank Fund	
Olympic Capital Fund	
Pacific-Invest.	
Pan Amer Growth Fund	
Pan. Amer. Income Fund	
Pan Amer Special Fund	
Performance Group Fund	
Real Estate Fund of Am	
Renta Fund	
Roosevelt Fund	
S.A.F.E	
Safit, S Africa Shares	
Security Growth Fund	
Selective Capital Fund	
Shamrock Fund	
Shareholders Am Real Eq.	
Shareholders Excalibur	
Sima, Swiss Real Estate	
S.M.C FUNDS:	
— Boston Int. Securities	
— Chase Selection Fund	
— Crossbow Fund	
— Int'l Technology Fd.	
— Invest. Selection Fd.	
Sogelux Capital Fund	
S. African Int'l Fund	
Stanhope Transat Fund	
S. & P. Dollar Fund	
S. & P. Sterling Fund	
Target Offshore	
The Cleveland Offshore Fd.	
The Commodity Fund	
The Nassau Fund Ltd.	
The Prop. Gr.Fd. of Amer.	
The U.S. Fund N.V.	
Transpacific Fund	
Tyndall Bermuda Fund	
Tyndall Inter. Fund	
Tyndall Overseas Fund	
Unifonds	
USI GROUP:	
— United Growth Fund	
— Un. Growth & Inc. Fd	
— USI Venture Fund	
— Euro-Am. Real Est Fd	
— Fund of Nations	
UBIF Real Estate	
U.S. Income Properties	
U.S. Trust Invest. Fund	
Universal Bk Stock Fund	
Washington Associates	
Westn Australia Miner Fd	
Western Growth Fund	
Western Hedge Fd. Cl. A.	
World Equity Growth Fd.	
World Insur. Stock Fund	
World Real Est. Stock Fd.	
Worldwide Securities	
Worldwide Special	
Zodiac Fund	

B.F.—Belgian francs; L.F.—Luxembourg francs; S.F.—Swiss francs; D.M.—Deutsche Marks; + —New; N.A.—Not available; + — other price; a—Asked.



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American Stock Exchange Trading

— 1969 — High.	Low.	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High.	Low	Last. Nets. Chge.
	⅛	Aber Pet .07	4	6½	5½	6½	6½— ¼
	⅛	Acme Hamil	43	4⅞	5¼	4¾	5¼+ ¼
	⅛	Acme Prec	2	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞ +⅛
	⅛	Adams Russl	8	12¾	12⅞	12¾	12⅞
	¼	Aerodex Inc	9	14	14	13⅝	13⅝— ⅛
	⅛	AeroFlow .30	2	11¾	11¾	11⅝	11⅝— ⅛
	⅝	Aerojet .50a	35	15	15⅝	14⅝	14⅞— ⅛
		Aeronca .10g	15	15⅛	15⅛	15	15 + ⅛
	⅛	AerosolT .16t	2	11½	11¼	11½	11½ +⅛
	⅞	Aerovox Cp	8	6⅝	7	6⅞	6⅞
	½	AIC Photo	4	13½	13½	13⅜	13⅜— ⅛
		Aiken Ind	7	10½	10¾	10½	10¾+ ½
	¾	Aileen Inc	56	35¼	35½	35⅛	35½+ ⅜
	¼	AIM Cos	26	6¾	6¾	6½	6¾ +½
	⅞	Airlift Intl	592	2½	2⅝	2¼	2½— ⅛
	⅞	Airpax El .20	16	14⅞	15⅜	14⅞	15⅜+ ⅜
	⅞	Air West	133	9	9⅛	9	9⅛+ ⅛
	⅞	Airwick B .25	3	13¼	13¼	13	13 — ⅛
		Alax Ma .30a	2	22⅝	22⅝	22¼	22¼— ⅜
		AlaPw pf4.20	250	57	57	57	57 — ½
		Alan Wd 1.60	5	37¼	37⅝	37¼	37⅝+ ⅜
	½	Alan Wd pf 5	225	67¼	67¼	67¼	67¼— ¾
		Alaska Airl	59	13	13	12¾	13 + ⅛
	⅜	Alaska Inter	154	30⅛	30½	29⅝	30½— ½
	⅝	AlbaWald .24	51	14⅛	14½	13⅝	14½+ ⅜
	⅞	Aldon Ind	13	9¾	10	9¾	10 + ¼
	¼	All Am Eng	4	7¼	7½	7¼	7½ +⅛
		Allegh Airl	19	12½	12⅝	12⅛	12⅝
		Alleg Airl wt	4	8¼	8¼	8⅛	8⅛— ⅛
		AllegCorp wt	4	11¼	11½	11⅛	11½+ ¼
	½	Allen El .76f	25	25¾	26½	25⅝	26
	¾	Allen T .40g	3	14¼	14¼	13⅞	13⅞— ⅜
	⅛	Allied Art	31	10½	10¾	10½	10¾
		AlliedCH .22p	13	13⅝	13⅝	13⅜	13⅝
	½	Allison Stl .40	11	10⅝	10½	10¼	10½— ⅛
	½	AlloyUni .10e	54	24¼	24⅞	24¼	24⅞+ ⅛
		AirlightAu .54	6	18⅜	18⅜	18⅛	18⅛ +¼
		Alpha Indust	4	6¼	6¼	6	6
	⅝	AltamilCp .20	18	10⅛	10⅛	9⅞	9⅞— ⅛
	½	Alter Fds .50	3	16¼	16½	16¼	16½+ ¼
		Alcoa pf3.75	z150	53	53	53	53
	⅞	AlumSpec .44	1	10⅝	10¾	10⅝	10¾+ ⅛
	⅞	Amco Indust	8	7¼	7¼	7⅛	7⅛
	⅞	Ameco Inc	11	11¼	11⅜	11¼	11⅜+ ⅛
	½	A AutVnd .20	18	10⅞	11	10¾	11 + ⅜
		AmBlitrit .60	13	12	12⅛	12	12⅛
	⅜	ABkStra .30b	34	10½	10¾	9⅞	10 — ⅜
	⅛	Am FinA 1.10	13	15½	16⅛	15¼	16⅛— ⅜
	⅜	AmFin pf1.50	1	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾— ⅛
		A.Israel .33g	21	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛— ⅛
	¼	AmMfg 1.75g	5	42¼	42⅛	42¼	42⅛— ⅛
		Am Med .12	61	36	37	36	36½+ ⅜
		Am Mot Inns	56	20⅝	21⅜	20⅝	21¼+1
		Am Petr .85g	41	33⅛	33⅞	33	33⅞+ ⅜
		Am Prec .05g	2	6	6	5⅞	5⅞
		AmRlt T .67d	25	9½	9½	9¼	9¼— ¼
		AmSal Equip	18	7⅞	7⅞	7½	7⅞+ ⅛
		AmTech .20g	59	18⅞	19⅛	18⅞	19⅛+ ¾
		Amos DS .92f	3	14⅜	14⅞	14⅜	14⅞+ ⅛
		AMK wt	194	8⅛	8⅜	8	8 — ⅛
		AmpcoMt .60	3	20⅝	20⅝	20¼	20¼— ⅜
		Amrep Corp	233	45¾	46½	45⅛	45½— ½
		Anderson .36	5	15⅛	15⅝	15⅛	15¼— ⅜
		AndreaRa .25	7	6½	6½	6½	6½+ ⅛
		Angelica .18	28	25	25½	25	25 + ¼
	2¾	Anglo Lautro	114	2⅞	2⅞	2¾	2¾
	1⅝	Ansul Co .56	2	12	12	11⅞	11⅞— ⅛
	3	Anthony Ind	13	15¼	15⅝	15¼	15¼— ⅛
	⅜	AO Indust	127	5	5	4⅞	4⅞— ⅛
	2½	API Inst .10g	164	21⅝	23	21⅝	22⅝+1½
		APL Corp	66	24⅞	24⅞	24⅝	24¾
	6⅞	APL pf C1.06	2	19¾	20	19¾	20 + ¼
	3¾	APL pfB.50	2	18⅝	18⅝	18⅜	18⅜+ ⅛
	6¼	Apollo Indust	14	6⅝	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛— ⅛
	9	Applied Data	17	21¼	21⅝	21	21¼+ ¼
	7½	Applied Dev	27	7⅞	8⅜	7¾	8⅛+ ⅛
	4½	Aquitain Cda	77	17¼	17⅝	16¾	17⅜+ ⅜
	3¼	Argus Inc	40	4¼	4¼	4	4 — ⅛
	9½	Ark Best .30g	15	20	20	19⅝	19⅝— ⅜
	6	ArkLGas 1.70	41	29	29	28⅛	28⅛—1
	8	Arrow Elect	17	30	30¾	30	30¼+ ½
	8	Arundel Corp	12	44	44¾	44	44½+ ½
	0⅞	Arwood .40	1	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾— ⅛
	7⅞	Asamera Oil	261	20½	20½	19⅞	19⅞+ ⅛
	4½	AssdBaby .60	9	19⅜	19⅜	19½	19½— ¼
	4½	AssdFdSt .20	3	4⅞	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝— ⅛
	5⅝	AssdProd .40	7	45⅝	45⅝	45	45 —1¼
	5¼	Astrex Inc	27	6	6¼	6	6
	15⅛	Astrodata	191	24⅝	26⅞	24⅝	26⅞+2⅛
	3⅝	Atco Chem	23	3⅝	3¾	3½	3⅝
	27	Athlone Ind	116	27	29	26½	28½+1¼
	17½	Atico Finl .40	2	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
	26½	AtCLCo 1.20a	5	26⅞	27	26¾	27 — ⅛
	28¼	Att Richl wt	4	28	28	27⅞	27⅞— ⅜
	37¾	Atlas M 2.05a	183	74½	74½	72½	72¾—1¾
	2¾	AtlasCorp wt	64	2¾	2⅝	2½	2⅝— ⅛
	22¼	Austral Oil	58	28	29⅛	27½	28⅝+ ¾
	6⅝	Auto Bldg	13	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝— ⅛
	63⅞	Auto Data P	17	106½	110	106½	110 +3⅝
	34⅝	AutoDatP wt	53	36⅛	37½	36⅛	37½+1¼
	28⅛	Automat Rad	56	33⅞	34½	33¾	34½+1¼
	13½	AutoStlP .50b	16	15	15⅛	15	15⅛+ ⅛
	19	AVC Corp .40	4	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
	5¾	Avco Corp wt	63	6	6⅝	6	6⅛+ ⅛
	3⅝	Avien Inc	17	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
	7⅞	Avis Ind .40f	18	11⅛	11⅛	11	11 — ⅛
		B					
	15¼	BACM Indust	5	19⅝	20	19⅝	19⅝+ ⅛
	24⅛	BagdCop .40a	7	24⅝	25	24⅝	24⅝— ⅛
	20	Baker Ind .24	21	28½	28½	28	28 — ½
	40¼	Bald DH 1.20	3	46½	46¾	46½	46⅝+ ¼
	8¼	Ball Co .36p	7	8⅝	8⅝	8¼	8¼
	9¼	Banff Oil	79	10½	10¾	10¼	10⅝— ⅛
	5½	BangPunt wt	13	5⅝	5¾	5⅝	5⅝— ⅛
	21¾	BankUtil .37g	1	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜— ¼
	7⅜	Banner Indus	45	7⅞	8	7⅝	7¾
	12⅛	BarbLynn .32	19	12	12½	12	12½+ ¼
	16⅜	Barnes Eng	8	17⅛	17⅜	17⅛	17⅜ +⅛
	7⅛	Barnwell Ind	26	7⅝	7⅝	7½	7½+ ½
	17	Barry RG	2	17⅛	17⅛	17	17 — ⅜
	17⅛	BarryWrt .30	17	21¾	22¼	21½	22¼+ ½
	8⅜	Bartell Med	14	12⅝	13	12⅝	12⅞+ ⅛
	7¾	Barth Sp .33	8	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9¾+ ⅛
	13	Barton Cand	25	13⅝	13⅝	13¼	13¼— ⅜
	5⅞	Baruch Fost	39	5⅞	6	5¾	5¾— ⅛
	17⅛	Beck Ind	13	19	19	18⅞	18⅞— ⅛
	22¼	Beco Ind 1	3	24	24	24	24
	7½	Bell Electrn	10	10	10½	10	10¼+ ¼
	36⅞	BellTelC 2.50	20	39	39½	39	39⅝
	9½	Belscot Ret	7	10	10	9⅝	10 + ⅛
	29⅝	Benrus Corp	6	29⅛	29½	29⅛	29½+ ⅛
	24	BergBrun .24	2	24	24⅞	24	24⅞+ ⅛
	41	Berg B pf1.15	13	40⅝	40⅝	40⅛	40½— ⅛
	8½	Bertea Corp	4	9	9	9	9
	9¾	Beth Cp .30g	10	10¼	10½	10⅛	10½+ ¼
	22	Beverly Ent	125	34⅝	38⅛	34⅝	38⅛+3⅜
	9⅝	Big Apple	12	11¾	12⅛	11⅝	11⅞+ ⅛
	17⅜	Big Bear A 1	4	20⅛	20½	20⅛	20½ +⅛
	29⅜	Binney 1.20	9	32⅝	33⅛	32⅝	33⅛+ ⅜
	5¼	Bishop Ind	34	5¾	6⅛	5¾	5⅞+ ⅛
	4⅝	Bloomfld Bld	38	6⅜	6⅝	6¼	6½
	7⅜	Bluebird Inc	22	7⅝	7¾	7⅝	7⅝
	17¾	Bohack .70f	38	26⅝	27½	26⅝	26⅞+ ⅜
	8⅜	Botany Ind	22	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛— ⅛
	4⅞	Bowling Corp	6	6½	6⅝	6⅜	6⅜— ⅛
	5⅞	Bowmar Inst	9	7	7⅝	6¾	7⅝+ ½
	9	Bowne Co .16	19	26⅛	26⅛	25¼	25¼— ¾
	14⅝	Bow Vall .10	21	20⅛	20⅛	19⅜	19⅜+ ⅛
		BowVal fn.10	1	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛
	15½	Bradfrd .60a	24	15⅝	16	15½	15⅝+ ⅛
	8	BranAirw wt	46	10⅝	10⅝	9¾	10½+ ⅛
	9½	BrnfAirA .35f	408	10⅝	10⅞	10	10⅞
	13⅜	BrascanLt 1a	66	14	14⅛	13⅜	14⅛+ ⅜
	11	Braun En .32	2	23⅝	23⅞	23⅝	23⅞
	11⅛	Breeze .60g	10	13⅞	13⅞	13⅛	13½— ⅜
	13¼	Brit Pet .47g	166	14¼	14⅝	14	14½+ ⅛
		Br Pet fn.47g	11	12⅞	13⅛	12⅞	13⅛
	18¼	Bro Dart Ind	15	18⅝	19	18⅝	19 + ½
	5	Brody Sig .16	6	5⅝	6	5⅝	6 + ½
	3	BrkPark .20a	4	16⅞	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝— ¼
	17½	BrwnFB .40b	32	21¼	21⅝	21¼	21¼— ⅛
	5½	BrownF pf.40	4	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5¾+ ⅛
	7	Buehler Cp	5	7	7¼	7	7¼+ ¼
	13⅛	Buellind .10d	9	16⅞	17⅛	16¾	16⅞
	16⅝	Bundy Corp 1	13	18⅛	18½	18⅛	18½+ ½
	43	Burns WJ .60	4	48	48	47⅝	47⅝— ¼
	4	Burr JP	13	4½	4½	4⅝	4⅝
	15	Butlr Av .20b	35	19⅝	19⅝	18⅝	18⅝— ⅝
	19¾	Buttes Gs Oil	84	22½	23⅛	22⅛	23⅛+ ⅞
	0	Byers .30a	10	10½	10½	10	10 — ¼
		C					
	8¼	Cablecom Gn	66	17⅛	17⅞	17	17⅞+1
	3⅝	Caldor .94f	15	16¼	16¼	16	16¼+ ⅛
	18¼	Calcomp	90	25⅝	27	25⅝	26⅝+ ½
	7⅞	Campbl Chib	119	10⅞	11⅛	10⅞	11⅛+ ⅜
	9⅛	CampbM .30	12	12⅜	14	13⅝	13⅝
	5½	CdnExp G&O	89	5⅝	5 7-16	5 3-16	5⅜
	9⅝	Cdn Gridoil	16	11¾	11¾	11¼	11¼— ½
	7-16	Cdn Homesid	144	14½	15¼	14½	15⅛+ ½
	14½	CdnInt P 1.80	4	25⅝	26	25⅝	26 + ¼
	2	Cdn Javelin	115	12¼	14	12	14 +1⅞
	4⅛	Cdn Marconi	14	5⅛	5⅛	5	5⅛+ ⅛
	7⅞	Cdn Sup Oil	58	28⅛	28⅝	28¼	28⅜+ ⅛
	8⅞	Canaverl .50f	53	8⅞	9⅜	8⅞	9 + ⅛
	6⅝	Canoga Ind	24	7	7¼	7	7
	9	Cap Ind .32g	33	49⅝	51	49⅝	50⅞+1⅛
	3¼	CapitolPd .15	23	15⅝	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜— ¼
	9⅝	Career Acad	50	46½	47⅝	46¼	46¼+ ⅛
	7⅝	Caressa .30g	6	9½	9½	9⅜	9⅜— ⅛
	3⅝	Caro Pipe .72	2	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛— ⅛
	0¼	CastleAM .80	1	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛
	6⅛	Castleton Ind	43	6⅞	7¼	6⅞	7¼+ ⅜
	6⅛	Cavitron Cp	14	20⅛	20⅝	20	20⅝+ ¼
	4½	CBK Agron	53	4⅝	4¾	4⅝	4⅝— ⅛
	1⅜	Cellu Craft	33	13⅝	13⅝	13¼	13⅝— ¼
	5½	CenMe pf3.50	z80	45½	46	45½	46 + ½
	3	CenP&L pf 4	z100	53	53	51½	51½—2½
	9	CenSec 3.45g	2	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝— ¼
	0	C Sec pfC1.25	z100	42⅝	42⅜	42⅜	42⅜— ⅛
	6½	Centry El .60	x5	21½	21⅝	21½	21⅝+ ⅛
	5	Century Geo	2	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼+ ⅛
	8½	CentryInd .24	4	11⅝	12	11⅝	12 + ⅛
	8⅝	Certified Cp	6	9½	9⅝	9⅜	9⅝
	4½	ChadMil .05g	19	17⅛	17¼	17⅛	17½— ⅜
	18⅝	ChampH .16a	52	24½	25⅝	24½	25⅛+1⅛
	2	Chatt Gas .64	5	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛+ ⅜
	13⅝	Chelsea .24	29	14	14⅝	14	14½+ ⅝
	19⅞	Cherry Burr	16	22⅜	26	22¾	26 +3½
	10¼	Christian Oil	118	18⅞	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝+ ⅛
	9¼	Cinerama	293	10⅝	10⅝	10¼	10⅝— ⅛
	17¾	Circle K .40	19	24⅞	25	24½	24⅞+ ⅛
	8	CircuitF 1.59f	63	52½	54¾	52½	53¾+1¼
	2⅞	Citizens F .32	6	14⅞	15⅛	14¾	15 + ⅜
	9¾	CityGsFla .50	1	10	10	10	10 — ⅛
	6⅛	ClarkCbl .05g	3	6½	6½	6⅜	6½
	7⅝	Clarostat	3	9	9	9	9 — ⅛
	9⅛	Clary Corp	24	10⅛	10⅞	10½	10⅞
	½	Clopay .82f	16	11½	11½	11	11 — ½
	9	CMI Corp	95	40¼	40¼	39	39⅛—1⅛
	0	Coburn .30	70	9⅝	10	9⅝	9⅞— ⅛
	2	Coff Mat .60	20	26⅝	27⅝	26⅝	27⅝+1⅛
	7⅝	CohuElec .15	38	9	9⅝	8¾	9⅝+ ⅜
	0½	Cole Drug .25	4	10⅝	11	10⅝	11
	6⅞	Cole Natl .44	7	37⅛	37⅛	37¼	37⅛— ¼
	6⅛	Colecoind .16	79	45⅝	45⅛	44¾	45⅛+ ⅛
	5½	Coleman .80	9	65⅛	65⅛	64⅝	65 — ⅝
	7½	Colon Snd .38	6	7⅞	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝— ¼
	7⅛	Cominco 1.40	4	28⅝	29⅛	28⅝	29 + ¼
	5⅝	ComlMtl .60b	8	17⅛	18	17⅛	18 + ¼
	3⅛	Comodor .02g	257	28	28⅛	26⅛	26⅝—1⅝
	1	ComPSv .40	3	23	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛— ⅛
	2⅛	Compolnd .32	4	15	15	14⅞	14⅞— ⅛
	19⅛	CompDes .70	15	23⅝	23⅝	22⅝	22⅞— ⅝
	5⅝	CompuDyne	38	6½	6⅝	6¼	6⅝+ ⅛
	9½	Comput Appl	27	11⅝	12⅛	11⅝	12⅛+ ⅛
	7⅝	Comput Eq	67	11¼	12⅛	11¼	11⅜+ ½
	6⅛	Comput Instr	12	9¼	9½	9	9⅛+ ⅜
	7⅝	Comput Inv	11	12	12	12	12 + ¼
	19	Comput Leas	112	16½	17⅞	16½	17⅜+1⅛
	14⅛	Computest	69	25	26⅛	25	26 + ⅞
	37	Comp Softw	155	62⅛	63⅝	62⅛	62⅝
	12⅞	Conchem .70	27	13½	13¼	13¼	13⅝
	15	ConcrdF .40d	25	16½	16⅝	16½	16⅞+ ⅜
	21¼	Condec Corp	26	22⅞	23⅛	22⅜	23⅛+ ⅞
	13½	Conductron	4	16⅛	16½	16⅛	16½+ ⅛
	6	Connelly Con	22	6⅛	6⅜	6⅛	6⅛
25¾	13¼	Conrey Inc	8	14⅝	15	14⅝	14⅝+ ⅛
7½	3⅝	Con Cdn Far	53	3 5-16	3⅜	3 1-16	3⅛— ⅛
26¾	7⅞	Con Nat Sh A	7	9¼	9½	9⅛	9½+ ⅜
39	18⅞	Con Oil Gas	64	21⅛	21⅜	20⅞	21⅛+ ⅜
21¼	13	Con Refining	19	18⅞	19½	18⅞	19¼+ ⅜
27¼	17	ConsltDes .40	25	17	17⅜	17	17⅜— ⅛
83⅝	34¼	Cont Conn .50	16	39	39	38	38 —1½
7⅛	2⅞	Cont Mater	107	3⅛	3⅛	3	3 — ⅛
14¼	10½	Cook Elec .30	11	13½	13½	13½	13½
20	9⅝	Cook Ind	169	10⅝	10⅝	10	10⅛— ¼
34¼	20⅛	CookPtV 1.40	1	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝+ ¼
17⅝	9⅝	Coopr Jar .50	8	14¼	14½	14¼	14½
46¾	16⅛	Corp Inc	14	39	39½	39	39½+ ¾
20⅝	7	Cosmodyne	12	8⅝	8⅝	8¼	8⅝+ ⅛
4 11-16	2⅝	Courtlds .11g	3	3 7-16	3 7-16	3 7-16	3 7-16
24	17	Craig Corp	77	19	19⅝	18½	19⅛+ ⅜
40⅛	26⅝	Creole P 2.60	60	26	26⅝	26	26¾+ ⅝
19¼	6	Crestmont	38	6⅛	6⅛	5⅝	6
32	23⅝	Crcmptn 1.40	2	27⅛	27⅛	27	27
13½	7½	CrowleyM .30	1	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
39⅞	22⅛	Crown C Pet	2	23	23⅛	23	23⅛+ ⅛
18⅞	9¼	Crystal Oil	36	10⅝	10⅞	10⅝	10⅞+ ¼
36¼	16⅞	Cubic Corp	49	21⅝	22	21⅝	22 + ¼
18⅛	8½	Curtis Maths	11	8⅞	9¼	8⅞	9⅛+ ½
32½	20½	Cutter I .44	86	23⅝	24½	23⅝	24⅝+ ⅝
31	19½	Cutter B .44	1	23	23	23	23 — ¼
		D					
10½	7¾	Daitch .10g	16	8⅝	8¾	8½	8⅝+ ⅛
19⅝	10⅛	DamonCr .40	6	10	10⅛	10	10⅛+ ⅛
79⅞	39⅛	Damon Corp	15	71⅝	73½	71⅝	73½+2½
25½	21⅛	Danielln .24g	21	21	21⅛	21	21⅛— ⅛
10½	5	Daryl Indus	10	5¼	5⅝	5¼	5⅝
17¾	7½	Data Cont	23	12¾	12⅞	12⅝	12⅞+ ¼
60¼	23⅝	Data Process	70	32⅝	33⅝	32⅝	33 + ⅜
27⅝	12⅛	DataProd Cp	1002	17¼	19⅝	16⅞	19⅜+2½
23⅞	11⅛	Day Min .15g	35	14⅝	14⅝	13⅞	14⅛
46⅞	27⅛	Daylininc .40	5	37½	37½	37¼	37¼— ½
5½	2½	DC Tran A	2	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
52¾	24⅝	Deerborn Cp	27	26⅝	27	26½	27
19¼	9⅝	DeJurAm .30	5	10	10	9⅞	9⅞+ ⅛
18¾	12¾	Del Labs	11	15⅛	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝
74⅝	40⅞	Deltona Corp	148	54⅛	56	54⅛	55½+2
37⅝	19⅝	DeroRsch Dv	20	24⅛	25	24⅝	24⅞+ ¾
65⅛	39	Deseret Ph	128	51	56⅛	51	55 +5½
14⅛	7⅛	Detecto S .25	4	8⅛	8⅛	8	8
102¼	54½	Digital Equip	114	92	95⅝	91⅝	95⅜+4⅝
17¼	13⅛	DillardD .20g	7	13	13	12⅞	13 — ⅛
12¾	5	Diodes Inc	14	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
24⅛	12⅝	Diversey .50	5	12¾	12⅞	12⅝	12⅞
34⅞	17	Dixilyn Corp	173	21⅛	22¼	20½	20⅞—1¼
36	21½	DMH Corp	44	22½	22⅞	22⅛	22⅞+ ⅛
104½	57½	Domo Petrol	54	71⅛	71⅝	70⅛	71⅛+ ⅛
16¾	11⅛	Domtar .60	26	13⅝	14	13⅝	14 + ⅛
28	17⅝	Dorsey .10	26	22⅛	23	22⅛	23 + ¾
13⅝	8⅛	DPA Inc	38	9⅞	10⅛	9⅞	10 — ¼
30	12	Drug Fair .40	36	27⅝	27½	27	27¼+ ¼
7⅝	4	Dunlop .19g	3	3⅞	3⅞	3¾	3¾— ⅛
10¼	3⅝	Duralov Co	9	4	4⅛	4	4⅛+ ¼
17	9½	Dur Test .25b	24	11⅞	12	11½	12 + ⅛
19½	7⅞	Dynalectrn	38	9⅞	9⅝	9	9⅝+ ⅛
		E					
21⅞	11⅝	Eagle Clo .25	13	12	12¼	12	12¼+ ½
25¼	15¼	E Scheib .64	88	22	22	21	21⅛— ½
14⅛	8⅛	Earth Resrcs	115	11⅞	11⅞	11⅛	11¼— ¾
27⅝	11	East Air Dev	4	21¾	21⅞	21¾	21⅞— ⅛
17⅛	6⅛	Eastn Frt W	2	7	7⅛	7	7⅛+ ¼
14¼	7⅝	EazorEx .37p	1	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
22¾	10⅞	Eckmar Cp.	42	14⅝	14¾	14¼	14½— ¼
37⅞	22	ECL Ind 1b	8	26	26⅛	26	26⅛— ⅛
26⅝	13	Ecologic Sci	986	26¼	28	25⅞	27½+2
40⅞	20⅞	Edo Corp .40	19	20⅝	21⅝	20¾	21⅛+ ⅛
38⅝	20¾	Ehrench Pho	1	28	28	28	28
19⅞	7⅝	Elco Corp	46	10⅞	11½	10⅞	11⅛+ ⅛
56¼	10⅝	Elcor Chem	55	10⅞	11⅜	10⅝	11⅜+ ⅝
26½	19¾	ElectHose 1a	2	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼— ⅜
30	19⅝	Electroara 1	2	19⅝	19⅝	19⅛	19⅛
22¼	8	Elect Assist	28	9¼	9¼	9	9 — ⅛
38¼	9⅝	Elect Comp	13	10¼	10¾	10⅛	10¼+ ⅜
28⅝	10	El Eng 1.25f	2	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛+ ⅛
37	11½	Elect Resrch	6	13¼	13¼	13½	13½
19⅝	9½	Electron .52	6	10½	10⅝	10⅜	10⅝— ⅜
35¼	15	Electsp 1.31f	32	19¼	19½	19	19½— ⅜
5⅝	2⅝	Elgin Nat wt	7	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
23⅛	8½	El Tronics	28	8⅝	8⅝	7⅞	8⅝
22⅝	18⅛	Emery In .30	11	20⅛	20⅜	20⅛	20⅜— ⅜
77	64½	EmpDEl pf 5	250	64½	64½	64½	64½
36	24	EmpFin 1.26f	24	25⅛	25⅛	23⅝	24⅛—1
8⅞	4⅛	Equit Cp .05b	111	4⅞	5	4⅝	4¾
81⅝	47⅛	EquitFd 1.26f	227	65⅝	67¼	65½	67 +1½
10¼	7	ErnstEC .40d	10	7½	7⅝	7½	7½+ ⅛
25⅝	9⅝	Ero Indust	19	13⅛	14⅞	13⅛	14⅝+1½
30	13⅞	Esgro Inc	14	20½	21¼	20½	20⅞+ ⅛
38¼	17¼	Espey Mfg	4	20¾	21	20¾	20⅞— ⅛
38⅛	19	Esq Rad El	46	32⅝	33⅞	32⅝	33⅛+ ½
9⅞	5	Essex Ch .12f	14	5¼	5⅝	5¼	5⅝+ ⅛
12¾	4½	Ets-Hokin Co	5	4¼	4⅞	4¾	4⅞+ ⅛
13⅝	7⅞	Evans Ar Ind	12	8⅛	8⅝	8⅛	8⅝+ ⅜
32⅝	18¼	Executon .30	78	27½	29	27¼	29 +2⅛
13½	7¾	Exquis Form	54	8½	8⅝	8½	8½— ⅜
39⅝	18	Extendcare	100	32½	34⅛	32½	34 +2¼
		F					
18¼	9½	Fab Indust	6	11⅛	11¾	11½	11⅝
12⅛	6½	Fabien .40b	9	7⅛	7½	7⅛	7½— ¼
12⅝	7¾	Fabrics Natl	1	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾+ ¼
30	8½	FairNob .16b	39	8¾	8⅞	8⅛	8⅞
25¼	9⅞	Falcon Sbd	23	10¼	10½	10⅛	10⅛
15½	8⅝	FamRecd .60	1	8½	8½	8½	8½
35⅝	22	Fanny F .90g	4	25¼	25¼	25⅛	25¼
12½	5½	Fed Resrces	90	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5½
22	13	Federals Inc	35	13⅝	13⅝	12⅞	13 — ⅝
29⅛	17⅛	FedMart .40b	26	16⅝	20	18⅝	20 +1¼
23½	13⅝	Felmont Oil	14	15	15⅜	15	15½+ ⅛
25¼	15⅝	Felsway .32	9	23	23¼	23	23 + ¼
16⅝	11½	Fibrebord wt	15	11¾	11⅞	11¾	11¾
19¾	6⅜	Field Plastic	7	6¾	7⅛	6¾	7⅛+ ⅜
38⅞	19¼	Filmway .20d	133	20⅛	20⅞	20	20⅝
18⅛	11	Filter Dyn	3	15	15	15	15
30½	21⅝	FinCoSB .20b	26	22¼	22⅝	22⅛	22⅝
18⅜	12	FinlGenl .24b	14	13	13⅛	13	13
13⅞	4⅝	FirstNtl Real	34	5⅝	5⅝	5¼	5¼— ⅛
11	3⅛	Fst N Rl wt	49	3⅝	3⅝	3¼	3¼— ⅛
23⅝	13⅝	FstSLSh .10g	6	15⅝	15¾	15⅝	15⅝
22⅝	13½	FischPrt .63f	12	19⅞	20	19⅝	19⅞+ ¼
37⅞	28⅛	Fleet Ent .16	72	29⅝	31⅜	29⅛	31⅛+1⅛
14⅞	5⅝	Fla Capital	19	5⅝	5⅝	5⅜	5⅝— ⅛
17⅝	13¼	Flowers In A	7	14	14	13⅝	13⅝— ½
15⅛	7⅝	Fluke J .41f	7	10⅛	10¼	10⅛	10⅛— ⅛
33⅛	13⅜	Foodrama .30	7	21	21	21	21 + ¼
69¼	47½	Ford Can 2	z1100	59¼	59¼	59¼	59¼
36¼	23½	Forest Cit .25	6	23¾	24	23⅝	24 + ½
25⅞	14½	ForestLb .37f	8	15¼	15½	15	15⅜+ ⅜
90⅜	46⅛	Four Seasons	257	74½	76⅝	74	76 +2½
46½	32	FrankiMt .10	26	38⅝	39	38½	38⅞— ⅛
12⅛	8⅝	FrankiR .48g	11	9	9	9	8⅞— ⅛
32½	20	FranksNu .60	3	25⅞	25⅞	25¼	25⅝— ⅛
37⅝	17⅛	Fresnillo .89g	13	22⅝	23⅛	22½	22⅞+ ⅛
12⅞	6⅞	Friend Frost	7	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
24⅝	13½	Frier Ind .30	1	16	16	16	16 — ⅛
17½	8	Frontier Air	27	7⅝	8⅛	7⅝	7⅞— ⅛
57½	27½	Front Air pf	1	30	30	30	30 + ⅜
11⅛	4½	Front Air wt	34	4⅝	4¾	4⅝	4⅝
		G					
36⅝	14⅛	Gabriel .69f	13	17	17	16⅝	16½— ⅜
43½	10⅞	Garaninc .36	18	15⅝	15⅝	15	15 — ⅛
26⅝	11	Garland .60	5	12⅝	12⅝	12¼	12¼— ⅜
25¾	12½	GateSpGd .20	28	13⅝	14¼	13⅝	14⅛+ ½
18⅛	9⅞	GayldNat .30	4	12¼	12¼	12	12 — ⅜
39½	21⅛	GCA Cp .71f	18	31¾	32½	31¾	32¼+ ⅜
18⅝	10½	Gearhart .24	141	16	17⅝	15⅞	17⅜+1⅞
12¾	4½	Gen Alloys	10	4⅝	4½	4⅝	4½
18⅞	12¼	Gen Battery	29	16⅞	17	16¾	17 + ¼
13	7	Gen Build	13	8⅝	8⅝	8¼	8⅝— ⅛
46½	27⅛	G Cinema .32	16	37⅛	37⅛	37	37⅛+ ⅛
6	2 11-16	G ElEns .08g	1	2 15-16	2 15-16	2 15-16	2 15-16— ⅛
23¾	13⅝	G Employ .24	18	20⅛	20⅛	19½	20 — ⅜
34⅝	11	Gen Interior	36	12⅛	12⅛	12	12 — ⅛
13	6	Gen Plywood	15	6¼	6½	6¼	6½
48⅛	31⅛	Genge Ind	107	42	45½	42	45¼+3¼
12⅞	4⅞	Genisco Tech	23	5⅝	6	5⅝	5⅞+ ⅛
37⅝	20¼	GerberSc Ins	8	33⅛	33⅝	33⅛	33⅝+ ⅛
17¼	5⅝	GF Indust	31	6	6½	6	6⅜+ ⅛
50⅛	37	GiantFd .80a	2	47	47	47	47
17⅛	8½	Giant Yel .40	x49	9½	9⅝	9⅜	9½+ ⅛
23⅛	8½	GilbrtCo .10b	12	9⅝	9½	9	9⅝+ ⅛
46½	20⅝	Gilbert Flexi	67	30⅝	31⅛	30⅝	31½+ ⅞
27⅝	14¼	GL Ind .91f	2	20⅝	21	20⅝	21 + ½
20½	9⅛	Gladding	28	12½	12½	12	12 — ⅛
23⅞	9⅝	Glasrock Prd	16	11½	11½	11⅛	11⅛— ⅜
20	11½	GlenGer .50a	5	15⅛	15⅛	14⅝	14⅞— ⅜
20⅝	14⅝	GlenDisB .40	3	14⅞	14⅞	14¾	14¾— ¼
15⅞	9⅝	Goldblatt .36	5	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
12⅛	5⅛	Goldfield	137	5½	5⅝	5	5⅛
20½	11½	Goodway	17	13½	14	13½	14 + ¾
19½	9½	Gorinsinc .50	6	9⅝	10	9⅝	10 + ⅛
12⅜	8	Gould wt	31	9½	9⅝	9½	9⅝+ ⅛
17⅞	7½	Granger As	9	8⅛	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛
45½	16⅞	GranMgt .75f	74	25	26	25	25½+1⅛
18⅞	8⅝	Gray Mfg	3	10	10	10	10 — ¼
8⅞	4	Gt Am Ind	124	4⅛	4⅛	4	4⅛
13⅝	6	Gt Basn Pet	88	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝+ ⅛
16½	10⅝	GtLak Chem	81	13¼	13⅞	13⅛	13⅞ ¼
13½	6⅝	GtLakRe .38f	1	7½	7½	7½	7½— ⅛
44⅛	33	Greenm .09d	25	37	38⅛	36½	38½+ ⅛
28⅝	12	Greyh C .20g	29	13⅞	14⅛	13⅞	14⅛+ ⅜
21⅛	15¼	Griesedk .90g	1	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝— ⅛
33⅞	27⅝	GrocStr 1.40a	z150	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞+ ⅜
24⅝	15	GrossTlcs .90	3	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
20¼	10⅝	Grow Ch .32b	4	11¾	11¾	11⅜	11⅜
12⅞	6	Gruen In .10d	58	7	7¾	7	7¾+ ⅞
10½	4⅝	GSC Enterpr	45	5⅛	5⅛	5	5 — ¼
10⅝	5½	GTI Corp	23	6⅛	6⅛	6	6⅛+ ⅛
48⅝	26½	Guardian Ind	33	45⅝	47¼	45⅝	47 +1⅝
25⅝	18⅛	GuardCh .50b	2	19½	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛— ⅜
44½	26¼	Guerdon Ind	44	27⅝	28⅛	27⅝	28¼+ ¼
26½	15⅝	Gulf Can .60	10	17⅝	17½	16⅝	16⅝— ½
11½	5⅛	Gulf St Land	16	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
18⅝	6	Gulf Wind wt	80	6½	6⅝	6½	6½
		H					
24⅝	11⅝	HB Amer	166	22¼	24	21⅞	23⅞+1⅞
26⅛	13½	Halls Motor 1	3	13⅝	14¼	13½	14¼+ ⅝
17⅝	4⅝	HamilCos .60	13	14½	14⅞	14½	14⅞+ ¾
8⅞	6⅝	Hampt Sh .32	15	6¼	6¼	6⅛	6¼
38⅝	18⅝	Harnischfr 1	14	19	19½	19	19⅛+ ⅛
16⅞	9¼	HartAlird .40	4	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛— ⅛
30⅝	18⅞	Hartfld Zody	25	27⅛	27⅝	27½	27½— ½
40½	1⅞	Harvard Ind	12	15	15	14⅞	14⅞— ⅜
		Harvin pfA 2	1	34	34	34	34
25¼	11½	HarveyGr .12	23	12¾	13	12¾	13 —1
13¾	9⅝	Harvey St .24	2	13½	13½	13½	13½
13	7¼	Hastings .40	38	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝+ ⅛
27⅝	17¼	Head Ski Co	7	20⅛	20¼	20⅛	20¼+ ¼
31¼	25½	Hecks A .20	5	27	27¼	26⅝	26⅝— ½
13⅝	4⅝	Heinicke Inst	43	8⅞	9	8⅝	9
73¼	44⅝	HelenaR 1.40	7	60	60¼	60	60
81½	67⅜	Heller pf 5.50	z20	68	68	68	68 — ¼
14½	9½	Her Mal .48g	15	10	10	9⅝	9⅝— ¼
29	0¼	Herc Gal .39f	12	17	17⅛	16⅝	17⅛+ ⅛
33½	9⅝	Hi G Inc .52f	6	13	13	12⅞	12⅞— ⅛
29⅝	1-9	Higbie Mf .80	14	27	27½	27	27½+ ⅞
8⅛	4⅛	Hofm Indust	70	4⅛	4⅛	4	4 — ⅛
39	26⅝	Hollingr 1.40	4	28⅝	28½	28	28 — ⅞
8¼	3	Holly Corp	27	3⅛	3⅛	3	3 — ⅛
84½	31⅛	HomeO A .50	109	33½	33⅝	32⅝	32⅞— ⅝
81	29¼	HomeO B .50	3	31	31	29½	29½— ⅝
47¼	31⅛	Hormel 1.40	8	34¼	34¼	33½	33½— ½
49½	23⅝	Horn Hardrt	5	24⅝	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛— ⅛
86	60⅝	Horn&H pf 5	z20	61	61	61	61 — ⅝
29⅞	18⅝	House Fabric	9	26⅛	26½	26⅛	26½
33½	21⅛	House Vis .44	6	29⅝	30	29⅝	29⅝+ ⅛
32½	27¼	Hubbell B .96	2	29½	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝
49⅛	41½	Hubbel pf1.75	5	44⅝	44⅝	44½	44⅝— ⅛
31⅛	18	Hudson Leas	8	26⅛	26⅛	26	26⅛+ ⅛
34⅝	13⅝	Huffman .60	11	13	13	12⅝	12⅝— ⅛
39⅛	27½	HuntCh A .24	4	37	37	37	37 + ¼
28⅛	11¼	Husky Oil .30	133	11¾	12	11⅜	11⅜
38⅝	26	Huyck Cp .40	1	35⅞	35⅞	35⅞	35⅞+ ⅛
15⅝	6	Hycon Mfg	10	7¾	7¾	7⅝	7⅝
10⅞	3⅝	Hydromet	2	5½	5½	5½	5½
19¼	9½	Hydromatl	45	10½	10½	10	10⅛— ⅛
68	22	Hygrad Food	8	28¼	28¾	28¼	28¼— ¼
50¼	36½	HygrdFd pf 4	1	43½	43½	43½	43½+ ½
		I					
45⅝	31	Ideal Toy Cp	42	37⅛	37½	37⅛	37⅛— ⅛
29⅞	14⅝	IHC Inc	6	22⅞	22⅞	22⅝	22⅝+ ⅛
16¼	7⅞	IMC Magnet	7	9¾	9⅞	9¾	9⅞+ ¼
16⅞	10⅞	ImocoG 1.18f	1	12¼	12¼	12¼	12¼
8⅝	6⅝	ImpChm .31g	1	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝— ⅛
23½	14⅝	Imp Oil .50a	569	15	15	14⅝	14⅝— ⅜
3⅛	2	Im TGrp .43g	1	2	2	2	2
17⅛	10½	Imp TbC .70a	3	12¼	12¼	12	12 — ½
26	10	Indian Hd wt	17	10⅝	11⅛	10⅝	11⅛+ ⅛
66	54	IndplsPL pf 4	z230	55	55	55	55
9¼	3⅝	Ind El Hard	113	3⅞	4½	3⅞	4⅜+ ⅞
27⅞	9⅛	InflightP .33f	76	15½	16¼	15¼	16¼+1
17¾	8	InlandCr .40f	1	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼
19⅞	3⅝	Instron Corp	22	15⅛	15⅜	14⅞	14⅞— ⅜
29⅝	15¼	Instr Sys .75f	27	19½	19½	19⅛	19¼— ⅜
47¼	23½	Int Ch Nuclr	38	42⅛	44⅝	42¼	44 +2
34⅛	8⅛	Inf Controls	36	13⅝	13⅝	13¼	13⅝
7¼	3⅛	Int Cont A wt	30	6	6	5⅞	6
16⅛	7⅝	Int Stretch	28	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9½+ ¼
56⅝	9½	Interpho .30p	13	13½	13⅝	13⅛	13¼— ½
35	11⅛	Interstate Un	63	14⅛	15⅝	14	15⅝+1⅜
32⅞	30	Intersyst .50	6	29¼	29⅛	28⅞	29 —1
58¾	35¼	InvDiv A 1.80	33	35⅞	36¼	35⅞	36⅛+ ⅜
14⅝	8¼	InvDiv B .45	18	8⅞	9⅛	8⅞	9 + ⅛
47	17¼	InvFund .60b	15	23⅛	23⅞	23½	23⅝+ ⅜
10⅛	5⅛	Inv Roy .14a	1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝+ ⅛
26¾	11½	Iroquois .47f	39	11⅞	12⅛	11⅞	12⅛+ ½
22⅝	9¼	Irvinind 1.51t	2	10⅝	10⅝	10½	10½+ ⅛
18⅝	6⅛	ISC Ind .37p	8	7⅛	7⅛	7	7 — ⅛
32¼	14¼	ITEL Corp	231	27⅛	30⅛	27⅞	30⅛+2¼
15⅝	5⅝	ITI Corp	29	6⅛	6⅝	6⅛	6⅝+ ⅛
		J-K					
16⅛	7⅝	Jaclyn .20g	10	7⅝	7⅝	7	7⅛— ⅛
23⅞	15	Jameswy .38f	2	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
32⅝	14⅝	Jeannette Gl	44	27⅝	28⅞	27¼	28⅝+1⅝
34¾	11	JeffLPet .38p	19	11⅝	11½	11¼	11⅝+ ⅛
28⅝	19¼	Jeffersn Strs	6	25⅝	26	25⅝	26
26⅛	12⅛	Jervis 1.20f	7	12⅞	12⅞	12⅝	12⅞
10⅝	4⅝	Jetronic Ind	43	4⅝	4½	4¼	4½+ ⅛
12⅝	7	JohnsBarg St	1	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝— ⅛
9⅞	5⅞	JonesLau Ind	3	7⅝	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝
19¼	9½	Jupiter Cp	10	10⅝	11	10⅝	11 + ⅛
26⅜	17⅛	Kaiser In .40f	1087	18⅞	19⅛	18⅛	18¼— ⅜
12⅛	6⅜	Kalvex .12f	38	7	7⅛	6⅞	7
54½	21⅛	Kane Miller	94	24	24½	23½	24½+ ½
28½	17⅛	Kaneb FL .70	1	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝— ⅛
72½	60⅝	Kn GE pf4.50	z10	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝— ⅛
44⅝	19	KatzDrug .50	13	23½	23⅞	23⅝	23⅞+ ⅜
25⅛	14½	Kauf Brd wt	12	22	22¼	22	22¼+ ½
22½	12⅝	Kavanau .60	3	12⅞	12⅞	12¾	12¾
14⅝	6	KayJwly .37r	4	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
32⅝	24⅝	KentonCp .32	27	26⅝	27¼	26	27¼+ ⅝
33½	16⅝	Ketchm .30b	16	20	20½	20	20½+ ½
40½	22⅛	Kewane .90b	60	22⅛	23¼	21¾	23 + ⅞
60¼	38½	Kewanee pf 2	6	37½	37¼	37	37¼—1¼
17⅞	8¼	Key Co .20g	26	8⅝	8⅞	8½	8⅝— ¼
17⅝	9⅝	Keyst Ind .60	13	10⅛	10⅛	9⅝	9⅝— ½
11⅝	5⅝	Kilembe .75g	27	8⅝	8⅝	8½	8⅝+ ⅛
11⅝	4	Kin Ark Corp	67	4⅛	4⅝	4⅛	4⅛— ⅛
19⅞	11	King Radio	11	11	11	10½	10½— ¾
17⅝	7⅛	Kingsford .28	92	12⅛	13½	11⅞	13⅛+1⅜
45	27⅝	KingsLaf 1.44	12	29	29	28⅝	28⅝— ¼
10⅛	4⅝	Kinny pfC .05	207	8¼	8¼	8	8 — ⅜
34⅞	17½	Kirby Ind .30	6	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝+ ⅜
23	7½	Kleer Vu	8	8⅝	8½	8¼	8½
37⅝	12¼	Kleinert	8	33½	33⅝	33½	33⅝+ ¼
34⅝	16⅝	Kilklok .50	15	17¼	17¼	17	17¼— ⅛
27⅝	22	KnottHotl .60	12	22¼	22¼	22	22¼+ ⅛
43⅛	23⅝	Kysorin .40a	6	25⅝	25½	25⅝	25½+ ⅛
		L					
11	5½	LaBarge Inc	39	6¼	6¼	6⅛	6⅛— ⅛
37½	23½	Lafay Radio	31	27½	27⅝	26⅝	27 — ¾
23⅝	11½	Laigion	9	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12½— ⅛
9½	3⅝	Lake Shore	16	3⅝	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞+ ⅛
36½	27	LaMaur .36	5	33⅝	33⅝	33½	33½— ½
13⅝	4⅝	Langley Cp	5	5¼	5¼	5⅛	5¼+ ⅛
20⅝	11¼	LaPoint .20a	14	15	15⅛	15	15⅛+ ⅛
27	13	Leader Int	6	13	13	13	13 — ⅛
32	9¼	Leas Data wt	162	12⅝	12⅞	12¼	12⅞+ ½
29⅝	11	LeeNatl 3.12f	48	12½	12⅝	12¼	12½+ ⅛
41⅛	21	Leisure Tech	84	38	39½	37¾	39¼+1¼
58¼	43	Lenox Inc 1	2	52¼	52¼	52¼	52¼—
33⅛	19½	LernerSt .55g	18	31⅞	32¼	31¾	32¼+ ⅛
19⅜	10⅛	LernerStr wt	40	18⅝	18⅝	18¼	18¼+ ⅛
26⅛	13½	LeslieFa .40b	15	18	18	17½	17⅝— ⅛
57½	22½	Lev Twn .30p	142	22⅝	22	22	22 — ½
49⅝	25½	Levitz Furn	43	45⅛	45⅝	44⅝	45⅝+ ¾
29¼	13⅛	Lib Fab 1.35f	9	13⅝	13⅞	13½	13⅝— ⅛
20⅛	11⅝	Liberty Loan	25	14	14⅛	13⅞	14⅛— ⅛
35⅝	14¼	Lilli Ann Cp	8	16⅛	16¼	16	16 — ⅛
30½	13½	Lily Lynn A	14	14⅝	15	14½	14½— ¼
41⅝	9¾	Ling TVgt wt	131	9⅞	10⅛	9⅞	9⅞
20⅛	7	Locke Mfg	1	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼— ¼
18⅛	8⅛	Lockwood KB	7	9	9½	9	9½+ ½
8½	3⅝	LodgeSh .05g	12	3⅞	4	3⅞	3⅞
23⅝	15⅝	Loehman .32	4	21⅝	21⅝	21	21 — ⅞
39	9⅞	Loews Th wt	284	15⅛	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝— ⅛
15⅝	6⅛	Logistics Ind	11	8	8	7⅝	8 — ⅛
51⅝	32⅛	Long Witt 2 0	18	46⅝	47¼	46½	47
11⅝	3⅝	Louis Sherry	10	3½	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝+ ⅛
33⅝	23⅝	La Gas Svc 1	1	26	26	26	26 — ⅛
9⅝	7⅛	LSB Ind	17	7⅛	7⅛	7	7⅛— ⅛
42¼	16	LTV Aero .80	67	17⅝	17⅞	17⅛	17⅞— ⅜
26	8⅛	LTV Aero wt	24	8⅞	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝— ⅛
20⅛	7⅝	LTV Elec .50	62	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝— ⅜
15⅝	5	LTVLing .15p	15	5¼	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜+ ⅛
7⅞	2⅝	LTV Ling wt	5	2½	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
16⅛	8	LTVLin pf.80	4	8⅝	8⅝	8¼	8⅝— ⅛
32⅝	12	Lundy Elec	10	15⅝	15⅝	15⅛	15⅞+ ¼
11⅞	5⅛	Lynch Corp	20	5⅝	5¾	5⅝	5¾+ ¼
		M					
10⅝	4½	Macoid .16p	2	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
33½	8½	Macrod Chat	100	10	10⅛	9¾	9⅞— ¼
11½	4⅝	Magna Oil	44	4⅝	4⅝	4¼	4¼— ⅛
20⅛	16½	Ma PbSv 1.16	1	17½	17½	17½	17½— ¼
14⅝	6¼	Mallory Ran	43	7⅝	7⅝	7½	7½— ⅛
24¼	17	MamMart .28	10	20⅛	20⅛	19½	20 — ¼
34	13¼	Mangmt Data	9	22⅝	22⅝	22⅛	22⅛— ⅜
25⅞	15⅛	Mangels .40b	44	23½	23⅝	23	23½+ ⅜
44½	25	Mangood .60	7	27¼	27⅝	26¾	26¾— ⅜
33½	19¼	Mangurian	36	27	28⅝	26⅝	28⅛+ ⅝
24	14	Mansf TR .50	85	16	17	16	17 +1½
33¾	17¼	Marinduq .92	135	28	29	28	29 +1⅞
30	9⅝	Marlene .20	24	9⅞	10½	9⅞	10⅜+ ½
49⅞	22¾	MarelyCo .40	8	35⅝	35⅝	35	35 — ⅞
82½	13½	Marshall Ind	68	35⅝	38¼	35⅝	37⅝+2
29¼	15¼	MasldSon .40	92	17	17	15¾	15⅞—1⅛
45	30½	MaulBros .20	23	36	37½	36	37¼+1¾
26⅞	16⅝	Mauleind .50	4	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼
16¼	7½	McCrory wt	16	8⅞	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝— ⅛
16¼	7⅝	McCror wt n	54	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝+ ⅛
67	29⅝	McCull Oil 2f	34	34⅝	35⅛	34¼	35 + ½
18½	13⅝	McDonh .31g	19	14	14⅝	13⅞	14⅛+ ⅞
27⅝	16½	Means FW 1	5	17¼	17¼	16⅝	16⅝— ⅛
15	5⅛	MedcoJwly A	1	7½	7½	7½	7½+ ⅛
31	13¼	MEM Co .72	3	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝+ ⅛
40	12⅛	Menasco .72f	43	12¼	12⅞	12	12½+ ⅛
23¾	16⅝	Merle N .20g	14	22¼	22⅝	22⅛	22⅝+ ⅛
6⅛	3 5-16	Merrill Isl	63	3⅝	3 7-16	3¼	3¼— ⅛
53⅝	32⅝	Mesa Pet .10	71	44⅝	44⅝	44	44⅛+ ¼
91½	60¼	Mes sr pf2.20	8	82½	84⅝	82¼	83 — ⅝
91	60¾	Mesa pf 2.20	26	83	83	82¾	81½
29½	7¼	Metaframe	45	26⅝	27⅝	26⅞	27⅝+ ½
14⅝	9	MichChm .20	5	11	11	11	11 + ½
11¼	5⅝	Mich Sug .10	16	6⅝	6½	6⅛	6½+ ¼
36⅝	15⅛	Microwave	166	25⅛	25⅛	24	24½— ½
25⅞	16⅝	Midland .60	11	16⅝	16⅞	16½	16⅞+ ½
18⅝	8¼	MidwFinl .20	4	10½	10⅝	10½	10½+ ¼
61	17⅝	Milgo Elect	350	49¼	53½	49¼	53½+4⅝
22⅞	13	MillWohl .30a	11	13¾	13¾	13⅝	13⅝— ⅛
20¼	12⅛	MillOnyx .64f	30	17⅝	17⅝	17¼	17⅝+ ⅛
16½	6¼	MiloElec .05p	13	9⅝	9⅝	9¼	9¼— ⅛
35	20½	Milton Roy	9	31¾	32¼	31¾	32¼+ ¾
39⅞	30½	Mirro Al 1.80	1	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝— ¼
31½	21	MoBeef Pkrs	12	27	27½	27	27⅝+ ⅜
17½	8	MoKanTex ct	5	8¼	8½	8¼	8½+ ⅛
22⅛	7⅝	Mite Corp	106	11⅛	11¾	11⅛	11½+ ½
29	16⅝	Mobile Home	39	21⅝	22½	21⅛	22½+1¼
13⅝	6	Mohawk Airl	49	6⅝	6⅝	6¾	6¾
89½	59⅝	Mohwk Data	77	76½	76¼	75½	76 — ½
12⅞	6¼	Molybd Can	26	11	11⅝	11	11⅜+ ¼
42½	25⅛	Molybd 1.96f	12	36	36¼	35⅝	35⅝— ½
69	65	Mon pf C4.50	z50	65	65	64	64 —1½
15	8¼	Moog Inc	11	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝— ⅛
70	36⅛	Morse El Pd	35	41⅛	42⅝	41¼	42⅛+1⅜
22¼	20¾	MorseElP wt	19	21	22	21	21⅜+ ⅞
18	10¼	MortonSh .32	1	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞— ⅛
12⅞	10½	MottsSMk .16	2	10½	10½	10¼	10¼— ¼
31¼	18	Mouldings	173	17½	18¼	17½	17¾— ½
28⅛	19⅛	Mt Vern 1.50	6	21	21	20½	20½— ½
30	16⅞	Mov Star .50	8	20⅝	20⅝	20⅛	20½+ ⅜
14⅛	6	Movielab	10	7	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛
22⅞	7¾	MPO Vid .74f	7	9¼	9¼	8⅞	8⅞— ⅛
29⅞	10⅛	MultiAm .79f	33	11⅝	12⅝	11⅝	12¼+ ¾
10⅝	4⅝	Muter Co	14	5	5	4⅞	4⅞+ ⅛
23	12¼	MWA Co .80	7	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12½— ¼
		N					
18⅝	8¼	Napco .86f	13	9½	9½	9⅜	9½+ ⅛
15⅞	7¼	Narda Micro	7	8½	8⅝	8½	8½
12⅝	6¾	Nat Alfalfa	15	8¼	8¼	7⅞	7⅞— ¼
9¾	4½	NatBellH .25f	29	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5½— ¼
40⅛	18½	N Caskt .15g	z100	20	20	20	20
34¼	9	Nat Gen wt	99	12⅛	12⅝	11¾	12⅝+ ⅝
20¼	4⅞	Nat Gen wt n	277	6⅞	7	6⅝	7 + ⅞
17⅞	8⅛	Nat Hith Ent	260	15⅝	15⅝	14⅞	15¼+ ½
15	4¼	Nat Ind wt	56	5⅝	5⅝	5¼	5¼
16	6⅝	Nat Radio Co	9	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝— ⅛
24⅝	12⅝	N Realty .80	15	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
39¼	21⅛	Nat Systems	1	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼— ¼
12	5⅞	NBO Ind	16	5⅞	6	5⅞	6
29½	12⅛	Needham .20	9	12⅝	13	12⅝	13
17⅝	11¾	Neisner .05g	3	14	14	14	14 — ⅛
11½	6	Nelly Don	14	8⅛	8⅛	8	8 + ⅛
23¾	11	NestleLe .20	13	14⅝	14⅝	14⅛	14¼— ⅜
25⅞	16½	Newcor .90	2	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼— ¼
33	16⅛	NE Nuclr .30	8	18⅝	19½	18⅝	19½+ ⅝
20½	11⅛	N HampB .40	14	11⅞	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝— ⅜
9⅝	3⅛	Newidria Mn	94	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝+ ⅛
25⅞	15⅝	New Mex&Ar	10	15¼	15⅛	15⅛	15¼+ ⅛
14⅝	6	NewPark Mn	42	9½	9½	9¼	9⅜— ⅛
78⅝	47⅛	New Process	70	61	63⅝	61	61⅛+1⅛
60¼	41⅛	NYTimeA .60	2	46¾	47	46¾	47 + ¾
16⅛	9⅝	NiagFrSv .20	87	10⅛	10⅞	10⅛	10⅞+ ⅛
27¼	12⅛	NMS Indust	130	18⅝	18⅞	18	18¼— ⅝
39⅝	17	Norf So Ry	3	17½	17½	17½	17½
27⅞	21	NoAmIg .82g	16	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼— ⅜
26⅛	6⅝	Nor Am Roy	9	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛+ ⅛
30⅛	19⅞	NoAmSug .80	2	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	26½
16½	6 13-16	Nor Cdn Oils	81	7 3-16	7⅜	7	7⅛—1-16
20½	7½	Noeast Airlin	15	7⅝	7⅞	7⅝	7¾— ⅛
68	56½	NinPS pf4.25	z240	56½	56½	56½	56½
7	5⅛	Nowst Ind wt	57	5⅝	6	5⅝	6 + ¼
46½	19	Novo Cp .80	21	20	20⅝	19⅞	20⅝+ ⅞
7⅛	4⅛	Nuclear Am	83	4½	4⅝	4½	4½
31⅞	20	Nuclear Data	11	28¼	28¼	27¾	28¼+ ¼
39	10⅝	Nytronics 1f	125	13⅝	14⅛	13⅝	13¾
		O					
38½	29½	Offshore Co	1	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝
51¾	37¼	Ohio Brass 2	3	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝
36⅝	20½	OKC Corp .60	13	26½	26½	25⅝	26⅛+ ⅜
33	9½	Okonite .75p	14	10⅛	10½	10⅛	10⅛+ ⅛
13⅞	3½	Okonite wt	10	4½	4½	4½	4½
48¼	27½	Olla Ind	18	31¾	31¾	31⅝	31¾— ⅛
120⅝	93½	Ookiep 15.20g	z600	108½	108½	107½	108¼— ¼
26¼	9⅛	Originala .30	9	10¼	10½	10¼	10½— ⅛
15½	12⅛	Ormand Ind	41	4⅝	5	4⅝	4⅞
18⅝	8⅛	OSullivan .50	5	8⅞	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞+ ⅛
40	25⅝	OverhdDr .60	7	32¼	32¼	31⅝	31⅞— ¾
18¼	15⅛	Ovr Sec 1.50e	2	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛— ¼
15¼	5⅝	Oxford Elec	105	5⅞	6	5⅝	5⅝— ⅛
39	19⅝	OxfdFst 1.63t	89	25⅝	25¾	25	25¼— ¼
9½	6⅛	Ozark Airline	48	6⅝	6¼	6	6¼+ ⅛
		P-Q					
12⅝	4⅝	P&F Indust	22	5⅛	5⅛	5	5
12¼	5⅛	Pac Cst Prop	65	7	7⅛	6⅝	6⅝+ ⅛
25¾	21⅛	PGE 6pf 1.50	14	21⅛	21⅜	21	21 — ½
22	17½	PGE pf 1.37	2	17¾	17¾	17⅝	17⅝— ⅛
20¼	16⅝	PGE 5pf 1.25	2	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛— ⅛
19⅝	16	PG rdpf 1.25	10	16	16⅛	16	16⅛
20	15⅝	PG rdpfA1.25	4	16¼	16⅛	16	16⅛
19	15½	PG 4.80pf1.20	1	15½	15½	15½	15½
17⅝	14	PG 4.50pf1.12	4	14¼	14¼	14⅛	14⅛+ ⅛
18	14½	PG 4.36pf1.09	3	14⅞	15	14¾	15
58¾	30	PacHbld .60b	36	30	30¼	29¾	30 — ⅜
27½	22½	P Hold pf1.20	2	25	25	24¾	24⅝— ⅛
13⅝	4½	Pac Indus	22	5½	5⅝	5½	5½
73½	61⅛	Pac Lt pf4.75	z20	62½	62½	62½	62½+ ⅜
70	58⅞	Pac Lt pf4.50	z150	58⅞	58⅞	57⅛	57⅛—2¼
68½	57	Pac Lt pf4.40	z420	58	58	56½	57½— ¾
70	55	Pac Lt pf4.36	z100	59	59⅝	59	59⅝+ ⅝
18⅞	15⅝	PacNwTel 1	14	16	16¼	16	16 — ⅛
80	62½	PacP&L pf 5	z150	62⅝	63	62⅝	63 — ⅜
25	18⅝	PacSLoan .30	11	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
17¼	6½	PacSwAir wt	39	15⅛	15½	14⅞	15½+ ½
29½	14⅝	PalCp A .32	16	17	17⅛	16½	16½— ½
13⅛	5⅝	Panisato .41f	15	6⅛	6⅝	6¼	6⅝+ ⅛
18⅞	12½	Parmal Pkg	12	13⅝	14⅛	13⅝	14⅛+ ⅛
15	7¼	Park Ch .30a	2	7⅞	8	7⅞	8 + ⅛
17⅛	9⅛	Park Ele .61f	4	9¼	9½	9⅛	9¼— ⅛
14⅛	9	Parkian Hos	38	10	10¼	9¾	9⅞— ⅛
35⅝	19½	Pat PPap .36	3	21½	21⅝	21½	21⅝+ ⅜
16⅞	6¼	PatoCon .20g	21	7⅛	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞— ⅛
37⅞	20	Peel E der	16	22	22¼	21⅞	22¼+ ⅛
18¼	9¼	Penn En .50a	3	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝+ ⅛
23½	17	PennTra .60a	1	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞— ⅛
16	7⅞	PenobSh .40g	13	8¼	8⅜	8⅛	8⅛
7½	3⅞	Penitron El	26	3⅝	4	3⅝	4 + ⅜
39¼	26⅛	Pep Boys .84	1	32	32	32	32 — ⅛
20	13⅛	Pepcomin .50	2	17⅛	17⅛	17	17 — ⅜
45½	30½	PEPI Inc	14	35⅛	36½	35¼	36½+ ⅜
49½	41⅛	Petrie Str .75	2	49½	49⅝	49½	49½+ ¼
43⅛	28⅝	Permaneer	5	34	34⅛	34	34
31⅛	17⅝	PlyGem 1.02t	83	13⅝	14⅝	13⅝	14⅝+1⅛
33⅝	6½	PhoenixS .97f	363	6⅝	6⅝	6⅛	6¼— ⅜
14⅝	8⅛	PhilLgD .87g	26	8¼	8⅞	8¼	8⅞+ ⅛
22⅝	8⅛	Plasecki Airc	14	9⅝	9⅝	9	9 — ½
46	23⅛	Potter Inst	174	34½	35⅞	34¼	35⅞+1⅜
21⅞	10	Polymer .43f	z150	12½	12⅛	12	12 + ⅛
30½	10½	PKL Co	17	11⅜	11⅞	11⅜	11⅝
42½	31½	PlacerDev 1f	2	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝+ ⅜
10⅛	7½	Pit WVTr .54	23	7⅝	7⅝	7½	7⅝+ ⅛
24	12	Polychr 1.22f	5	14⅝	14⅝	13⅝	13⅝— ⅛
27½	15	Pioneer Plas	15	18⅝	18½	18⅛	18½
29⅝	10¾	Plaza Group	32	17	18⅝	17	18 +1⅛
33½	18½	PhillipScr .20	24	27⅝	28⅛	26⅝	28⅛+ ⅜
55½	32	Pickwick Intl	54	50⅛	51	50	51 + ⅛
39¼	29⅛	Pittway .60b	63	36⅛	35⅞	35⅝	36⅜+1⅜
29⅝	11⅝	PlonerSy .44f	26	11⅝	12	11⅝	11⅞
35⅝	17⅝	Pneumo Dyn	28	17¼	17½	17⅛	17½+ ⅛
14⅛	10⅝	Pow Can .44	x10	12⅛	12⅛	12	12 — ⅛
43⅞	17⅛	Poloron 1.55f	61	24	25	23⅝	24⅝+1⅛
27½	17	Pneu Scal .80	3	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝— ⅛
10½	4⅝	Polarad El	11	5⅛	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝— ⅛
44½	10½	Plume Atwod	4	11¾	11⅞	11½	11⅞+ ⅛
47¾	16½	Plant Ind	60	35⅞	37¾	35⅞	37⅛+1
38½	11¼	Prairie Oil	12	18⅛	18⅞	18¼	18¾+ ½
51	34	PrentHall .68	38	50⅝	50⅝	49⅝	49⅝— ¼
23⅝	13⅝	ProlerSt .65g	12	13⅝	14⅛	13⅝	14⅛+ ⅜
12⅛	5⅝	Prov Gas .64	4	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼+ ⅛
33⅝	18½	Prud Rsrc 1a	12	29½	29½	29	29½— ¼
39½	23½	PrudBldg .28	1	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛— ¼
22⅞	8⅛	PubcoPet .15	91	9¼	9½	9	9 — ¼
18⅝	6⅝	Puritan Fash	9	9⅝	9⅝	9½	9½+ ⅛
35¾	21⅝	Pyle Natl .60	6	22	22	21½	21½— ½
17⅝	8⅛	Pyroll Co .24	7	10	10⅛	10	10⅛
		R					
35½	23¼	Ramada .24	88	30⅞	31	30½	30⅞— ¼
13	5⅛	Ramer Ind	8	5½	5⅝	5½	5⅝+ ⅛
14⅞	6¼	Rapid Am wt	99	6⅞	7	6¾	6¾— ⅛
14	8⅛	Rath Pack	11	8½	8⅝	8½	8⅝+ ¼
23⅝	12¼	RaymEng .36	9	12	12	11⅝	11⅝— ⅜
23	7½	Reading Ind	16	8	8¼	8	8⅛
28⅝	20	Realinv 1.20a	16	20½	20½	20⅜	20⅜— ⅛
35	14	RealtyE .25a	11	15	15	14¾	15 + ¼
11¼	4	REDM Corp	10	4½	4¾	4½	4½
57¼	31½	Redman .20g	45	38¾	38⅝	36⅞	38⅛—1⅛
10½	4½	Reeves Ind	31	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝— ⅛
35⅝	12⅝	Reeves Telec	55	17	17	16	16⅞—1⅛
82¼	24⅞	Rcli Ins 2.20a	z100	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼+ ¼
24¼	13⅛	Remco Ind	96	13½	14½	13¼	14 + ⅞
27⅛	16¼	Rem Ar .80a	17	16⅞	16⅞	15⅝	15⅝—1
48⅞	31⅛	ResrchCtl .08	19	45⅝	46⅛	45⅝	45⅞+ ⅜
20⅞	10	Reserve OG	98	10⅝	10½	10	10 — ⅛
18⅞	8¼	Resistix .50b	1	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
61⅝	14¼	Resortsintl A	103	15⅝	15⅝	15	15½+ ⅛
61	15½	ResortsIntl B	12	15½	15⅝	15⅛	15½— ¼
47⅛	16	Rest Asso .28	301	21⅞	22	21⅛	21
25¼	20⅝	Rex Noreco	5	21⅛	21⅝	21⅛	21⅝+ ⅜
13⅞	7	RIC Intl Ind	33	7⅛	7⅞	7⅛	7½— ⅛
31⅞	11	Richford Ind	20	11⅞	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝— ⅛
26	10⅝	Riker Maxsn	17	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜+ ⅛
6⅛	3¼	Riker Mxn pf	13	4⅝	4⅝	4⅛	4¼
29½	15	RioAlgom .40	5	18⅛	18½	18⅛	18½+ ⅜
33¾	16½	Rite Aid .18	65	28⅞	30	27⅞	29 +1
13⅞	6	Rift Fin B .34	1	6	6	6	6
15	6⅜	Robintech	6	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7½— ⅛
14⅝	8⅛	Roblin Ind A	9	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝+ ⅛
26⅛	16⅛	Rockower .20	18	22⅛	22⅜	22⅛	22⅛— ⅛
46⅞	36⅝	Rogers 1.23f	7	41⅞	42⅝	41⅞	42⅝+ ⅝
36⅛	16⅛	Rollins Intl	18	24	24⅝	24⅛	24⅝+ ⅛
7⅛	3 3-16	Rall Roy .19g	23	3 3-16	3 3-16	3 1-16	3 1-16— ⅛
50⅞	23⅞	RoosaRac .80	3	42	42	42	42 + ¼
13¼	6	Rosenau .20	10	6¼	6¼	6⅛	6¼+ ⅛
61½	25½	RownDrl .28g	58	25⅞	26⅛	23½	24½—1⅝
26	9⅛	Rowland Pd	2	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
7⅝	3¼	Royal Amer	40	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝— ⅛
21¼	7⅛	RoyBusn .45d	33	9⅛	9⅞	9⅜	9⅞+ ¾
12⅛	5⅝	Rusco Indust	47	8⅞	9⅛	8⅞	9
13½	4⅝	Russeks .12f	20	5⅛	5⅛	4⅞	5⅛
10¾	7⅛	RussellA .02g	5	7⅝	7⅝	7½	7½— ⅛
38⅝	24⅝	RustCraft .40	7	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝
9	4¼	Ryersn Hay	4	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4⅝
		S-T					
25¼	10	Safegurd Ind	24	15¼	16	15¼	15⅝+ ⅛
9⅝	5½	SalemBr .10g	3	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞— ⅛
17⅛	4⅞	S Carlos .59g	5	6	6	5¾	5⅞— ⅛
17⅝	13⅝	SDiegoG pf 1	3	14⅝	14⅝	14⅛	14⅛— ⅛
38	25½	San JRa 2.66f	4	24⅝	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛+ ⅛
21⅝	17¼	SanitasS .06g	21	18⅛	18⅝	18	18⅝+ ⅜
15⅝	5	Sargent Ind	47	6	6⅛	6	6 — ¼
29⅞	7⅛	Saturn Airwy	8	8⅝	8½	8¼	8½+ ¼
40⅛	23⅛	SavAStop .32	45	35⅛	35⅛	35	35 — ⅛
61	27½	Savin B Mch	164	51¼	53⅛	51	53⅛+2⅛
21¾	13⅛	Savoy Indust	11	14½	15	14½	15 + ½
105	51⅛	Saxon Indust	80	86⅝	90⅛	86⅞	89⅛+2⅞
13¼	5¼	Sayre Fisher	10	6	6	5⅝	5⅝— ⅛
28⅝	14	Scam Instru	23	19⅞	20	19⅝	20
21⅞	15⅛	SchenultA .40	9	17¼	17½	17¼	17½+ ½
23½	11¼	Schiller .16	12	11¾	12	11¾	11⅞— ⅛
45½	33	Science Mgt	3	42	42	41¾	41¾
17¾	6½	Scient Atlant	4	7⅝	8	7⅝	8
27¼	13⅛	Scope Indust	6	13½	13⅝	13½	13⅝+ ¼
39⅞	17	Scurry Rain	12	22½	22⅞	22½	22½— ⅛
12⅝	8⅝	SbdAlMll .30	6	8⅞	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝— ⅛
18½	11	Sea Containr	18	11½	11⅝	11⅜	11½— ⅛
15⅝	8¼	SbdPlywd .10	6	8⅝	8⅝	8⅛	8⅛— ⅜
15⅝	7	Sealectro Cp	11	8½	8½	8⅛	8½+ ⅛
19	9⅝	Sears Ind .44	36	9⅝	10	9⅝	9⅞— ⅛
19½	10⅛	Season All	1	10½	10½	10½	10½— ⅛
17⅛	12¼	Sec Mtg .31g	117	13⅛	13⅞	13⅛	13½+ ½
14⅝	7¾	Seeman Bros	15	8¼	8¼	8⅛	8⅛— ⅛
23½	11⅞	SelasCorp .40	17	13⅝	13⅝	13⅛	13⅛
27⅞	13⅛	Selig Latz .80	13	13⅝	13⅝	13½	13⅝— ⅛
21⅞	12	Servisco .38	11	15	15¼	14⅞	15 — ⅛
12⅞	6½	Servo Corp	5	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝+ ⅛
17¼	8⅝	Seton Co .45	4	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝— ⅜
14½	6⅝	Shaer Sh .36	13	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝+ ⅛
12⅝	6½	Shahmoon In	5	8⅛	8½	8	8½+ ¼
10¼	4⅞	Shattck Denn	9	5⅞	5⅞	5¾	5⅞
19⅝	9½	Shelf Wat .50	12	11	11	10⅞	11
7⅛	3	Siboney Corp	178	3	3⅛	3	3⅛
19¼	14⅝	Sierra P Ind	31	15	15⅝	15	15⅛+ ⅜
40⅛	14	Sierracin .30	6	16⅝	16⅞	16½	16½— ¼
14¼	11⅛	SIFCO .50b	9	11⅝	11⅝	11⅜	11⅝— ⅛
33½	12½	Sigmaln .50d	15	13⅝	13½	13	13½+ ½
15¼	6⅝	Silicon Tran	10	6⅞	7	6⅞	7 + ⅛
9⅝	6¼	SimcoStrs .20	3	6½	6¾	6½	6¾+ ⅛
21½	13¼	Simkins .50	19	14½	14½	14½	14½+ ¼
29½	19⅛	Simplexin .25	31	23⅞	24¼	22½	22¾—1⅝
35	21⅛	Simplex Wire	5	28¼	28¼	28	28 — ⅜
45	25	SincVenOil 2	z60	28½	29	28½	29
17⅛	10⅛	Siskin SmRfg	13	12⅛	12⅝	12¼	12⅝
37¼	21⅛	SkaggDrg .40	3	32	32	31½	31½— ½
29⅝	10⅛	SlickCorp .32	53	18⅝	18⅝	18	18¼
39¼	23⅛	Slick pfA 1.75	98	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛— ⅜
15	8	SMD Ind .17	17	8½	8⅝	8½	8½
47⅝	18⅛	Solitron .18	208	37⅛	39⅝	37¼	39 +2¼
47⅞	29⅛	Sonder Brdct	15	36⅛	38⅛	38	38⅛+ ⅛
23⅛	19	SorgPap .80b	2	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼— ⅜
37	16⅝	Soundesign	30	24⅝	25	24½	24½
23	18⅝	SC 5.80pf 1.45	44	18	18⅛	18	18⅛
28	21½	SC 5.20pf 1.30	19	21⅝	21⅝	21	21 —1¼
17⅝	14⅛	SC 4.32pf 1.08	6	14¼	14⅝	14⅛	14⅝
16⅞	12½	SC 4.08pf 1.02	7	12⅝	13	12¾	13 + ½
45⅛	32½	SouRoy 1.20b	3	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝
35⅝	16⅝	Sw For Ind	34	20⅝	21⅝	20½	21⅛+ ⅝
23⅛	15	Swn Inv .70	29	17¼	17⅝	17¼	17⅝+ ⅜
23⅛	9⅝	Spector .37p	5	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝+ ⅛
19⅞	9⅛	Spectro .36	7	14⅝	15	14⅝	15 + ¼
16⅛	5⅝	Speedcor Elec	13	7½	7½	7¼	7½+ ⅛
18⅝	9⅞	SpeedOP .26f	1	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛— ⅛
28	16	Spencer Shoe	13	18½	19⅝	18½	19⅛+ ¾
27⅝	16½	Std Allan .60	6	19⅝	19½	19⅝	19½— ⅛
15	9¼	Std Containr	2	11	11	11	11
27½	23½	StdCoosa 1.20	2	24¼	24⅝	24	24 — ⅜
17¼	10⅝	Std Dred .20g	31	13	13	12½	12⅝— ⅜
13⅝	5	StdMetal .29f	21	5⅛	5⅞	5⅛	5⅛— ⅜
21¼	14	StdMot A .75	2	17⅞	18	17⅞	18
31¾	21⅝	Std Prod 1.20	4	25⅛	25¼	25	25 — ½
16½	11⅛	Std Thomson	2	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
17⅞	6½	Stanley Avia	8	6⅞	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛
6 1-16	2⅝	Stanrock Ur	107	2⅝	2½	2⅝	2⅝— ⅛
12⅛	5⅞	Stanwick Cp	17	6	6¼	5⅞	6¼+ ⅛
23½	16½	StapMach .80	1	19½	19½	19½	19½+ ⅛
12	7⅝	Stardust .48g	4	8¼	8⅝	8⅛	8⅛— ⅛
15⅞	9⅝	Star Smkt .60	2	10⅝	10⅝	10½	10½+ ⅛
45	25	Statham Inst	71	36	38½	35⅝	38⅛+2⅞
27½	19¼	SteelCan 1.20	1	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼+ ⅛
25	13	SteinHal .25b	16	13⅝	13⅞	13⅝	13⅞+ ⅛
31⅝	22¼	Stepan Ch .48	3	24⅝	24½	24⅝	24⅝+ ¼
28⅝	9¼	Sterl Electrn	30	10⅝	10⅝	10½	10½
15⅛	8⅝	Sterl Extr .24	6	9¼	9¼	9	9⅝
11⅝	5⅞	SterPrec .25f	35	6⅛	6¼	6⅛	6⅛
49	32	Stern Met .50	22	41	41⅛	40	40⅝— ⅜
31	22½	Sternco A	9	30	30	30	30
35	23⅝	Stop Shop .90	4	27½	27½	27½	27½— ⅛
45½	26	STP Cp .40a	152	39⅝	42½	38¾	42⅛+3⅝
20⅝	7⅝	Struthr Wells	43	7⅝	7⅞	7½	7⅞+ ¼
37⅝	11¾	Stylon Corp	22	18⅝	18⅝	18	18⅛— ⅜
25⅛	18½	Sun Elec .40	22	20⅝	22⅛	20⅝	22⅛+1½
13½	6⅝	Sunair Electr	7	8¼	8⅝	8⅛	8⅝+ ⅛
8⅝	6⅛	Supercrt .08g	5	6 9-16	6 9-16	6 7-16	6 7-16— ¼
19⅞	13⅝	Sup Surg Mf	15	14⅝	15	14½	14⅞+ ⅛
54¼	17	Superscope	35	38½	39¼	38¼	39 + ¼
12½	4⅞	Supronics Co	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
38⅞	10⅝	Susquehana	63	11⅝	11⅝	11½	11½
39⅝	13⅝	Susqueh pf 1	5	15	15	14⅝	14⅝— ⅜
18⅝	14⅝	Sutro Mt .52g	78	15⅞	16	15½	15⅞+ ⅛
18⅝	8⅝	Synalloy .69f	22	9	9	8⅝	8⅝— ⅛
86⅛	49⅛	Syntex Cp .40	277	71½	73½	71	73⅛+2⅛
50⅛	24⅛	Systems Eng	212	43⅞	46⅝	43⅝	45⅝+2¼
19⅛	6	Tamar Elect	18	6⅝	6⅝	6¼	6¼
23⅝	15¾	TastyBk .88a	2	16	16	16	16 + ⅛
14⅝	8	Tastee Freez	39	8½	8½	8⅛	8¼— ⅛
27½	17¼	Tech Aerofm	20	23	23½	23	23½+ ¼
56⅝	20⅛	Technic Oper	18	27	27⅝	26⅝	27⅝+ ⅞
12⅝	5⅞	Technic Tape	67	7	7⅛	7	7
39⅝	16½	Technico .40b	34	21⅝	22⅛	21⅝	21⅞+ ½
12⅝	7⅛	Technitrol	5	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝+ ⅛
23⅝	12½	Teleflex .40	1	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼
95	46	Teleprompt	61	88½	95½	88½	95 +6½
8⅝	3	Telev Mfrs	16	3⅛	3½	3⅛	3½+ ⅜
90⅞	20⅝	Telex Corp	832	79¼	87	79¼	86⅝+8⅝
30⅛	16⅝	Tenna Corp	74	24⅞	25⅝	24⅛	25⅜+ ½
11	7⅝	Tenneco wt	21	7⅝	8	7⅝	7⅝— ⅛
13⅛	4⅞	Tenney Eng	6	6	6¼	6	6⅛+ ⅛
12⅛	6	Tensor Cp	11	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8½
11⅝	5⅛	Ter Hud .41f	10	6	6	6	6
52⅛	31½	Tesoro Pet	11	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝— ¼
74	60	TexPL pf4.56	z125	60	61⅝	60	61⅝+1⅝
14⅝	7¼	Texstar	25	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛+ ⅛
37	15	Textron wt	1	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝+ ⅛
19¼	12	ThorMkt .50d	2	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛+ ⅛
30¼	17⅛	Thriftimt A 1	12	18	18	17⅝	17⅝— ⅜
23	17⅝	Tokheim .60	6	20⅛	20⅛	20	20
52	27⅛	Tonka Cp .40	98	26½	26⅝	25	25⅝—2½
34⅛	15¼	Tool Resrch	73	23⅞	24⅛	23⅝	24⅛+ ⅛
30⅛	14⅝	TownCtry .20	24	15⅛	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝+ ⅛
14⅛	5⅛	Tran Beacon	15	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
16	5⅝	Trns Car .10p	50	6⅝	6⅝	6¼	6⅝— ⅛
58⅞	17½	TransLux .60	28	22¼	22½	22	22 — ⅛
9⅝	4	Transairco	6	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝— ⅛
52	27	Tran In cv pf	1	44	44	44	44 —1
23⅛	11⅛	Transogrm	8	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛+ ⅛
34¼	10	TWA wt	63	15⅞	16⅛	15⅞	16⅛+ ⅜
30	9	TriStMot .38f	46	9⅝	9½	9¼	9½+ ¼
41½	16⅛	Triang P .15e	33	23⅝	24⅛	23⅝	24⅛+ ⅛
33¼	22¼	TropGas 1.10	13	29⅞	29⅞	28½	28½—1⅜
6¼	2⅛	Tubos Mex	38	3	3 1-16	2 15-16	3 +1-16
15⅝	8⅛	21 Brand .29f	24	9	9⅛	8⅞	9 + ⅛
58½	18⅛	Tyco Labs	54	22⅝	23⅞	22⅝	23¼+ ⅛
		U-V					
17⅞	7	UIP Corp	29	8¼	8⅛	8¼	8½+ ⅛
44¾	10⅝	Unexcelled	48	14⅝	15⅛	14⅛	15⅛+ ¾
19½	11½	Un Finl 1f	9	12⅛	12½	12	12¼— ½
16⅛	11⅛	U GasCan .52	4	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛— ⅜
25⅛	17	Un Invest .70	1	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼— ¼
34⅝	16	UnStOm .70g	2	16	16	16	16
23⅝	11½	UnAircPd .50	9	13⅞	13⅞	13½	13⅞— ⅛
9	4¼	Unit Asb .07g	46	4 15-16	4 15-16	4⅝	4⅞—1-16
13⅛	7⅝	UnitBdC .10p	3	8⅝	8⅝	8½	8½— ⅜
10½	3⅛	Unit Foods	52	3½	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜— ¼
½	¼	Unit Foods rt	365	9-32	5-16	9-32	5-16+1-32
14¼	6⅝	Un Natl Inv	57	6⅞	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝— ⅛
5⅛	3	UnNatInv wt	7	3⅛	3¼	3⅛	3¼
8⅛	7¼	UNtlInv pf.70	16	7⅝	7⅞	7½	7⅞+ ⅜
29⅝	13½	UnPDye .50g	21	15⅝	15⅞	15½	15⅞+ ⅜
18½	7¼	USCerm .15p	5	8¼	8¼	8⅛	8¼— ⅛
29	18½	US Filter	8	20	20⅛	19⅞	19⅞— ⅛
38	17⅝	USHome Dev	39	32	33⅞	31⅝	33⅞+1⅝
28⅝	13½	US Leas .28	77	18	18⅝	17⅝	18¼
40½	9	US Nat Rsrs	151	28⅛	30⅜	28⅛	29½+1⅝
25½	9	USRadm .30a	21	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝— ⅛
26⅛	16⅝	USRlt In 1.20	12	21	21	20⅞	21
22¾	12⅝	USRedct .20p	18	14⅝	15¼	14⅝	14¾
19⅝	8	USRubR .50g	8	9⅝	9⅞	9⅝	9¾+ ¼
15⅝	10⅛	US Smelt wt	19	12½	12⅝	12¼	12½
24½	15	Unitrode Cp	4	20½	20½	20¼	20¼— ½
11⅝	4	Univ Cig .19f	1	5	5	5	5 + ⅛
37½	9¾	Un Cont .07d	33	9½	10⅞	9½	10⅞+1
29⅞	18	UnivMar .60a	5	18	18	17⅝	17⅝— ⅛
58	26⅛	UrisBldg wt	9	33⅛	33⅛	32⅝	32⅝— ¼
17⅝	13⅝	UtahIdSu .80	1	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝
25½	14⅝	Valles Stk H	6	19	19⅛	18⅞	18⅞+ ⅛
29⅝	9⅝	ValleyMt .60f	23	10⅛	11	10⅛	11 + ⅜
10⅞	5⅝	Valspar .30g	15	5⅞	6	5⅞	6 + ⅛
38⅛	26⅛	Van Dorn .56	3	28⅛	28⅞	28½	28⅞+ ⅛
13½	5	Vanguard Int	68	5	5⅛	5	5⅛+ ⅛
29⅝	20⅛	Varo Inc	28	23⅞	24¼	23⅝	24⅛+ ⅛
40⅝	19⅛	Veeco Instru	99	30⅝	32⅝	30⅝	31⅝+1½
29	16⅝	Venice Ind	5	24⅝	25⅛	24⅞	25⅛+ ⅛
51¼	16⅝	Vernitron	39	23	23	22½	22⅝+ ¼
15¾	12½	Vesely Co	7	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
24⅞	14½	Vetco Ofshre	3	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼
18	9⅝	VictLeN .20b	43	9⅝	9⅝	9½	9½+ ⅛
98⅞	52	VicLceN pf 3	1	55¼	55¼	55¼	55¼+3
35½	22⅝	Viewlex	8	25	25¼	24⅞	25¼+ ⅛
35¼	20	Vikoa Inc	16	30⅝	31¼	30½	31¼+1
37	9¼	Visual Electr	7	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝— ⅜
13	6	Vocaline .25	8	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6¼
29⅝	20	Vogt Mfg 1a	5	26⅛	26⅝	26⅛	26⅝+ ½
26½	10⅝	VolMerch .20	11	15½	15½	15⅛	15⅛— ⅛
12⅝	5⅞	Vulc Corp .20	7	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝+ ⅛
11⅞	6¼	Vulc Inc .30	19	6⅝	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝— ⅛
		W-Y-Z					
20⅞	10½	Wabash .20	40	16⅛	17	16	16½+ ⅛
20	9½	WadelEq .50f	6	9⅞	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞+ ⅛
52⅝	14½	Waltham Ind	10	14⅞	14⅞	14⅝	14⅞— ⅛
61¼	47⅝	Wang Labs n	106	51½	54⅛	51¼	53⅝+1⅜
17⅝	6	Ward Fds wt	14	8	8¼	8	8¼+ ¼
25⅛	12¼	Wards Co .40	13	12¼	12⅝	12	12⅛— ¼
11	6	Watsco .16	3	6⅞	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝— ⅛
39⅞	19⅛	Weil McL .44	26	29⅞	30½	29⅝	30½+ ⅝
18¼	10⅝	Welman Co	15	13	13⅝	13	13⅝+ ⅝
15⅝	6⅛	WeldTub Am	10	6½	6⅝	6½	6½
23	9	WelicoE .10d	1	10	10	10	10
13	4⅝	Wentwth .10g	2	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾+ ⅛
34⅝	22½	West Ch .90	11	23	23¼	23	23¼+ ¼
18⅝	9½	Westates Pet	78	10¼	10⅝	10⅛	10⅝+ ⅛
11⅞	5½	Westby Fash	46	6⅛	6⅞	6⅛	6⅞— ⅛
11⅞	4¼	Westec Corp	92	4⅛	4⅝	4⅛	4⅝+ ⅛
52	35½	WninlHol .20	8	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝+ ⅜
23⅝	9⅛	Wn Nuclear	59	10⅝	10⅞	10⅛	10⅞+ ⅛
20⅞	9¼	Westrn Orbis	33	11⅝	12⅛	11⅝	12⅛+ ¼
54	38	West Un Intl	16	47⅝	47⅝	46½	46½— ⅜
38⅝	19	Wheelab .60a	17	32¾	33⅛	32¾	33⅛+ ⅜
16⅞	10⅝	Whippany .60	2	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
18	11	Whitaker .50	5	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝— ¼
9¾	3½	White Eagle	17	3⅝	4	3⅝	4
11⅝	5⅝	Whitehall El	9	6½	6⅝	6½	6½— ⅛
37	20½	Whiting 1.50	11	20¾	20¾	20½	20½— ¼
10¼	6	Whittaker wt	25	7⅛	7⅛	7	7⅛
11⅞	3⅝	Wichita Ind	58	4⅛	4⅝	4⅛	4⅝+ ⅜
20⅝	8⅝	Willcox Gibb	36	17	17⅛	16¾	17⅛+ ¼
45⅝	29⅛	Wmhouse	6	44⅝	45	44⅝	45 + ⅜
16	7⅝	Wilshire .52f	105	8	8⅝	7⅞	8⅝+ ⅜
37⅝	19	WilsonCo 1.35	17	21	21	20	20⅝— ⅜
13⅞	5⅝	Wilson Co wt	38	6	6⅛	5⅞	6⅛+ ¼
12⅞	6⅝	Wilson Bros	4	8	8	8	8
19⅝	8¼	Wilson Ph .50	x7	9⅝	9⅞	9½	9⅝+ ⅜
21¾	9½	WilsonSpt .60	47	10⅞	11⅛	10⅝	10¾— ¼
11⅝	3¾	WilsonSpt wt	13	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4⅝— ⅛
72⅝	61⅜	WisPL pf4.50	z30	61⅛	61⅛	61⅛	61⅛— ¼
26⅛	10⅝	Wolv Ind .30	7	10⅞	11⅛	10⅝	11⅛+ ⅜
26⅝	11¼	Woodind .15d	3	13½	13⅞	13⅝	13⅞— ⅛
32⅝	20⅛	Woodall 1	2	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛
3½	2	Wool Ltd .12g	7	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16— ⅛
28⅝	16¼	Work Wr .60	3	18⅛	18⅛	18	18 — ⅛
5⅛	1 15-16	Wright Harg	61	2	2	1⅞	2
17⅝	7¼	Wyandin .20p	13	7½	7½	7⅜	7⅜
20¼	8	Wyle Labs	94	9⅝	10	9⅝	9⅞+ ¼
25⅞	9½	Wyomiss .60p	5	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝— ½
23⅛	16⅞	Yonk Ra .80g	1	19	19	19	19 + ¼
18	8⅝	Zero Mfg .10	134	9½	10¼	9¼	10⅛+ ⅞
55	33½	ZimrHom .24	41	36½	36⅞	35⅝	36⅜+ ⅛
14½	6½	Zion Foods	1	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝+ ⅛

z—Sales in full.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. d—Declared or paid in 1969 plus stock dividend. e—Paid last year. f—Payable in stock during 1969, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date. g—Declared or paid so far this year. h—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split up. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. p—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last dividend meeting. r—Declared or paid in 1968 plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock during 1968, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

cld—Called. x—Ex dividend. y—Ex dividend and sales in full. x-dis—Ex distribution. xr—Ex rights. xw—Without warrants. ww—With warrants. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. nd—Next day delivery.

vj—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies. fn—Foreign issue subject to interest equalization tax.

Year' high and low range does not include changes in latest day's trading.

Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 per cent or more has been paid the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only.

Bank Stocks

	Bid.	Asked	Prev. Bid.
Bank of Am S.F.	65	65½	64½
Bank of N.Y.	47¾	48½	47¾
Fiduciary Tr.	88	88	80
First Nat. Boston	70¾	71½	71½
U.S. Trust Co.	60	62	60

European Markets

(Yesterday's closing prices in local currencies)

Amsterdam

AKZO	113.10
AlgemBank	269
AmroBank	55.10
A'damRubb	46.50
Billiton	148
Fokker	435
Heineken	179.70
H.V.A.	60.90
Holland-Am	92.50
Hoogovens	107.80
I.O.S. Ltd.	$11⅛
I.P.I.	$10⅝
K.L.M.	186
Ned.Kabel	290
Philips new	66
Robeco	245.30
Rolinco	230.90
RoyalDutch	147.60
Unilever	120.80
VerMach	83.20

IOS Mgt new	$35¾
Mar&Spen	51/6
MetalBox	48/3
Nicholas	14/7
RandMines	145/-
Rank-Org	138/6
Rhokana	33/-
Rolls-Royce	22/10½
RootesA	5/4½
RoyalDutch	21¾
R.T.Z.	114/9
Shell	69/1½
Tube Invest	65/6
Union Corp	172/6
Vickers	27/3
WarL3½	38 1-16
West Deep	81/10½
West Drief	124/4½
West Hold	140/-
West Min	122/-
WoolW	15/10½

Brussels

Arbed	3,560
Ast.d.Mines	1,940
Cock-Ougree	1,510
Electrobel	4,920
Lambert	1,594
Petrofina	2,100
Ph.Gevaert	1,604
Soc.Générale	12,900
Un.Minière	1,766

Milan

Fiat	3,515
Finsider	719
Generali	—
Italsider	1,070
LaRinasC	380
Montedis	1,111
Olivetti	3,385
Pirelli	3,340
SniaVisco	3,890
Terni	—

Düsseldorf

AEG	249.10
AugThyssen	107.50
BASF	224.50
Bayer	197
Commerzbk	335
Cont.Gummi	155.10
Daimler-Benz	444
Demag	200
Deut.Bank	426
DresdeBank	351.90
Gels Bergw	99.80
Hoeschter	253
Hoesch	88.90
Karstadt	425
Kaufhof	323
KHD	198
Lufthansa	75
Mannesman	169.10
Metallgesell	575
RheinStahl	134.50
RWE new	246
Siemens	276
Volkswag.new	196
Veba	195

Paris

AirLiquide	416.90
Béghin	208
BNCI	12.90
Can.Pacific	485.40
C.G.E.	433
C.S.F.	125.90
Citroën	124.50
CieBancaire	505
Créd.Comm	157.90
Créd.Lyonn	23.40
DeBeers 100	48.05
EssoStand	152
Fin.Par.BP	240.90
Fr.Pétroles	219.10
IBM	2,061
ImpOil	88.20
IntNickCan	245.60
Mach.Bull	104
Michelin	1,535
Mobil	293
OmniumPét	250
PathéMarc	61
Péchiney	202.90
Peugeot	235.90
Radio Techn	175.20
Rhokana	27.75
Rh.Poulenc	227.50
Rio Tinto	81.70
RoyalDutch	269.30
St.Gobain	154
Schneider	236
Shell	120.50
Simca	85
Soc.Générale	23.80
SuezCieFin	385
Thomson	166.20
Ugine-Kuhl	185.50
Young3½%	—

London

Anglo-AmCp	57/9
Anglo-AmIn	28⅛
BarclayBank	75/7½
BeechamGr	41/10½
Bowater	53/-
BritAmTob	102/3
Brit.Oxygen	9/1½
Brit.Petrole	108/0½
Brit.LeyM	11/1½
Charterad	53/9
Courtaulds	28/3
Daggafont	2/6
DeBeer Def	66.3
Decca Rec	56/6
Distillers	21/6
Dunlop	31/1½
ElMus.Ind	49/3
FreeStGed	111/10½
GEC	25/15½
GlaxoGr	82/9
G.Univ.St	55/3
Guinness	29/10½
Hawker-Sidd	36/10½
Hudson-Bay	161/3
ImpChemic	54/7½

Zurich

AC Fischer	1,470
BrownBoveri	2,210
Ciba Reg	10,175
ElektWatt	2,020
Hoff-Roche	178,000
MotColumb	1,450
Nestlé bear	3,270
Saurer	1,820
Sodec	172
Sulzer	4,050
Un.B.Suisses	4,430

*Ex-dividend.

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Dollar Bonds

Amex 6¼-82	85½	86½
Amoco 6½-83	90	91
Armco In 7¼-80	93¼	94¼
AustriEl 6¾-82	91¼	92¼
AvonProd 6¼-81	87¼	88¼
BancoNaOb 7½-74	89½	90½
BEC 7-73	96¾	97¾
Bendix 8-79	98½	99¼
Borg War 8-79	98	99
BrenAuto 6¾-77	92½	93¼
Caisse Nat 6¾-82	87¾	88¾
Celanes 6⅞-82	89¾	90¾
ChevronO 6½-72	96½	97½
ChevronO 7-80	96	97
Chrysler 7-84	91¼	92¼
ContOil 7-80	94¼	95¼
Copan City 8-84	96½	97½
Copen Tel 6¾-82	86½	87½
CutlerH 7½-80	93¾	94¾
Cyanamid 5¼-80	88	89
Denmark 6¾-82	90	91
El & Mus 6¾-82	88½	89½
Eur C&S 6⅞-87	90½	92½
Eur InvBk 6¾-80	91½	93½
ENI 6¾-88 June	91½	93
ENI 6¾-88 Nov	91½	93
Eriksberg 6¾-82	92¼	93¼
4 Seas. ww 7¼-84	96½	98
GenMills 7-80	91¼	92¼
W.R.Grace 5¾-88	83	84
Grangesb 6¾-87	87	88
Honda 7½-81	96	97
Honeywell 6-81	90	91
IcelandAlu 6¾-82	91¼	92¼
IntIncFund	900	920
IntUtil w/w 6¾-78	91	92½
Kawasaki 7¾-73	97¾	98¾
Leasco 7-74	92½	93½
Mexico 7-82	85¾	86¾
Mitsubishi 7¼-73	99	100
Mobilini 7-86	94	95
Nabisco 6½-82	90¾	91¾
NacFin 7¼-82	87	88
N.Zealand 6¾-79	95¼	96¼
NipponEl 7½-81	90½	91½
NipponPet 7½-73	96½	97½
NorskHyd 6⅞-82	89½	90½
Occidental 7½-84	90½	91½
Olivetti 6¾-82	90¼	91¼
Oppland 6½-82	85	86
Oslo 6¾-77	94½	95½
Oslo 7¼-73	98¾	99¾
PhilintF 6½-79	94¼	95¼
Portugal 6⅞-77	94¼	95¼
Proct&G 6½-82	91	92
Quebec Hydro 8-74	95½	96½
Renault 6¾-82	86½	87½
Rockwell 6⅞-73	95¼	96¼
Rott-Rlin 6¾-82	86½	87½
S.F.E 7-74	96	97
Shell Intl 6½-79	92	93
S.N.C.F. 6½-85	86¾	87¾
Siemens 5½-79	100	101
Simca 7-82	87¾	88¾
Sumitomo 7¾-73	98	99
Teledyne 7-73	99¼	99¾
Teled 6½-83 w/w	94½	96
TransatpP 6¾-83	88½	89½
TransoG 7-81	90½	91½
T.R.W. 7¼-83	90¾	91¾
Zapataw/w 6¾-80	92½	94

Convertible Bonds

Amoco 5½-84	86	88
Amro 5½-89	94	96
Apco 6-89	94	96
AKU 4¾-89	92	94
Alusuisse 4¾-87	95	97
Ambac 5½-83	83½	85½
AmCan 4⅝-88	88	90
AmTob5¼-88	101	103
Asahi 6¼-84	100	102
Ashland 5-88	84	86
BurmaO 5¼-88	84	86
Chevron 5-88	93	95
Chrysler 4¾-88	76	78
Cummins 5-88	94	96
Denny's 5½-89	74	76
Equity Fd 5¼-89	100	102
EastKodak 4½-88	94	96
Firestone 5-88	96	98
Ford 5-83	80½	82½
GenElec 4¼-85	80	82
GenFoods 4⅝-82	97	99
Hitachi 6¼-84	100	102
I.S.E. 5-88	100	101½
I.S.E. 6¼-89	100¾	101¾
J. Logan 4¾-83	87	89
WaltKidde 5-89	89	90
KLM 5¾-88	93	94
Komatsu 6¼-84	102	103½
Kubota 6½-84	96	98
Leasco 5-88	87	88
Leasco 5-89	67½	68½
LTV 5-88	52½	53½
Levin Town 6-88	63½	65½
MarMidland 5-88	100	102
Miles 4¾-93	106	107
Mitsui 6½-83	99	100½
Motorola 4½-83	91	92
MurphyO 5-89	64	66
Nabisco 5¼-88	100	102
OwensIll 5-77	100½	101½
PanAm 5¼-88	82	84
Pepsico 4½-81	108¾	109¾
PhilMor 4½-88	101½	103
PhilMor 4¾-89	96½	97
Phil'Lamp 4¾-83	107	108
R.C.A. 5-88	93	94
ReynMet 5-88	90½	91½
SCM 5¼-89	80¾	82½
Searle 4½-88	88½	90
Texaco 4½-88	83	84
Tyco Inf 5-84	64	66
UtahInt 5¼-83	117½	118½
WardFood 5¾-88	90	91½
WarnLam 4½-88	116	118

Sterling-DM Bonds

Ireland 7-81	94	96
N.Zealand 6¾-82	93½	95½
SiraKvina 7¼-83	93½	95½

Unit of Account Bonds

BancoFom 5.50-78	91¼	92½
CassaMez 5½-78	87	88
Cavado 7⅝-80	95½	96½
ComFadEl 6½-86	87	88
Copan Gr 5¾-84	89	90
Copan City 6¾-76	97½	98½
Copen City 6⅞-80	93	94
CUI 6¾-77	96	97
Escom 7⅝-78	94½	95½
Eur C&S 5⅝-86	91¼	92¼
NorgesK 5½-83	94	95
Redernes 6⅝-80	97	98
Reed 6½-83	90	91
Secor 6¾-76	98¾	99¾
Secor 6¾-77	98¾	99¾

Bondtrade—Index

(Basis Dec. 31, 1966—100)

	Med.	Long	Conv.
Yesterday	97.67	91.94	109.75
Previous	97.77	92.08	109.73

Foreign Stock Indexes

	Yest.	Prev.	1969 High	1969 Low
Amsterdam	123.8	124.5	128.6	107.2
Brussels	91.91	91.81	103.29	91.53
Frankfurt	176.59	175.50	177.24	149.45
London 30	388.0	379.1	530.1	367.2
London 500	149.29	148.18	193.73	140.08
Milan	73.65	73.95	75.08	60.43
Paris	129.8	129.0	135.9	101.3
Sydney	588.86	595.48	636.17	545.29
Tokyo (n)	168.90	169.56	169.56	143.73
Tokyo (o)	2211.87	2213.14	2213.14	1748.53
Zurich	350.8	344.8	383.7	318.0

(n) New. (o) Old.

One Dollar—

was worth yesterday:

Austrian schillings	25.88
Belgian francs	49.70
British pound ($ per £)	2.3972
Danish crowns	7.486
Dutch guilders	3.60
Finnish marks	4.167
French francs	5.5735
German marks	3.69
Greek drachmae	30.00
Italian lire	626.06
Mexican pesos	12.50
Norwegian crowns	7.140
Portuguese escudos	28.50
Spanish pesetas	70.00
Swedish crowns	5.1720
Swiss francs	4.3140

The above rates are yesterday's closing buying rates on local exchanges. They exclude local commissions and slight variations depending on the type of transaction.

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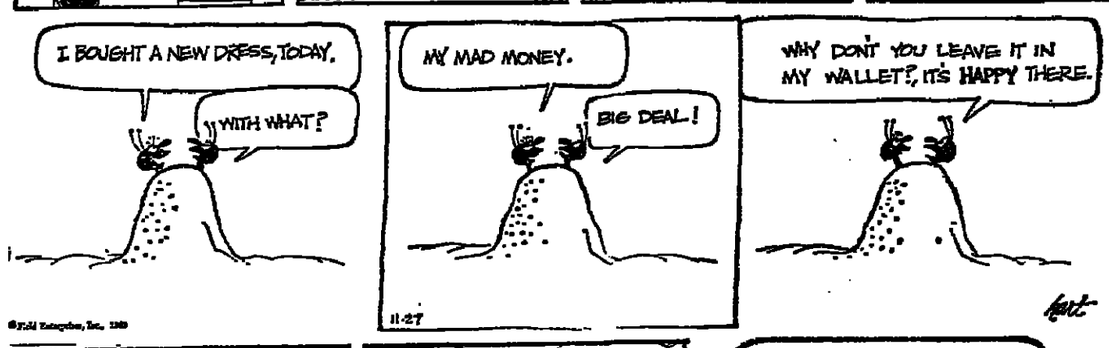
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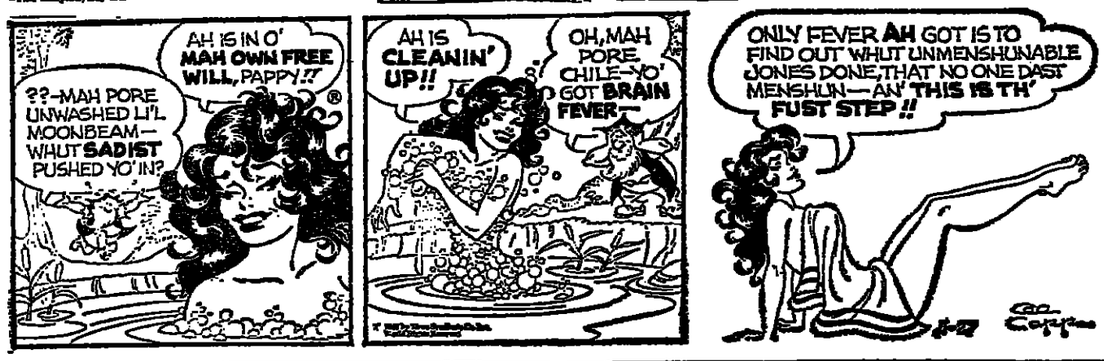
PEANUTS



B.C.



L'IL ABNER

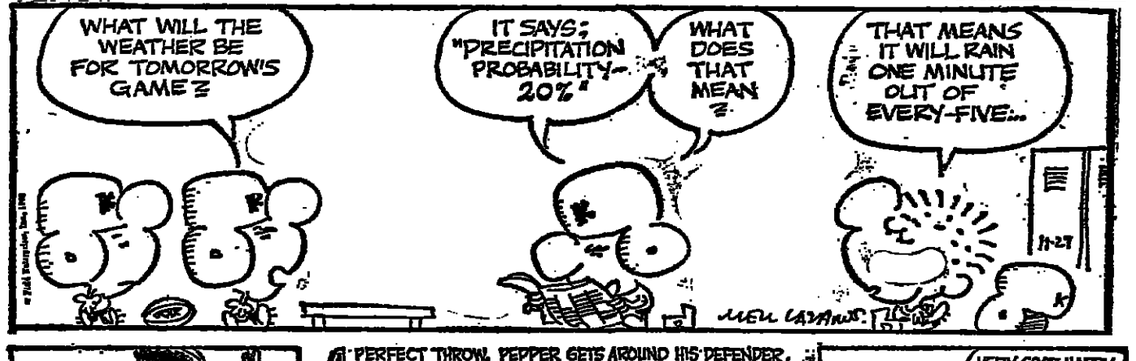


BEETLE BAILEY



MISS PEACH

BUZ SAWYER



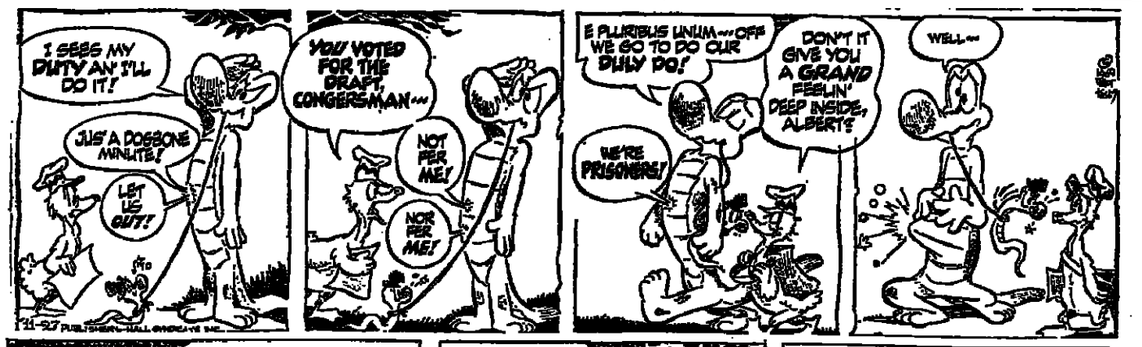
WIZARD of ID



REX MORGAN M.D.



POGO



RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

South opened with one heart. He had no way to define his strength exactly when West's overcall of one spade passed around to him, and the partnership reached two hearts and made nine tricks.

North-South were right in judging that they could not make four hearts. But three no-trump is an excellent contract that succeeds as the cards lie. Once the overcall has marked the spade king in the West hand, the no-trump game can fail only in the unlikely eventuality that the defenders take five diamonds.

When the hand was replayed, North-South reached three no-trump as shown in the diagram. South's one-club opening was strong and artificial, showing at least 16 points—a minimum that is a point less than in comparable systems.

North's double of one spade was not for penalties. It simply promised 5-8 points and no five-card suit.

South then showed fine judgment by jumping to two no-trump instead of showing his heart suit. If he had bid one no-trump, he would have indicated 15-18 points, so the jump to two no-trump showed "precisely" 19-20.

North pushed on optimistically to game, hoping that some of his intermediate cards would prove useful. They did not, but the game was unbeatable. The defenders took four diamond tricks, and South had the rest with the help of the spade finesse.

The prospects of making the no-trump game are much better than might appear on paper. If anyone has a five-card diamond suit it is likely to be East, and in that event West would have to be inspired to lead the suit—perhaps from a doubleton honor holding. And if West has two honors doubleton, the defenders cannot run the diamond suit.

NORTH
♠ A98
♡ Q97
◇ 972
♣ 10764

WEST
♠ K10742
♡ 6
◇ KQ64
♣ Q32

EAST
♠ 63
♡ 8432
◇ A53
♣ J985

SOUTH (D)
♠ QJ5
♡ AKJ105
◇ J108
♣ AK

South	West	North	East
1 ♣	1 ♠	Dbl.	Pass
2 N.T.	Pass	3 N.T.	Pass
Pass	Pass		

North and South were vulnerable. The bidding:
West led the diamond king.

Solution to Previous Puzzle

C	O	O	P	S		M	A	S	S		A	D	V	S
O	N	T	A	P		E	R	L	E		P	R	O	N
T	U	R	K	E	Y	T	R	O	T		R	U	L	E
	S	A	I	L	O	R			T	R	I	M	P	E
		S	L	U	E		F	L	I	N	S	E	S	
U	T	T	E	R		B	R	E	A	S	T			
B	R	O	A	D		W	E	I	R	D		I	O	S
L	I	M	N		C	H	A	T	S		S	C	U	T
E	S	T		A	R	E	M	S		T	O	K	A	Y
		U	P	P	E	R	S		C	R	U	S	T	
R	E	R	A	I	S	E		S	H	E	P			
A	N	K	L	E	T			P	U	M	M	E	L	
I	T	E	M		N	O	V	E	M	B	E	R	I	I
T	R	Y	A		U	V	E	A		L	A	G	O	S
T	E	S	S		T	I	E	R		E	T	O	N	S

DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE® — *that scrambled word game*
by HENRI ARNOLD and BOB LEE

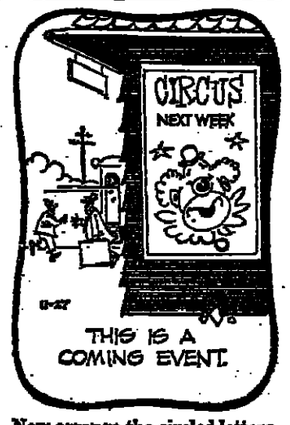
Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

ELVAT

YUNTI

ALUCTA

YARPER



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here: AN _____

(Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: MAGIC FETCH INTACT EMBRYO
Answer: *A canoe can be found in it but rarely on it*—THE OCEAN

BOOKS

A SEA CHANGE

J.R. Salamanca. Knopf. 502 pp. $6.

Reviewed by Frank Turaj

THE main lyrical theme in modern American literature, perhaps the most important theme, is the failure of love—its decay and desiccation. The love literature of other times and places was about the attainment of the passionate love experience. Our serious love literature focuses on what happens after love is over, or when it is not possible.

Think of Eliot, Hemingway, Faulkner, O'Neill. Think of Herzog, or the couple in "Virginia Woolf," or Humbert Humbert proving his love impulse for Lolita purest lunacy. Still, we think of enthralling passion as beautiful destruction, not simply destruction, and when emotions cool, we look for more fever. Love has failed. Adultery becomes desirable, unavoidable.

Salamanca's "A Sea Change" belongs against this setting. It is about a middle-aged curator at the Library of Congress who reminisces of his young, ideal love. (Incidentally, much of the story takes place in Washington. The author, who has previously written "The Lost Country" and the compelling "Lilith," teaches at the University of Maryland.) Love and desire have become a burden for the librarian. His office is more comfortable than his home. He would rather be alone than with his wife. In an attempt to rediscover passion, he has two sexual liaisons. He also lures his wife into an affair with another man. Her discovery of all this wrecks their emotional lives. She disappears. He waits for her in their Georgetown home, surrounded by their common objects, recollecting.

There is manifest skill in the execution of the story line. The first person narrative involves shifting time frames. There is a coherent use of every detail. There is balance and symmetry in the structure. And the strategy of the artist never gets in the way of the reader.

This in spite of the fact that the book is extremely "literary." It displays extraordinary artistry. There is an almost musical repetition of scenes as if they were parts of a fugue. Phrases recur like chords. Quotations and allusions become motifs. A string of allusions to T.S. Eliot runs through the book, particularly to "The Waste Land," which also has as its theme, in part, the failure of love and the triumph of lust. There are direct references to Shakespeare's "The Tempest," especially to Ariel's song which was also central in "The Waste Land". In fact, the title of the book comes from a line in that song: "Nothing of him that doth fade, but doth suffer a sea-change into something rich and strange." There are many other clear literary references, and there may be veiled allusions to Hawthorne's "Marble Faun," to Henry James, especially in the treatment of objects, rooms and houses, and to some modern films. But the book does not deper this. It succeeds in emotional way.

The main flaw in and it is a significar its style. On the lev and sentence it does A good editor could h ed the bulk of the n percent and enhanc fect.

The supposititious f narrator is no excus thor has to be in his narrator. There son for this kind of "Outside the window night had been perv a hellish neon glare ed the whole of t skyline visible to me fernal carmine haze.' adjectives should hav out. And I can't be this curator of orient there was much his in the Levant, ever c up with this: "And of all this beauty, forested, lofty Olymp of Venus, with it musky slopes falling the deep, enfolding, spring-sweetened val life ..." Such lapses mon.

As a whole, howeve succeeds. It is one o interesting novels of We come closer to k a non-rational way, at least how we hav make the myth of lov a flop.

Mr. Turaj is associ sor of literature at University. The r written for The Post.

Musical Ver Of 'Elmer G Set for Broa

NEW YORK, 26 preparation since musical version o Lewis's novel "Elme is finally coming to this season.

Robert Shaw wi Gantry, the o preacher, and Rita be Sister Sharon, th and dynamic evang Shaw, the author c "The Man in the Gl will be making his musical here. He a "The Physicists" Caretaker.

Miss Moreno was stage success in t production of "She several seasons ago.

The 1927 Lewis followed by a dra that ran on Broadv performances.

The show, which cast of 28, is schedul here Feb. 15 at the bott Theater. Joseph Jerry Schlossberg producers. Onna direct and do the cho

CROSSWORD

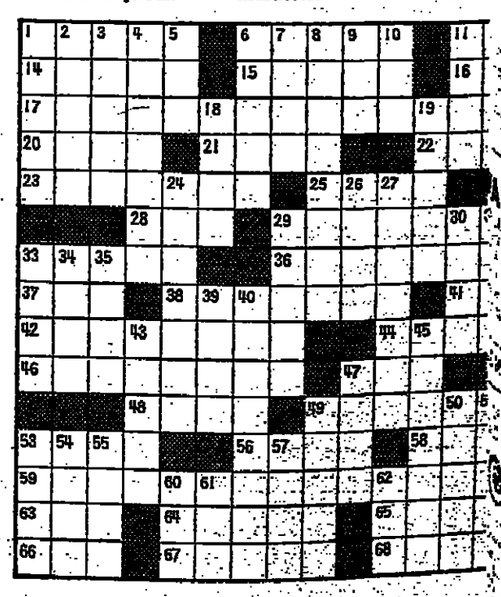
By Wi

ACROSS

1 Beginning.
6 Moving.
11 Vestment.
14 Large lizards.
15 Labor man.
16 New Guinea port.
17 With 59 Across, a well-known route.
20 Gather.
21 Name in Genesis.
22 Outing.
23 Waldorf's companion.
25 Asian desert.
28 Poetic preposition.
29 Like plywood.
33 With 38 and 44 Across, a holiday destination.
36 Whatnots.
37 Pronoun.
38 See 33 Across.
41 Deprive of: Prefix.
42 Transport.
44 See 33 Across.
46 Mobile homes.
47 Spinning toy.
48 Schiaparelli.
49 Where Dijon is.
53 Rat——.
56 East Indian hardwood tree.
58 Baseball team.
59 See 17 Across.
63 Beverage.
64 Ballerina Shearer.
65 Examine accounts.
66 Mountain: Prefix.
67 De Valera.
68 Marks with dots, in editing.

DOWN

1 Athens sight.
2 Plutarch's specialty.
3 Skirt fold.
4 Weapon for Ahab.
5 One connected with: Abbr.
6 Protozoan.
7 Withered.
8 Part of a truck.
9 Bid to a party: Abbr.
10 New York suburb.
11 Kirghiz range.
12 Thin.
13 George Eliot character.
18 Pelage.
19 River t North S
24 Herbert subject
26 Sharif.
27 V.I.P.
29 Anneal
30 Turkist Black S
31 Six in S
32 Actual
33 Mounta in Indi
34 Laugh
35 Irish ex
39 Person
40 Ancien household
43 Stay st at sea.
45 Unfold.
47 Dial so
49 Broadw
50 Electro
51 Piece o
52 Takes i
53 "—— e cost."
54 U. S. mi
55 Constel
57 Other: S
60 River in
61 Where I
62 Comma



Thanksgiving Before New Year's

Texas and Arkansas: First Things First

YORK, Nov. 26 (AP).—ollege football showdown be- top-ranked Texas and No. 2 as isn't until Dec. 6. Mean- the two coaches involved other things on their minds raditional Thanksgiving Day with Texas A&M and Texas respectively.

al Royal, coach of the Long- has been burned often h by A and M to know his will have a tough game to- w. Frank Broyles of Arkan- running just as scared for ech game.

al remembers that each of st three times his team has play on A and M's Kyle the Longhorns have had to in the second half.

just never have gone out the first and been sharp," Royal. "Maybe we've been g. I don't know what it is, know this: We haven't play- ll in the first half.

ey get over there and get all wood piled up for the bonfire day the Aggie war hymn and tears get to streaming..."

Aggies will need plenty of on to overcome the Long- Texas is 8-0 and has aver- 50 points a game against five west Conference opponents. yles, like Royal, has to keep lub from looking ahead.

e know from experience that an't take Tech lightly," he

"They spoiled a fine season for us three years ago. The Texas game doesn't mean nearly as much to us if we don't find a way to get past Tech."

Regardless of what happens tomorrow, and, for that matter, in their showdown game a week later, both Arkansas and Texas are set for bowl games. The winner of the Dec. 6 game goes against Notre Dame in the Cotton Bowl while the loser goes to the Sugar Bowl against Mississippi.

Ole Miss will be in action tomorrow in its traditional game with Mississippi State. There are two other games scheduled, Louisville taking on Tulsa and Virginia Tech facing Virginia Military.

College, Pro Grid Line

COLLEGES

Today's Games

Favorite	Pts.	Underdog
*Arkansas	18	Texas Tech
Texas	22	*Texas A&M
Mississippi	18	*Miss. State

Saturday's Games

Army	2 1/2	Navy
*Syracuse	20	Boston College
Auburn	6 1/2	Alabama
Georgia	12	*Georgia Tech
Penn State	19	*N.C. State
*Tennessee	18	Vanderbilt
Florida	3	*Miami (Fla.)
*Oklahoma St.	1 1/2	Oklahoma
*Rice	10	Baylor
*Houston	14	Florida State
*Arizona St.	15	Arizona

PROS

Today's Games

Vikings	8	*Lions
*Cowboys	11	49ers
*Chiefs	17 1/2	Broncos
*Oilers	4	Chargers

Sunday's Games

Rams	8	*Redskins
*Packers	8	Giants
*Colts	11	Falcons
*Saints	Even	Eagles
Browns	6	*Bears
*Cardinals	10	Steelers
*Bills	Even	Bengals
Raiders	3 1/2	*Jets
*Patriots	No line	Dolphins

*Home team.

Lions Prepare Cold Turkey, But Vikings Get a Warm Hand

By Jack Hand

NEW YORK, Nov. 26 (AP).—Joe Schmidt has his Detroit Lions all wound up for the streaking Minnesota Vikings in the annual Thanksgiving Day game in Tiger Stadium, the burial ground of many title hopes.

The Lions have won four National Football League games in a row since Oct. 26, when they bowed to the Vikings, 24-10, and were treated to a cold shower in their locker room. "We'll give 'em an icebath on the field and then roll them into a dressing room for more ice," Schmidt said after that game.

The Vikings have won nine in a row since a first-game loss to the Giants.

The holiday calendar calls for four pro games, all to be seen on network television, sandwiched around the turkey dinner. We'll try to pick the winners. Last week's record was 9-4. For the year, it's 89-35-6.

NFL

MINNESOTA 28, DETROIT 14—Vikings can clinch a tie in Central Division with a victory over hungry Lions, who can narrow the gap to one game with an upset. If Joe Kapp is cold, Gary Cuozzo may be hot or vice versa. Vikings clobbered Greg Landry in first game with six smears and four intercepitons. Lions need a healthy fired-up Alex Karras and they say his knee is hurting.

DALLAS 57, SAN FRANCISCO 17—It all depends on how much the Cowboys have left after their gruelling workout in Los Angeles. If Craig Morton really can't throw long, Dallas may be in trouble but 49ers lack consistency and are out of the race. Dallas must win as long as Redskins still are alive.

AFL

KANSAS CITY 30, DENVER 14—As in all four games, much depends on how clubs react to second start within five days, a tough grind for any team. Denver still hurting with Steve Tensi joining Floyd Little on sidelines. Chiefs should be in angry mood after loss to Oakland and they did handle Denver, 26-13, in earlier game.

HOUSTON 20, SAN DIEGO 17—A toughie with four Houston regulars on doubtful list, but Oilers can wrap up second place in the East and a playoff spot with a victory. Chargers going with Marty Domres, who took them past Denver Sunday.

The Scoreboard

TENNIS—At Stockholm, Romanian Davis Cup star Ilie Nastase upset second-seeded Tony Roche of Australia 6-2, 6-4, in the first round of the Stockholm open. Roche was the third seed to be eliminated. Earlier, Roy Emerson, No. 3 and Clive Dyrgdale, No. 5, were upset. In other first-round matches, Marty Riessen (U.S.) d. Joergen Ulrich (Denmark) 6-3, 6-2; Fred Stolle (Australia) d. Jan Kukal (Czechoslovakia) 6-3, 6-3; Frantisek Pala (Czechoslovakia) d. Patrice Beust (France) 2-6, 6-3, 6-0. A group of eight women players, are staging their own unofficial tournament. In first-round results, Billie Jean King (U.S.) d. Madeleine Pagel (Sweden), 6-0, 6-1; Julie Heldman (U.S.) d. Margarete Strandberg (Sweden), 6-4, 6-1; Ingrid Bentzer (Sweden) d. Françoise Durr (France), 6-3, 1-6, 6-1; Rosemary Casals (U.S.) d. Eva Lundquist (Sweden), 6-1, 6-4.

YACHTING—At Buenos Aires, U.S., yachtsmen, led by James Crane, captured the first seven placings in the third of six races for the world Lightning Class championships. Thomas Allen, who won the first two races, finished fifth, one second ahead of Bruce Goldsmith, runnerup in both previous events. Allen, three times world champion, with 126 points, and Goldsmith, with 122, lead the overall standings ahead of William Shore, U.S., who finished seventh to oust Argentina's Mario Isola from third.

An Ocean Voyage Starts in Switzerland

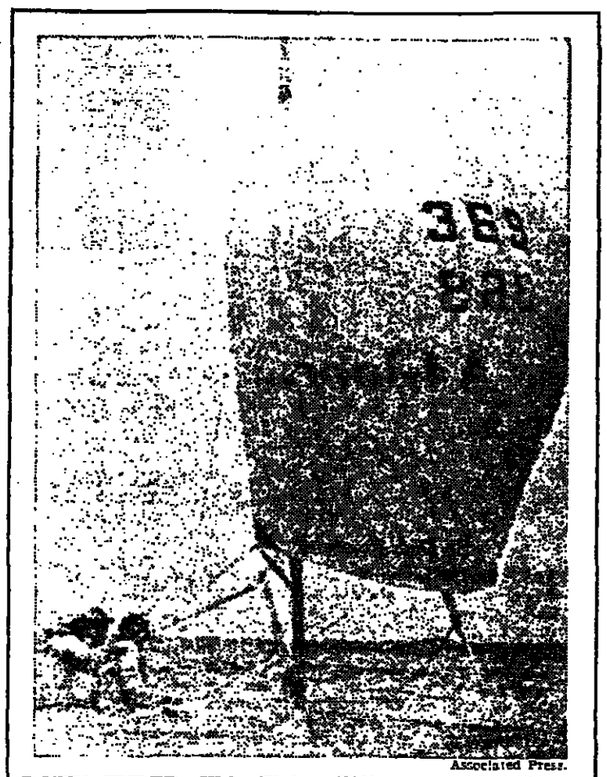
By John Rendel

NEW YORK, Nov. 26 (NYT).—After an intensive search in many places, including Paris, New York and Switzerland, for answers that often were hard to get, Carleton Mitchell is convinced that the French challenge for the America's Cup is being mounted with an efficiency that matches past American measures for the defense.

Australia has also challenged for next summer, with the New York Yacht Club the defender. The match will be off Newport, starting Sept. 15.

Mitchell is an outstanding American authority on yachting who presents the results of his investigations in the current issue of Sports Illustrated. He says that sparked by forceful, taciturn determined Baron Marcel Bich, a world leader in the manufacture of ballpoint pens, the French will have spent between $1.5 million and $2 million by the time they get to Newport.

The quest for the cup is being pushed with Gallic ardor and Bich is boss. In an American-designed, Swiss-built yacht, Chancegger, Bich already has for comparative studies and as a trial horse what informed circles consider to be the fastest 12-Meter in the world. Designed by Britton Chance Jr., of Oyster Bay, N.Y., and built by Hermann Egger in his yard at Neuchatel, Chancegger (a combination of names) cannot be the challenger, but she is an expensive trial horse for the France, as the actual challenger is named.



Associated Press.

DOWN UNDER—This Flying Fifteen was not in as much trouble during Australian race as it appears. The yacht was just in a trough.

No Carbon Copy

It has been said that Chancegger was built so André Mauric, a leading French naval designer, but inexperienced in Twelves, would have a precise model to work from. Chance does not believe that Mauric's design will be only a carbon copy of his own, Mitchell declares.

"He (Mauric) had the lines of Constellation (America's 1964 defender) for four years and of Chancegger for 13 months," Mitchell quoted Chance as saying. "I don't think his boat will be a direct copy. With all that time, he should come up with something better."

The article points out that a major difficulty will be that nothing even remotely resembling a modern racing yacht of 12-Meter size ever has been produced in France. Titanium, exotic alloys of aluminum and high-strength types of steel, along with the capability of welding, extruding, cold rolling and machining the metals precisely, must be available.

"This is where the particular genius of Marcel Bich will come in," Mitchell writes, and he quotes a French acquaintance of Bich as saying that if there is any Frenchman who can beat the Americans at their own game, he is the man.

Relaxed Rules

The defending New York Yacht Club has relaxed somewhat its rule requiring that the competing yacht and her components must originate in the challenging country. A German firm is supplying satisfactory fabric for sailcloth, Mitchell says. Also, Ferrari of France is reported to be on a crash program of producing fabric in various weights. Bich has persuaded Egger to open a yard at Pontarlier in France, just across the Swiss border, to comply with the country of origin requirement.

The choice of skipper appears to have narrowed to Jean-Marie Le Guillou, a 25-year-old expert who won the world 5.5-Meter Class championship this year in Sweden, and Popple Delfour, also young and a former 5-0-5 sailor, who has been sailing 12-Meter yachts for three years as part of the Bich team. It is expected that the final choice will not be made until the last minute.

Bich is reported to have said often early in his quest that his side had perhaps a 25 percent chance to win in 1970, a 50-50 chance three years later, if defeated, and certain victory in 1976. Meanwhile, France must qualify to meet the defender in trials against Australia next summer. There will be a four-of-seven series off Newport starting Aug. 18 under America's Cup conditions and over America's Cup courses.

Reds Get McGlothlin Of Angels

For Alex Johnson In 5-Man Deal

ANAHEIM, Calif., Nov. 26 (AP).—In a move aimed at improving their hitting strength, the California Angels traded three pitchers—Jim McGlothlin, Vern Geishert and Pedro Borbon—to the Cincinnati Reds yesterday for outfielder Alex Johnson and infielder Chico Ruiz.

The key men in the trade were McGlothlin, a right-hander who posted a 6-16 won-lost record with the American League team, and Johnson, who hit .315, sixth highest in the National League. Johnson also belted 17 homers and had 88 runs batted in.

McGlothlin's earned-run average of 3.18 gives him credentials in that department that are considered much more impressive than his won-lost record.

Geishert had a 1-1 mark with a 4.64 ERA and Borbon posted a 2-3 record and a 6.15 ERA for the Angels.

Manager Harold (Lefty) Phillips of the Angels said, "This is the first step in strengthening our hitting and I believe we made a fine deal. Johnson is the type of hitter we have been looking for. He will hit us 15 or more home runs and get a lot of extra-base hits."

McGlothlin, who is 26 years old, had a 12-8 record with the Angels in 1967 and was 10-15 in 1968, when he was bothered by injuries.

Geishert spent most of 1969 at Hawaii, where he posted a 7-4 record, appearing in 112 innings with a 3.39 ERA. Borbon, from the Dominican Republic, spent all of the season with the Angels, appearing in relief roles.

The 27-year-old Johnson has hit over .300 the last two seasons and has a .295 mark for his six seasons in the majors.

Ruiz hit .245 last year and played every position except pitcher or catcher.

At Cincinnati, the Reds' general manger, Bob Howsam, said he thought the trade filled voids on both clubs.

"It's not easy to trade a .300 hitter," he said, "but we felt this was one deal we couldn't afford to turn down. Our reports were very high on all three pitchers."

College Basketball: *Now a Lewless But Open Society*

By Sam Goldaper

NEW YORK, Nov. 26 (NYT).—With Lew Alcindor in the pros, college basketball, with its finest array of individual talent, will return to the routine excitement of trying to select a champion.

The race to replace the University of California, Los Angeles, winner of 88 of 90 games and three national championships during the Alcindor reign, starts Monday at UCLA. Arizona, with four returning starters and some good depth, gets the first crack at the Bruins. Arizona is not expected to be successful, nor will many other teams during the regular season. But, during the National Collegiate Athletic Association championships, it may be a different story. Look for possibly a new champion to emerge from the South—Kentucky or South Carolina.

UCLA's road to an NCAA tournament berth as the Pacific Eight Conference representative will be much tougher than it has been in many years. The PAC is expected to be one of the toughest in the nation with Southern California, bolstered by a freshman team that won all 19 games, Oregon State and Washington, the chief rivals for the Bruins.

UCLA doesn't pack the power given it by Alcindor's awesome height and agility, but the Bruins' structure without him is a long way from crumbling.

Back to Old Style

"When we had Alcindor," said John Wooden, the UCLA coach, "we had to use an offense built around him. This season Steve Patterson will be our center and we can play an offense that will be more versatile. We will revert to the offensive and defensive style we've used before. By that I mean the high post on offense and pressing defense which brought us NCAA titles in 1964 and 1965."

UCLA also lost Kenny Heitz in the backcourt; Lynn Shackleford, a steady forward, and Bill Sweek, a valuable replacement. What remains is a starting five in which Patterson, 6 feet 9 inches, will be flanked up front by Curtis Rowe, 6-6 1/2, and Sidney Wicks, 6-9, both powerfully built. In the backcourt, Henry Bibby, highly touted, moves up from the freshman team to join John Vallely, an all-NCAA tournament selection.

UCLA's chief problem may be lack of depth, something that does not face Kentucky and South Carolina.

In Kentucky, where the governor cannot succeed himself and a horse can run only once in the Derby, Adolph Rupp, the Kentucky basketball coach, has ruled supreme. Since 1930-31, his teams have won 810 games and lost 175.

Rupp's days before retirement are coming closer and the Baron would like nothing better than to go out winning his fifth NCAA championship.

Big Loss

Kentucky, the choice for a third straight Southeastern Conference championship, suffered a heavy blow last August when Mike Casey's career was cut short in an automobile accident.

Every good Wildcat team has always had an outstanding backcourtman and the 6-4 Casey, who averaged 19.1 points last season, was that. Ken Hollenback, a 6-4 sophomore with a 20-point average on the 18-4 freshman team, assumes Casey's work load.

Kentucky won 23 and lost 5 last season, finishing third in the Mid-East Regionals. From that team, which averaged 90.8 points, third best in the nation, Rupp has back Dan Issel, 6-8, a Basketball Writers' Association All-American; Mike Pratt, an SEC first-team choice, and Larry Steele, an all-sophomore selection. Issel averaged 26.8 points, tops for the team; Pratt had a 16.9 mark and Steele 8.6.

Six fine sophomores, including Tom Parker, a 6-6 forward, who led the freshmen in scoring with 20.3 and rebounding with 11.3, have moved up to the varsity to give the Wildcats the needed depth.

Dynasty of the Future

Whether South Carolina wins it all this season or just falls short, the Gamecocks are the dynasty of the future. For six years Frank McGuire, the coach and a New Yorker, has been luring talented players away from the metropolitan area and now his team is ready to challenge for top honors.

South Carolina, with four sophomores and a junior in the starting lineup, finished the regular season with 20 victories and six losses before losing to Army in the quarter-final round of the National Invitation Tournament. The first five played virtually every minute because of a thin bench. But a talented group of sophomores should solve that problem this season.

The Gamecocks are an exciting team to watch and John Roche, the 6-3 backcourt quarterback, makes it so. Roche, a graduate of Lasalle Academy in Manhattan, averaged 26.3 points and was voted the outstanding player in the Atlantic Coast Conference.

Starting with Roche in the backcourt is Bobby Cremins, the lone senior on the squad. Tom Owens, 6-10, and John Ribock, 6-8, cornerman, and Tom Riker, 6-10, at center give the Gamecocks what McGuire calls a "pro front line."

Riker averaged 26.6 points and 18.3 rebounds during his freshman season and is expected to battle Ralph Simpson of Michigan State for the honor of being called the nation's best sophomore. Simpson, a 6-4 backcourtman, does things like Oscar Robertson.

Purdue, Davidson Strong

On the other fronts, Purdue, which won its first Big Ten championship last season since 1939-40, is expected to repeat and Davidson, with three starters back from last season's 27-3 team and a new coach, Terry Holland, should continue its domination of the Southern Conference.

Louisville is the favorite in the Missouri Valley and Colorado should come up the winner in the Big Eight. Santa Clara, led by Dennis Awtry, is the best in the West Coast Conference and Weber State is the choice to repeat in the Big Sky. Western Kentucky, with Jim Daniels, is the best in the Ohio Valley and Arkansas could land on top in the Southwest Conference after a battle with Texas, Texas A&M, Baylor and Rice.

Ohio University should come home first in the Mid-America; Rhode Island, bolstered by two junior college transfers, Dwight Tolliver and Nate Adgar, may be best in the Yankee Conference. New Mexico appears to be the tops in the Western Athletic Conference.

Columbia, led by Jim McMillian and Heyward Dotson, may have enough to win in the improved Ivy League, but don't discount Penn, which has an outstanding freshman team moving up, and Princeton, winner of six championships in the 1960s.

Among the independents, Houston will return to national prominence to join St. Bonaventure, Villanova, Duquesne, Marquette, Notre Dame, New Mexico State and Seattle.

Individually, from freshmen to seniors, the ranks were never so star-studded with scorers, rebounders, big men, playmakers, speed and agility.

"Each team in the National Basketball Association could easily get two top draft picks," said Dick McGuire, the Knicks' chief scout. "The senior talent is great, perhaps the best ever."

Most of last season's All-America players have returned, led by the exciting scoring of Pete Maravich of Louisiana State University. As a sophomore he broke the NCAA scoring record with a 43.8 average. Last season he bettered that mark with a 44.2 average. He is expected to win a third scoring title this season and equal Oscar Robertson's feat at Cincinnati.

In two seasons Pistol Pete has rolled up 2,386 points and is only 617 points away from the 3,973-point total the Big O had as a collegian.

Added to Maravich will be such standouts as Rick Mount of Purdue, second to Pete in national scoring; Cal Murphy of Niagara, Mike Maloy of Davidson, Bob Lanier of St. Bonaventure, Charley Scott of North Carolina, Austin Carr of Notre Dame, Ken Durett of La Salle, Howard Porter of Villanova, Sam Lacey of New Mexico State, Dean Meminger of Marquette and Willie Sojourner of Weber State.



Frank McGuire
Things looking up.



John Wooden
Things looking down.



Pete Maravich
Doing his thing.

All-American Team

By United Press International
(Maximum number of votes 142.)

OFFENSE

Pos., Player and School, Wgt., Hgt. Class, votes
E. Carlos Alvarez, Florida, 181, 5-11, soph., 39.
E. Jim Mandich, Michigan, 220, 6-3, sr., 34.
T. Sid Smith, USC, 267, 6-4, sr., 44.
T. Bob McKay, Texas, 245, 6-6, sr., 32.
G. Chip Kell, Tennessee, 225, 6-0, jr., 65.
G. Larry Dinardo, Notre Dame, 230, 6-1, jr., 27.
C. Rodney Brand, Arkansas, 218, 6-2, sr., 53.
Q. Mike Phipps, Purdue, 206, 6-3, sr., 55.
B. Steve Owens, Oklahoma, 215, 6-2, sr., 132.
B. Jim Otis, Ohio St., 215, 6-0, sr., 75.
B. Bob Anderson, Colorado, 208, 6-0, sr., 29.

DEFENSE

E. Jim Gunn, USC, 210, 6-1, sr., 68.
E. Phil Olsen, Utah St., 255, 6-5, sr., 36.
T. Mike McCoy, Notre Dame, 274, 6-5, sr., 109.
T. Mike Reid, Penn St., 240, 6-3, sr., 82.
Mg. Jim Stillwagon, Ohio St., 215, 6-0, jr., 38.
LB. Steve Kiner, Tennessee, 220, 6-1, sr., 79.
LB. Dennis Onkotz, Penn St., 205, 6-2, sr., 37.
HB. Jack Tatum, Ohio St., 205, 6-0, jr., 82.
HB. Tom Curtis, Michigan, 190, 6-1, sr., 50.
HB. Neal Smith, Penn St., 180, 6-11, sr., 41.
HB. Buddy McClinton, Auburn, 180, 5-10, sr., 38.

Hawks Discover You Can Never Go Home Again

NEW YORK, Nov. 26 (AP).—The Hawks returned to St. Louis and received a miserable welcome from the Milwaukee Bucks. Things don't promise to get any better when they return to Atlanta tonight, where the New York Knicks will be waiting.

The Atlanta Hawks, the St. Louis Hawks for 13 years before moving to Atlanta last year, lost to the Bucks, 130-115, in a National Basketball Association game played in St. Louis before 11,015 old Hawk fans.

Now, the Hawks return to their new home to face the redhot Knicks, who scored their 16th consecutive victory by holding off the injury-riddled Los Angeles Lakers, 103-96, at Madison Square Garden.

The Knicks, with a 21-1 record, will be trying to match the NBA record of 17 straight victories by the 1948 Washington Caps and 1959 Boston Celtics.

Pistons 134, Bulls 103

Otto Moore tipped in a basket with ten seconds left to give Detroit 104-103 victory over Chicago. The Pistons trailed, 101-96, with 2:18 left. Chicago missed three shots in the last nine seconds.

Bullets 134, Suns 124

Baltimore beat Phoenix, 134-124, for its eighth straight victory.

Warriors 114, Supersonics 106

Nate Thurmond and Joe Ellis collected 11 points apiece as San Francisco rallied in the final period and handed Seattle its fifth loss in a row, 114-106.

NBA Standings

EASTERN DIVISION

	W	L	Pct.	GB
New York	21	1	.955	—
Baltimore	15	6	.714	5 1/2
Milwaukee	12	10	.545	9
Cincinnati	9	11	.450	11
Detroit	7	11	.389	12
Philadelphia	7	12	.368	12 1/2
Boston	6	13	.316	13 1/2
WESTERN DIVISION				
Atlanta	13	7	.650	—
Los Angeles	11	9	.550	2
Chicago	10	10	.500	3
San Francisco	9	10	.474	3 1/2
San Diego	8	11	.421	4 1/2
Phoenix	7	14	.333	6 1/2
Seattle	5	15	.250	8

Tuesday's Results

New York 103 (Frazier 26, Reed 24), Los Angeles 96 (West 41, Counts 21).
Milwaukee 130 (Alcindor 33, McGlocklin 24), Atlanta 115 (Davis 30, Caldwell 24).
Detroit 104 (Miles 33, Dischinger 18), Chicago 103 (Love 29, Boerwinkle 23).
Baltimore 134 (Davis, Monroe 28), Phoenix 124 (Van Arsdale 30, Chambers 24).
San Francisco 114 (Thurmond 29, Mullins 28), Seattle 106 (Rule 24, Wilkens 22).

Matt Out 5 Months

ST. ANTON, Austria, Nov. 26 (AP).—Austrian slalom ace Alfred Matt, winner of the 1968 Olympic bronze medal, will be out for five months after he fractured a leg in training in Cervinia, Italy, his doctor said here today.

ABA Result

Tuesday Night

Washington 106 (Brown 21, Card 18), Los Angeles 102 (McGill 37, Davis 18).

Calif. Suspends Ramos' License

SACRAMENTO, Calif., Nov. 26 (UPI).—The California Athletic Commission suspended the boxing license of world lightweight boxing champion Mando Ramos yesterday after his arrest for drunken driving.

Ramos, 22, who stands trial today on a charge of possessing marijuana, yesterday was given a 60-day suspended jail sentence for the drunken driving charge.

Police in San Pedro arrested Ramos Monday night after his car was alleged to have passed a stop light. Police said he failed a breath analysis test. Ramos, who spent the night in jail, pleaded guilty to the charge.

The 60-day sentence was suspended and he was placed on parole for a year and paid a $150 fine.

Less than a month ago, Ramos was charged with possession of marijuana. He pleaded innocent and his trial is pending.

One of the Great Victories In American Naval History

By Kenneth Turan

NAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 26 (WP). r most people, there have been r years than 1950. The Ko- War started in 1950, and so the H-bomb. Brinks, Inc. was ed of $2.8 million in Boston, Army seized the railroads and ident Truman was nearly as- nated. Yet for Navy Comdr. rt Richard Zastrow, 1950 was it.

1950, Zug Zastrow was the terback of a Navy team taking 6 record into Philadelphia's orial Stadium to face an 8-0 squad that hadn't been de- d in 28 games and had, since put together a 57-2-4 record. t Navy won, 14-2, and Zas- who ran for one touchdown passed for another, achieved kind of heroic status that boys are apt to dream about he way through middle age.

Big Thrill

strow, now 40, has, after tours uty with seaplanes and heli- rs, returned to Annapolis to e executive officer of the tic department, administering physical education program for academy's 4,100 midshipmen. strow says he "remembers quite a bit about the game, but some of it has dribbled to the back of my mind. I don't see how it could be anything less than the greatest moment I've ever had. I'd be minimizing it if I said it was less."

Other people remember the game too; in fact "they remember it quite a bit. Sometimes I feel kind of embarrassed about it in a way. People tell you what a great victory it was, and they are trying to be complimentary. It's wonderful they do remember you for what you are, not that you beat Army one cool afternoon."

Navy had been looking forward to that cool afternoon ever since taking a 38-0 drubbing from Army in 1949. "Frank Hauff, our captain and halfback, had been saying all year, 'Dec. 2, 1950, will be a day of reckoning,'" Zastrow recalled.

Funny Hats

For two weeks before the game, "The coaches and everyone else drummed into us that we would beat Army. If there is such a thing as mental preparation, that's what did it. We were so relaxed before the game we all wore funny colored golf hats to the stadium. The brass didn't like that too much."

What Zastrow remembers most about the victory was "the difference in expression of those Army guards when I came to the line. First they looked like 'We didn't score that time, but sooner or later Navy will break in half and we'll take over.' Then the looks changed to worry, even frenzy. I can still remember looking into those eyes."

Zastrow played some in the 1951 game that Navy won easily, 42-7, because of the Army cribbing scandal, but it is his 1950 uniform and shoes that he has saved, still layered with the dirt of what is now Kennedy Stadium.

"That was a great day in Philadelphia," he said.

London Fogged In

LONDON, Nov. 26 (Reuters).—e British Boxing Board of Con- l has refused to allow former itish heavyweight champion an London to fight Jurgen Blin, ner German title-holder, in gne on Dec. 12. Ray Clarke, stant secretary of the board, : "We have taken this action use we would prefer to see don's next contest take place ngland so that we can have a look at him and satisfy our- s that he is all right." London, has been stopped in four of ast five fights.

enn State Wins ambert Trophy l Year in Row

W YORK, Nov. 26 (AP).—Un- n Penn State, ranked third ally with a 9-0 record, was animous winner of the Lam- Trophy as the best major ern college football team.

e Nittany Lions are the only t other than Army's 1944-45-46 rhouse to capture the trophy e consecutive years. It also ks Penn State's sixth Lambert hy in nine years.

nn State has the longest win- and non-losing streaks in the ntry at 20 and 28 games, re- tively. It winds up the regular on Saturday against North olina State.

he Lions received the maximum points from the eight-man selec- committee. Boston University, and Dartmouth, 8-1, tied for ond with 60 points, followed by nceton, 6-3, 55 points, Yale, 7-2, Syracuse 5-4, 30; Rutgers, 6-3, d Pitt, 4-6, both 28; Buffalo, 6-3, and Villanova, 6-3, 12.

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Art Buchwald

Merci Donnant

WASHINGTON.—A little girl in Orleans, France, has written to me. "Please, Dear Sir, would you explain your great holiday of Thanksgiving to me? I understand you have explained it before, but I was too young then to read the newspaper." So, for that little girl in France, and little girls everywhere, I shall try once more.



Buchwald

One of our most important holidays is Thanksgiving Day (known in France as *Le Jour de Merci Donnant*).

Le Jour de Merci Donnant was first started by a group of pilgrims (*pèlerins*) who fled from *l'Angleterre* before the McCarran Act to found a colony in the New World (*le Nouveau Monde*), where they could shoot Indians (*les peaux-rouges*) and eat turkey (*dinde*) to their hearts' content. They landed at a place called Plymouth (now a famous *voiture américaine*) in a wooden sailing ship called the Mayflower (or *Fleur de Mai*) in 1620. But while the *pèlerins* were killing the *dindes*, the *peaux-rouges* were killing the *pèlerins*, and there were several hard winters ahead for both of them. The only way the *peaux-rouges* helped the *pèlerins* was when they taught them to grow corn (*maïs*). The reason they did this was because they liked corn with their *pèlerins*.

* * *

In 1623, after another harsh year, the *pèlerins*' crops were so good that they decided to have a celebration and give thanks because more *maïs* was raised by the *pèlerins* than *pèlerins* were killed by *les peaux-rouges*.

Every year on the *Jour de Merci Donnant* parents tell their children an amusing story about the first celebration.

It concerns a brave *capitaine* named Miles Standish (known in France as *Kilomètres Deboutish*) and a young, shy lieutenant named Jean Alden. Both of them were in love with a flower of Plymouth called Priscilla Mullens (no translation). The *vieux capitaine* said to the *jeune lieutenant:*

"Go to the damsel Priscilla (*allez très vite chez Priscilla*), the loveliest maiden of Plymouth (*la plus jolie demoiselle de Plymouth*). Say that a blunt old captain, a man not of words but of action (*un vieux Fanfan-la-Tulipe*), offers his hand and his heart, the hand and heart of a soldier. Not in these words, you know, but this, in short, is my meaning.

"I am a maker of war (*je suis un fabricant de la guerre*) and not a maker of phrases. You, bred as a scholar (*vous qui êtes pain comme un étudiant*) can say it in elegant language such as you read in your books of the pleadings and wooings of lovers such as you think best adapted to win the heart of the maiden."

* * *

Although Jean was fit to be tied (*convenable à être emballé*), friendship prevailed over love and he went to do his duty. But instead of using elegant language he blurted out his mission. Priscilla was muted with amazement and sorrow (*rendue muette par l'étonnement et la tristesse*).

At length she exclaimed, interrupting the ominous silence: "If the great captain of Plymouth is so very eager to wed me, why does he not come himself and take the trouble to woo me?" (*Où est-il, le vieux capitaine? Pourquoi ne vient-il pas auprès de moi pour tenter sa chance?*).

Jean said that *Kilomètres Deboutish* was very busy and didn't have time for those things. He staggered on, telling what a wonderful husband *Kilomètres* would make. But finally Priscilla arched eyebrows and said in a tremulous voice: "Why don't you speak for yourself, Jean?" (*A chacun son goût.*)

And so, every fourth Thursday in November, American families sit down at a large table brimming with tasty dishes, and for the only time during the year eat better than the French do.

Bordeaux Wine Pushed at U.S. Universities

NEW YORK, Nov. 26 (UPI).—A New York-based wine importer is carrying the Bordeaux battle to U.S. college campuses in an attempt to win young drinkers away from Burgundy wines.

So far Americans have favored wines from rival Burgundy vineyards. But Peter M.F. Sichel, whose family's wine business in Bordeaux dates to 1882, said yesterday that Burgundy wineyards did not grow enough grapes this year to meet the rising wine demand in the United States.

And college students in the East appear to be reaping the benefits of this battle since Mr. Sichel takes his Bordeaux wines to the campuses and lets students taste them.

Audubon Book Sold for Record

LONDON, Nov. 26 (UPI).—A Chicago book dealer this week paid a world record price of $216,000 for a rare first edition of John Audubon's "The Birds of America" at an auction at Sotheby's in London.

Among the 435 plates in four volumes is Audubon's popular drawing of the wild American turkey. Individually the turkey plate has sold for $5,000.

Dealer Kenneth Nebenzahl said he has a prospective buyer for the set, which he described as being in perfect condition, "just as if it were issued yesterday." It was engraved in London and published between 1827 and 1831.

A Globe Within A Globe...



Jack Nisberg

... trying to divine its secrets, trying to digest it, trying to fit it into a tightly compartmentalized mind where there was precious little filing space ...

By Dick Roraback

PARIS.—Inside the big glass globe was a little glass globe and inside the little globe, revolving slowly atop an inverted tripod, was what looked like a spent piece of coal, with dimples.

It was maybe an inch and a quarter long and it was gray. From the far side of the circular railing it looked light in weight and porous in substance and entirely lacking in character, even for a rock, but as they filed into the display hall to look at the rock they smiled even before they reached the railing.

It was a curious thing to see, all that smiling in one room in a country where smiling isn't exactly the national pastime, and somehow the feeling persisted that $24 billion was a pretty small price to pay.

From Smiles to Stares

Still smiling, they approached silently and diffidently, as if in the presence of an ancient but benevolent deity, and then the smile turned into a stare. For long moments they stared at the rock, dreamily or intently, trying to divine its secrets, trying to digest it, trying to fit it into a tightly compartmentalized mind where there was precious little empty filing space.

"I was trying to imagine," said a temporarily unemployed electric worker named Rousselot, "trying to imagine what it's like up there. All those millions of years . . ."

"I was thinking," said a youngish nurse, still in uniform, "that if we can go to the moon, well, there's just no limit, is there?"

"I was wondering," said a smartly dressed businessman in his fifties. "I just popped down from the office for a few minutes, and I was looking at the rock and I was wondering if I've gotten a parking ticket."

They stared for a minute, two minutes, ten; then, the spell broken by a nudge or a popping flashbulb, they began to argue.

They were small arguments though, without rancor, virtually all of them merely nibbling around the edges of a consensus that it was a pretty rare feat indeed, going to the moon and bringing back a fair-sized chunk of it.

Under a huge photo of the Apollo-11 crew, three chance acquaintances were gesticulating, shrugging, thrusting out their lower lips.

"Well," Elie Cabarrot, 47, was saying, "the Russians *could* have done it."

"Russians, Americans, Algerians, does it make any difference?" asked Pierre Villain, 30. "It's there. A moon rock. A guy went up and got it and brought it back. *Incroyable!*"

"Yeah," agreed Cabarrot. "Still and all, it was pretty expensive."

"Okay," said Pierre Suzanne, 75, "maybe it would have been better to spend it on cancer or hunger or something, but the Yankees can afford to do both. The Russians, no. Better they should build a few roads first."

"How come there's no postcards?" demanded Cabarrot. "How is anybody going to know I was here?"

"They told me at the shop I was crazy to come all the way down here and see the rock," said Villain. "'Think of what the workers could do with all those billions.' It's a Russian rock, they'd be the first in line. Me, it gives me great pleasure just to stand here and look at it. A sort of pride. They'll be on Mars next, then some other solar system. Just think of it!"

"What do you care?" said Suzanne. "You'll be dead. Anyway, how are they going to get there?"

"Atomic power," said Villain. "You never heard of atomic power?"

A kid who was hanging around, a kid of no more than 11 or 12, shook his head and smirked. "Space-time warp," he said.

"Huh?" said Cabarrot.

Space-Time Warp

"Space-time warp," repeated the kid. "It all bends back on itself. The moon's a little step. What you're talking about is light years"—a fairly accurate measurement of the generation gap at the moon-rock exhibit.

Not that anyone was blasé—the blasé, of course, stayed home ("I want to see rocks, I can go out in the garden")—but among the teens and pre-teens at the exhibit there was the unmistakable hint that the moon, after all, was pretty démodé.

"Well, it's a moon rock, that's about all I can say for it," said ten-year-old Olivier Lerche.

"What do I think?" said Didier Lorigiola, 15. "Well, he really set that ship right down on the button, old Conrad, but mostly I think they have a nerve charging two francs to get in here."

Not surprisingly, however, the young sophisticates were outnumbered at the exhibition by the elderly, whose unabashed awe was sometimes touching.

'Mon Dieu! Mon Dieu! ...'

For fully 15 minutes a tall, stooped, white-haired gentleman in a long gray coat, a hand-knit scarf and a beret stood at the rail, only his lips moving. "Mon Dieu!" he said to himself, over and over. "Mon Dieu!"

Nearby, C.A. Limbourg, a sturdy 74, was no less reverent. "Beautiful job," he said. "An amazing thing. When I was young I never imagined man could go to the moon. It was beyond even a daydream. So here's this little rock, not much of a rock, but a piece of the moon! I've seen a lot here on earth, not all of it good, but *this*—this gives you hope..."

It was a pretty fair summation, actually, of the general feeling in the Palais de la Découverte's display hall, an unexpected and near unanimous outpouring of goodwill, and it came as almost a relief to finally encounter the man one expects to find in any gathering of one or more Frenchmen.

Lounging in an adjoining hall was one Armand Lamot, whose age was nobody's business.

"My impression?" said Lamot. "I don't have any impression. How could I? That's not a moon rock, mate. Moon rock's too expensive. You know Elizabeth Taylor and that diamond she just bought? You think she's wearing it to the firemen's ball? That's not a moon rock, mate."

Formidable, But Dangerous

Unquestionably convinced of the rock's authenticity, on the other hand, but hardly reassured by its presence on earth, was Bernard Donatti, 29. "Formidable, but dangerous," he insisted. "A little piece of it here now. No harm done, maybe. But they brought back 100 pounds this time, no? So the moon is 100 pounds lighter and the earth is 100 pounds heavier. Time after that it'll be a ton, then two, then ten tons. Pretty soon..."

Oblivious of the obvious dangers in the upset of the balance of nature, the newcomers kept filing in, smiling, then staring, transformed for a minute or two, contemplative.

"I was thinking, well, I was thinking of two things," said Sarah Jones, of England. "I was looking at the rock and I was remembering that I got engaged the night of the first moon landing. And then sometimes I wasn't looking at the rock.

"I was looking at that little boy there and thinking, 'He'll be all over the universe some day—some day soon'."

PEOPLE:

Gina and Kaufman The Wedding's Off

Gina Lollobrigida and New York real estate man George Kaufman have canceled their wedding plans, New York Post columnist Earl Wilson reported yesterday. "The marriage is off," he quoted a "close friend" as saying. The friend added, "For the time being." Wilson said "the news is a sheck to their jet set friends who were planning a series of Christmas parties." Miss Lollobrigida met the 41-year-old Kaufman in New York in October. They were to have been married Dec. 18. They announced the wedding on Nov. 12. Wilson said the friend told him "they now believe they were rushing into it too fast. Basically, it was a problem of geography." The friend, who was not identified, said Kaufman was a man with most of his business interests in the United States while Miss Lollobrigida had constant commitments in Europe. He said the Italian star was now starting a movie in Switzerland and "how can she take a week off at the very start of the film to get married and go on a honeymoon? "They mutually agreed to call it off."

* * *

Two growers in Cape Town, South Africa, have applied for an international patent on a new blood-red rose they have nnamed after heart transplant pioneer Christian Barnard.

* * *

Manuel Roc de Morais of Rio de Janeiro is a great collector of stamps. Trouble is he also is—or, was—a mailman. A post office spokesman said some 30,000 letters found at his home will be forwarded—without their stamps.

* * *

To bypass the overloaded telephone system in Johannesburg, South Africa, air conditioner Max Lees equips his roving salesgirls with baskets of homing pigeons as well as order books. He figures it takes an average six minutes to wing an order to the home office. The government's telephone depart-



Gina Lollobrigi



George Kaufm

ment was phoned thre for comment, but the were busy.

* * *

Rosa Kemp, the BBC gave the British their news on radio, has go home to Australia. Sh stand the weather. "E glish climate might be i ing for meteorologists," 26-year-old blonde, "bu bit restricting."

Annenberg Buys Painti Of Monty by Eisenhowe

LONDON, Nov. 26 (AP).—A 17-year-old painting by the late President Dwight D. Eisenhower was auctioned off today for £2,800 ($6,720) to U.S. Ambassador Walter H. Annenberg.

The painting was a portrait in oils of Field Marshal Viscount Montgomery, 82, Gen. Eisenhower's comrade-in-arms in World War II. Lord Montgomery put the painting up for sale at Sotheby's auction house because he said he thought it belonged in the United States.

The portrait was one of two celebrity paintings sold by Lord Montgomery today. A French landscape by Sir Winston Churchill went to the Winston Churchill Society of Canada for £3,500 ($8,400).

"I sat for Ike while I was his deputy [as supreme allied commander] in Paris," said Lord Montgomery. "He finished it the day he left to run for president." The field said he wore only the A Legion of Merit on his for the sitting "beca complained he couldn all those ribbons."

Ambassador Annenb noted art collector, sen bid and did not att auction in person.

The auction also set record for the highes ever paid for the wor living English artist, S said. A painting of a r by Alfred Munnings was a London dealer for ($60,000).

Actress Found D

MUNICH, Nov. 26 West German stage a actress Gabi Reismuel was found dead in her ment Tuesday of an ove sleeping pills, police sa terday.

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